



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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<b>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/30909</b> <b>(22) International Filing Date: 23 December 1999 (23.12.99)</b>  <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> 09/221,298                      23 December 1998 (23.12.98)      US 09/347,496                      2 July 1999 (02.07.99)              US 09/401,064                      22 September 1999 (22.09.99)      US 09/444,242                      19 November 1999 (19.11.99)      US 09/454,150                      2 December 1999 (02.12.99)      US  <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).  <b>(72) Inventors; and</b> <b>(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):</b> XU, Jiangchun [US/US]; 15805 SE 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). LODES, Michael, J. [US/US]; 9223 - 36th Avenue SW, Seattle, WA 98126 (US). SECRIST, Heather [US/US]; 3844 - 35th Avenue West, Seattle, WA 98199 (US). BENSON, Darin, R. [US/US]; 723 N. 48th Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). MEAGHER, Madeleine, Joy [US/US]; 3819 Interlake Avenue N., Seattle, WA 98103 (US). STOLK, John [US/US]; 7436 NE 144th Place, Bothell, WA 98011		(US). WANG, Tongtong [CN/US]; 8049 NE 28th Street, Medina, WA 98039 (US). YUQIU, Jiang [CN/US]; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US).  <b>(74) Agents:</b> MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, Suite 6300, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US).  <b>(81) Designated States:</b> AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RG, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).  <b>Published</b> <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
<b>(54) Title:</b> COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF COLON CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE  <b>(57) Abstract</b> <p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more colon tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a colon tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as colon cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a colon tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>		

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## COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF COLON CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

### TECHNICAL FIELD

5           The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a colon tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of colon cancer, and for the  
10   diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Cancer is a significant health problem throughout the world. Although advances have been made in detection and therapy of cancer, no vaccine or other universally successful method for prevention or treatment is currently available. Current therapies, which  
15   are generally based on a combination of chemotherapy or surgery and radiation, continue to prove inadequate in many patients.

Colon cancer is the second most frequently diagnosed malignancy in the United States as well as the second most common cause of cancer death. An estimated 95,600 new cases of colon cancer will be diagnosed in 1998, with an estimated 47,700 deaths.  
20   The five-year survival rate for patients with colorectal cancer detected in an early localized stage is 92%; unfortunately, only 37% of colorectal cancer is diagnosed at this stage. The survival rate drops to 64% if the cancer is allowed to spread to adjacent organs or lymph nodes, and to 7% in patients with distant metastases.

The prognosis of colon cancer is directly related to the degree of penetration of  
25   the tumor through the bowel wall and the presence or absence of nodal involvement, consequently, early detection and treatment are especially important. Currently, diagnosis is aided by the use of screening assays for fecal occult blood, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy and double contrast barium enemas. Treatment regimens are determined by the type and stage of the cancer, and include surgery, radiation therapy and/or chemotherapy. Recurrence  
30   following surgery (the most common form of therapy) is a major problem and is often the

ultimate cause of death. In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, colon cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat. In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, colon cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as colon cancer. In one aspect, the present invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a colon tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises a sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486; (b) variants of a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486; and (c) complements of a sequence of (a) or (b).

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a colon tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and an immunostimulant.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a colon tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.



Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

5           Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) an immunostimulant.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

10           Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with an  
15 immunostimulant.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for  
20 removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a colon tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of  
25 a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a colon tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a  
30 polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under

conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective  
5 amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a  
10 polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining  
15 the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred  
20 embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be colon cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding  
25 agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

30 The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a)

contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached figures. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

#### SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

SEQ ID NO: 1 is a first determined cDNA sequence for Contig 1, showing homology to Neutrophil Gelatinase Associated Lipocalin.

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 2, showing no significant homology to any known genes.

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 4, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

5       SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 5, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 9, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

10       SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 52, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 6, showing homology to Villin.

SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 8, showing no significant homology to any known genes.

15       SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 10, showing homology to Transforming Growth Factor (BIGH3).

SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 19, showing homology to Transforming Growth Factor (BIGH3).

20       SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 21, showing homology to Transforming Growth Factor (BIGH3).

SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 11, showing homology to CO-029.

SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 55, showing homology to CO-029.

25       SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 12, showing homology to Chromosome 17, clone hRPC.1171\_I\_10, also referred to as C798P.

SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 13, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30       SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 14, also referred to as 14261, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 15, showing homology to Ets-Related Transcription Factor (ERT).

SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 16, showing homology to Chromosome 5, PAC clone 228g9 (LBNL H142).

5        SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 24, showing homology to Chromosome 5, PAC clone 228g9 (LBNL H142).

SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 17, showing homology to Cytokeratin.

10        SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 18, showing homology to L1-Cadherin.

SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 20, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 22, showing homology to Bumetanide-sensitive Na-K-Cl cotransporter (NKCC1).

15        SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 23, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 25, showing homology to Macrophage Inflammatory Protein 3 alpha.

20        SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 26, showing homology to Laminin.

SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 48, showing homology to Laminin.

SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 27, showing homology to Myotubularin (MTM1).

25        SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 28, showing homology to Chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987SK-A-363E6.

SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 29, also referred to as C751P and 14247, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but partial homology to Rat GSK-3 $\beta$ -interacting protein Axil homolog.

30        SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 30, showing homology to Zinc Finger Transcription Factor (ZNF207).

SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 31, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but partial homology to Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog.

5 SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 35, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but partial homology to Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog.

SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 32, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10 SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 34, showing homology to Desmoglein 2.

SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 36, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 37, showing homology to Putative Transmembrane Protein.

15 SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 38, also referred to as C796P and 14219, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 40, showing homology to Nonspecific Cross-reacting Antigen.

20 SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 41, also referred to as C799P and 14308, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 42, also referred to as C794P and 14309, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 43, showing homology to Chromosome 1 specific transcript KIAA0487.

25 SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 45, showing homology to hMCM2.

SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 46, showing homology to ETS2.

30 SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 49, showing homology to Pump-1.

SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 50, also referred to as C792P and 18323, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 51, also referred to as C795P and 14317, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

5       SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11092, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11093, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10       SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11094, showing homology to Human Putative Enterocyte Differentiation Protein.

SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11095, showing homology to Human Transcriptional Corepressor hKAP1/TIF1B mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11096, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

15       SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11097, showing homology to Human Nonspecific Antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11098, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

20       SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11099, showing homology to Human Pancreatic Secretory Inhibitor (PST) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11186, showing homology to Human Pancreatic Secretory Inhibitor (PST) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11101, showing homology to Human Chromosome X.

25       SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11102, showing homology to Human Chromosome X.

SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11103, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30       SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11174, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11104, showing homology to Human mRNA for KIAA0154.

SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11105, showing homology to Human Apurinic/Apyrimidinic Endonuclease (hap1)mRNA.

5       SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11106, showing homology to Human Chromosome 12p13.

SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11107, showing homology to Human 90 kDa Heat Shock Protein.

10       SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11108, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11112, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11115, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

15       SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11117, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11118, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

20       SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11119, showing homology to Human Elongation Factor 1-alpha.

SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11121, showing homology to Human Lamin B Receptor (LBR) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11122, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Novel Glucocorticoid.

25       SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11123, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for snRNP protein B.

SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11124, showing homology to Human Cisplatin Resistance Associated Beta-protein.

30       SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11127, showing homology to M. musculus Calumenin mRNA.



SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11128, showing homology to Human ras-related small GTP binding protein.

SEQ ID NO: 77 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11130, showing homology to Human Cosmid U169d2.

5 SEQ ID NO: 78 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11131, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for protein homologous to Elongation 1-g.

SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11134, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10 SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11135, showing homology to H. sapiens Nieman-Pick (NPC1) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11137, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Niecin b-chain.

SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11138, showing homology to Human Endogenous Retroviral Protease mRNA.

15 SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11139, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for DMBT1 protein.

SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11140, showing homology to H. sapiens ras GTPase activating-like protein.

20 SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11143, showing homology to Human Acidic Ribosomal Phosphoprotein PO mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11144, showing homology to H. sapiens U21 mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11145, showing homology to Human GTP-binding protein.

25 SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11148, showing homology to H. sapiens U21 mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11151, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30 SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11154, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11156, showing homology to H. sapiens Ribosomal Protein L27.

SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11157, showing homology to H. sapiens Ribosomal Protein L27.

5 SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11158, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11162, showing homology to Ag-X antigen.

10 SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11164, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Signal Recognition Protein sub14.

SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11165, showing homology to Human PAC 204e5/127h14.

SEQ ID NO: 97 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11166, showing homology to Human mRNA for KIAA0108.

15 SEQ ID NO: 98 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11167, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Neutrophil Gelatinase asst. Lipocalin.

SEQ ID NO: 99 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11168, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

20 SEQ ID NO: 100 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11172, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 101 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11175, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 102 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11176, showing homology to Human maspin mRNA.

25 SEQ ID NO: 103 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11177, showing homology to Human Carcinoembryonic Antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11178, showing homology to Human A-Tubulin mRNA.

30 SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11179, showing homology to Human mRNA for proton-ATPase-like protein.

SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11180, showing homology to Human HepG2 3' region cDNA clone hmd.

SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11182, showing homology to Human MHC homologous to Chicken B-Complex Protein.

5        SEQ ID NO: 108 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11183, showing homology to Human High Mobility Group Box (SSRP1) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11184, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10        SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11185, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11187, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 112 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11190, showing homology to Human Replication Protein A 70kDa.

15        SEQ ID NO: 113 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 47, also referred to as C797P, showing homology to Human Chromosome X clone bWXD342.

SEQ ID NO: 114 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 7, showing homology to Equilibrative Nucleoside Transporter 2 (ent2).

20        SEQ ID NO: 115 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14235.1, also referred to as C791P, showing homology to H. sapiens chromosome 21 derived BAC containing ets-2 gene.

SEQ ID NO: 116 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14287.2, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but some degree of homology to Putative Transmembrane Protein.

25        SEQ ID NO: 117 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14233.1, also referred to as Contig 48, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 118 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14298.2, also referred to as C793P, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30        SEQ ID NO: 119 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14372, also referred to as Contig 44, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 120 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14295, showing homology to secreted cement gland protein XAG-2 homolog.

SEQ ID NO: 121 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Beta IG-H3.

5        SEQ ID NO: 122 is the predicted amino acid sequence for the clone of SEQ ID NO: 121.

SEQ ID NO: 123 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C751P.

SEQ ID NO: 124 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C791P.

SEQ ID NO: 125 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C792P.

10        SEQ ID NO: 126 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C793P.

SEQ ID NO: 127 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C794P.

SEQ ID NO: 128 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C795P.

SEQ ID NO: 129 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C796P.

SEQ ID NO: 130 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C797P.

15        SEQ ID NO: 131 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C798P.

SEQ ID NO: 132 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C799P.

SEQ ID NO: 133 is a first partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-3 (also known as 23569).

20        SEQ ID NO: 134 is a second partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-3 (also known as 23569).

SEQ ID NO: 135 is a first partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-13 (also known as 23579).

SEQ ID NO: 136 is a second partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-13 (also known as 23579).

25        SEQ ID NO: 137 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-17 (also known as 23583).

SEQ ID NO: 138 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-19 (also known as 23585).

30        SEQ ID NO: 139 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-22 (also known as 23714).

SEQ ID NO: 140 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-23 (also known as 23715).

SEQ ID NO: 141 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-26 (also known as 23717).

5 SEQ ID NO: 142 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-33 (also known as 23724).

SEQ ID NO: 143 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-34 (also known as 23725).

10 SEQ ID NO: 144 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-35 (also known as 23726).

SEQ ID NO: 145 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-37 (also known as 23728).

SEQ ID NO: 146 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-39 (also known as 23730).

15 SEQ ID NO: 147 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-42 (also known as 23766).

SEQ ID NO: 148 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-44 (also known as 23768).

20 SEQ ID NO: 149 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-47 (also known as 23771).

SEQ ID NO: 150 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-54 (also known as 23778).

SEQ ID NO: 151 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-55 (also known as 23779).

25 SEQ ID NO: 152 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT1 (also known as 24099).

SEQ ID NO: 153 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT2 (also known as 24100).

SEQ ID NO: 154 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT3 (also known as 24101).

SEQ ID NO: 155 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT6 (also known as 24104).

SEQ ID NO: 156 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT7 (also known as 24105).

30 SEQ ID NO: 157 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT12 (also known as 24110).

SEQ ID NO: 158 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT13 (also known as 24111).

SEQ ID NO: 159 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT14 (also known as 24112).  
SEQ ID NO: 160 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT15 (also known as 24113).  
SEQ ID NO: 161 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT17 (also known as 24115).  
SEQ ID NO: 162 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT18 (also known as 24116).  
5 SEQ ID NO: 163 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT22 (also known as 23848).  
SEQ ID NO: 164 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT24 (also known as 23849).  
SEQ ID NO: 165 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT31 (also known as 23854).  
SEQ ID NO: 166 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT34 (also known as 23856).  
SEQ ID NO: 167 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT37 (also known as 23859).  
10 SEQ ID NO: 168 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT39 (also known as 23860).  
SEQ ID NO: 169 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT40 (also known as 23861).  
SEQ ID NO: 170 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT51 (also known as 24130).  
SEQ ID NO: 171 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT53 (also known as 24132).  
SEQ ID NO: 172 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT63 (also known as 24595).  
15 SEQ ID NO: 173 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT88 (also known as 24608).  
SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT92 (also known as 24800).  
SEQ ID NO: 175 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT94 (also known as 24802).  
SEQ ID NO: 176 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT102 (also known as  
24805).  
20 SEQ ID NO: 177 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT103 (also known as  
24806).  
SEQ ID NO: 178 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT111 (also known as  
25520).  
SEQ ID NO: 179 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT118 (also known as  
25 25522).  
SEQ ID NO: 180 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT121 (also known as  
25523).  
SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT126 (also known as  
25527).  
30 SEQ ID NO: 182 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT135 (also known as  
25534).

SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT140 (also known as 25537).

SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT145 (also known as 25542).

5 SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT147 (also known as 25543).

SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT148 (also known as 25544).

10 SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT502 (also known as 26420).

SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT507 (also known as 26425).

SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT521 (also known as 27366).

15 SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT544 (also known as 27375).

SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT577 (also known as 27385).

20 SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT580 (also known as 27387).

SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT594 (also known as 27540).

SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT606 (also known as 27547).

25 SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT607 (also known as 27548).

SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT599 (also known as 27903).

30 SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT632 (also known as 27922).

SEQ ID NO: 198 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT502 (SEQ ID NO: 187).

SEQ ID NO: 199 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT507 (SEQ ID NO: 188).  
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT521 (SEQ ID NO: 189).  
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT544 (SEQ ID NO: 190).  
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT606 (SEQ ID NO: 194).  
5 SEQ ID NO: 203 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT607 (SEQ ID NO: 195).  
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT632 (SEQ ID NO: 197).  
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25244.  
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25245.  
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25246.  
10 SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25248.  
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25249.  
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25250.  
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25251.  
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25252.  
15 SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25253.  
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25254.  
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25255.  
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25256.  
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25257.  
20 SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25259.  
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25260.  
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25261.  
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25262.  
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25263.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25264.  
SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25265.  
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25266.  
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25267.  
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25268.  
30 SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25269.  
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25271.



SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25272.  
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25273.  
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25274.  
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25275.  
5 SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25276.  
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25277.  
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25278.  
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15 SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25287.  
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SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25289.  
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20 SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25292.  
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SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25295.  
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25296.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25297.  
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25418.  
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25419.  
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25420.  
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25421.  
30 SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25422.  
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25423.

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25424.  
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25426.  
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25427.  
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5 SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25429.  
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SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25433.  
10 SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25434.  
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25435.  
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25436.  
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25437.  
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25438.  
15 SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25439.  
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20 SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25444.  
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25445.  
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25446.  
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25447.  
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25448.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25844.  
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SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25846.  
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30 SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25850.  
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SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25860.  
10 SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25861.  
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SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25863.  
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25864.  
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25865.  
15 SEQ ID NO: 306 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25866.  
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25867.  
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25868.  
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25869.  
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25870.  
20 SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25871.  
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SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25873.  
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25875.  
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25876.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 316 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25877.  
SEQ ID NO: 317 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25878.  
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SEQ ID NO: 320 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25881.  
30 SEQ ID NO: 321 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25882.  
SEQ ID NO: 322 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25883.

SEQ ID NO: 323 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25884.  
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5 SEQ ID NO: 327 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25888.  
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SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25892.  
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10 SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25895.  
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25896.  
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25897.  
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25899.  
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25900.  
15 SEQ ID NO: 337 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25901.  
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25902.  
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25903.  
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25904.  
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25906.  
20 SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25907.  
SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25908.  
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25 SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25912.  
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SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25914.  
SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25915.  
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30 SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25917.  
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25 SEQ ID NO: 378 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31952.  
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SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31964.  
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30 SEQ ID NO: 383 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31980.  
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10 SEQ ID NO: 394 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31986.  
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SEQ ID NO: 398 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32028.  
15 SEQ ID NO: 399 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32012.  
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SEQ ID NO: 401 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32027.  
SEQ ID NO: 402 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31957.  
SEQ ID NO: 403 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31950.  
20 SEQ ID NO: 404 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32011.  
SEQ ID NO: 405 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32022.  
SEQ ID NO: 406 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32014.  
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SEQ ID NO: 408 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31989.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 409 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32015.  
SEQ ID NO: 410 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32002.  
SEQ ID NO: 411 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31939.  
SEQ ID NO: 412 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32003.  
SEQ ID NO: 413 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31936.  
30 SEQ ID NO: 414 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32007.  
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SEQ ID NO: 416 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31935.  
SEQ ID NO: 417 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32008.  
SEQ ID NO: 418 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31966.  
SEQ ID NO: 419 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32020.  
5 SEQ ID NO: 420 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31971.  
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SEQ ID NO: 422 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31985.  
SEQ ID NO: 423 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32023.  
SEQ ID NO: 424 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31981.  
10 SEQ ID NO: 425 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32006.  
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SEQ ID NO: 427 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31995.  
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15 SEQ ID NO: 430 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31946.  
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SEQ ID NO: 432 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31941.  
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SEQ ID NO: 434 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31996.  
20 SEQ ID NO: 435 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32010.  
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SEQ ID NO: 437 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31983.  
SEQ ID NO: 438 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31999.  
SEQ ID NO: 439 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31949.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 440 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31947.  
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SEQ ID NO: 442 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31958.  
SEQ ID NO: 443 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31975.  
SEQ ID NO: 444 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31984.  
30 SEQ ID NO: 445 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32024.  
SEQ ID NO: 446 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31972.

SEQ ID NO: 447 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31943.  
SEQ ID NO: 448 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32018.  
SEQ ID NO: 449 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32026.  
SEQ ID NO: 450 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32009.  
5 SEQ ID NO: 451 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32019.  
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SEQ ID NO: 453 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31967.  
SEQ ID NO: 454 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31968.  
SEQ ID NO: 455 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31955.  
10 SEQ ID NO: 456 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31951.  
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SEQ ID NO: 458 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31962.  
SEQ ID NO: 459 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32001.  
SEQ ID NO: 460 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31953.  
15 SEQ ID NO: 461 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31944.  
SEQ ID NO: 462 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31825.  
SEQ ID NO: 463 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31828.  
SEQ ID NO: 464 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31830.  
SEQ ID NO: 465 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31841.  
20 SEQ ID NO: 466 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31847.  
SEQ ID NO: 467 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31850.  
SEQ ID NO: 468 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31852.  
SEQ ID NO: 469 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31855.  
SEQ ID NO: 470 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31858.  
25 SEQ ID NO: 471 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31861.  
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SEQ ID NO: 473 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31870.  
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SEQ ID NO: 475 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31873.  
30 SEQ ID NO: 476 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31877.  
SEQ ID NO: 477 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31878.



SEQ ID NO: 478 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31885.

SEQ ID NO: 479 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31888.

SEQ ID NO: 480 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31890.

SEQ ID NO: 481 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31893.

5 SEQ ID NO: 482 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31898.

SEQ ID NO: 483 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31901.

SEQ ID NO: 484 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31909.

SEQ ID NO: 485 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31910.

SEQ ID NO: 486 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31914.

10

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer. The compositions described herein may include colon tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such

15 polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a colon tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "colon tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in colon tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in

20 a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain colon tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with colon cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence.

25 Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human colon tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding specific tumor proteins are provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486.

5 COLON TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode  
10 a portion of a colon tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain  
15 introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous  
20 sequence that encodes a colon tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein.  
25 Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native colon tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for  
30 maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and

compare local regions of sequence similarity. A “comparison window” as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

5           Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) Atlas of  
10 Protein Sequence and Structure, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M.  
15 (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

          Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing  
20 two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (i.e. gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequence (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is  
25 calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (i.e. the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

30           Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of

hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native colon tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C  
5 for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to  
10 differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles  
15 may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least two  
20 fold greater in a colon tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA  
25 prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as colon tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable  
30 library (*e.g.*, a colon tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide

probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

5               For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with  $^{32}\text{P}$ ) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring  
10   Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using  
15   standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

              Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full  
20   length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about  
25   68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

              One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and  
30   used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by

amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic. 1*:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids Res. 19*:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (e.g., NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding portions of colon tumor proteins are provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486. These polynucleotides were isolated from colon tumor cDNA libraries using conventional and/or PCR-based subtraction techniques, as described below.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (see Adelman et al., *DNA 2*:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a colon tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting

antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a colon tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (*e.g.*, promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In

general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to  
5 permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated  
10 virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target  
15 specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A  
20 preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

#### COLON TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

25 Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "colon tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by colon tumor cells. Proteins that are colon tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with colon cancer. Polypeptides as described  
30 herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from the native protein and/or



heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a colon tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native colon tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, <sup>125</sup>I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native colon tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native colon tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such

that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein. Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein.

Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain non-conservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A

fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing  
5 fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant  
10 protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that  
15 the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into  
20 the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred  
25 peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1  
30 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and

second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see, for example, Stoute et al. New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid

proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology 10:795-798, 1992*). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

5 In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95%  
10 pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

#### BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-  
15 binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a colon tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a colon tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a colon tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules  
20 such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about  $10^3$   
25 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as colon cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a colon tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the  
30 disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies

this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, sputum, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example,

from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a  
5 nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide.  
10 Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or  
15 the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of  
20 antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity  
25 chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include  $^{90}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{123}\text{I}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{186}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{188}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{211}\text{At}$ , and  $^{212}\text{Bi}$ . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and  
30 purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid.



Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction  
5 between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

10 Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate  
15 the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl  
20 groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable  
25 linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S.  
30 Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

#### T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a colon tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the ISOLEX™ system, available from

Nexell Therapeutics Inc., Irvine, CA . Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

5 T cells may be stimulated with a colon tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a colon tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

10 T cells are considered to be specific for a colon tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (e.g., by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a colon tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (e.g., TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (see Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience (Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a colon tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup>. Colon tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

30 For therapeutic purposes, CD4<sup>+</sup> or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells that proliferate in response to a colon tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro*

or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a colon tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a colon tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a colon tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

#### PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and an immunostimulant. An immunostimulant may be any substance that enhances or potentiates an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of immunostimulants include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998, and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the

necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the

5 DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112,

10 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993.

15 Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

20 While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration.

25 For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be

30 employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and

5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (*e.g.*, neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (*e.g.*, glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide) and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of immunostimulants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IFN- $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6 and IL-10) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT) (see US Patent Nos. 5 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a 10 monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is 15 described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule, sponge or gel (composed of 20 polysaccharides, for example) that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within 25 a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be 30 treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical

compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*), their ability to take up, process and present antigens with high efficiency, and their ability to activate naïve T cell responses. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF $\alpha$  to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF $\alpha$ , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce differentiation, maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.



Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fcγ receptor and mannose receptor. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80, CD86 and 4-1BB).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the colon tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the colon tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

#### CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as colon cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or

may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may  
5 be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as  
10 polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells  
15 include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8<sup>+</sup> cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4<sup>+</sup> T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and  
20 transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding  
25 single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient  
30 number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast and/or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive

polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see*, for example, Cheever et al., *Immunological Reviews* 157:177, 1997).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 25  $\mu$ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient,

but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a colon tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

#### METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more colon tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, sputum, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as colon cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a colon tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See, e.g.*, Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of

the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length colon tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10  $\mu$ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with colon cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

5           The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting  
10   the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the  
15   addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as colon cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred  
20   embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to  
25   the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value  
30   that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered

positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

5           In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent  
10 flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of  
15 immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to  
20 generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 $\mu$ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

25           Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use colon-tumor polypeptides to detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such  
30 colon tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.



A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a colon tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a colon tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with one or more representative polypeptides (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of colon tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a colon tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a colon tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the colon tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will

hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (see, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may

also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple colon tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for  
5 different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

10

#### DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or  
15 equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a colon tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above  
20 that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a colon tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a  
25 PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

## EXAMPLES

5

## Example 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COLON TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY  
PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION AND MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

A cDNA library was constructed in the PCR2.1 vector (Invitrogen, Carlsbad,  
10 CA) by subtracting a pool of three colon tumors with a pool of normal colon, spleen, brain,  
liver, kidney, lung, stomach and small intestine using PCR subtraction methodologies  
(Clontech, Palo Alto, CA). The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol,  
which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver  
double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize  
15 six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in  
an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from  
digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the  
subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and  
the driver library remained without adapters.

20 The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA.  
In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester  
cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester  
cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs, and  
(d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then  
25 combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following  
this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was  
generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second  
adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially  
expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-  
30 specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using  
adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not

hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are over-expressed in colon tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

To characterize the complexity and redundancy of the subtracted library, 96 clones were randomly picked and 65 were sequenced, as previously described. These sequences were further characterized by comparison with the most recent Genbank database (April, 1998) to determine their degree of novelty. No significant homologies were found to 21 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as 11092, 11093, 11096, 11098, 11103, 11174, 11108, 11112, 11115, 11117, 11118, 11134, 11151, 11154, 11158, 11168, 11172, 11175, 11184, 11185 and 11187. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 48, 49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101 and 109-111, respectively.

Two-thousand clones from the above mentioned cDNA subtraction library were randomly picked and submitted to a round of PCR amplification. Briefly, 0.5  $\mu$ l of glycerol stock solution was added to 99.5  $\mu$ l of pcr MIX (80  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O, 10  $\mu$ l 10X PCR Buffer, 6  $\mu$ l 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1  $\mu$ l 10 mM dNTPs, 1  $\mu$ l 100 mM M13 forward primer (CACGACGTTGTAAAACGACGG), 1  $\mu$ l 100 mM M13 reverse primer (CACAGGAAACAGCTATGACC)), and 0.5  $\mu$ l 5 u/ml Taq polymerase (primers provided by (Operon Technologies, Alameda, CA). The PCR amplification was run for thirty cycles under the following conditions: 95°C for 5 min., 92°C for 30 sec., 57°C for 40 sec., 75°C for 2 min. and 75°C for 5 minutes.

mRNA expression levels for representative clones were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) in colon tumor tissues (n=25), normal colon tissues (n=6), kidney, lung, liver, brain, heart, esophagus, small intestine, stomach, pancreas, adrenal gland, salivary gland, resting PBMC, activated PBMC, bone marrow, dendritic cells, spinal cord, blood vessels, skeletal muscle, skin, breast and fetal tissues. The number of tissue samples tested in each case was one (n=1), except where specifically noted above; additionally, all the above-mentioned tissues were derived from humans. The PCR

amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated by reverse transcription according to the protocol provided by Synteni. The microarrays were probed with the labeled  
5 cDNA probes, the slides scanned, and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity.

One hundred and forty nine clones showed two or more fold over-expression in the colon tumor probe group as compared to the normal tissue probe group. These cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied  
10 Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A and/or Model 377 (Foster City, CA). These sequences were compared to known sequences in the most recent GenBank database. No significant homologies to human gene sequences were found in forty nine of these clones, represented by the following sixteen cDNA consensus sequences: SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46 and 47, hereinafter referred to as Contig 2, 8,  
15 13, 14, 20, 23, 29, 31, 35, 32, 36, 38, 41, 42, 50 and 51, respectively). Contig 29 (SEQ ID NO: 30) was found to be a Rat GSK-3- $\beta$ -interacting protein Axil homolog. Also, Contigs 31 and 35 (SEQ ID NO: 32 and 33, respectively) were found to be a Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog. The determined cDNA sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-7, 9-14, 17-21, 23, 25-29, 31, 35, 37, 39, 42-45, 50, 51, 53, 55-58, 61-64, 70-78, 80-88, 91, 92, 94-98, 102-108 and 112  
20 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes sequences.

Microarray analysis demonstrated Contig 2 (SEQ ID NO: 2) showed over-expression in 34% of colon tumors tested, as well as increased expression in normal pancreatic tissue, with no over-expression in normal colon tissues. Upon further analysis, Contigs 2, 8 and 23 were found to share homology to the known gene GW112. Contigs 4, 5,  
25 9 and 52 showed homology to carcinoembryonic antigen (SEQ ID NO: 3, 4, 5 and 6, respectively). A representative sampling of these fragments showed over-expression in 85% of colon tumors, with over-expression in normal bone marrow and 3/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 6 (SEQ ID NO: 7), showing homology to the known gene sequence for villin, and was over-expressed in about half of all colon tumors tested, with a limited degree of low level  
30 over-expression in normal colon. Contig 12 (SEQ ID NO: 14), showing homology to Chromosome 17, clone hRPC.1171\_I\_10, also referred to as C798P, was over-expressed in

approximately 70% of colon tumors tested, with low over-expression in 1/6 normal colon samples. Contig 14, also referred to as 14261 (SEQ ID NO: 16), showing no significant homology to any known gene, showed over-expression in 44% of colon tumors tested, with low level expression in half of normal colon tissues, as well as small intestine and pancreatic tissue. Contig 18 (SEQ ID NO: 21), showing homology to the known gene for L1-cadherin, showed over-expression in approximately half of colon tumors and low level over-expression in 3/6 normal colon tissues tested. Contig 22 (SEQ ID NO: 23), showing homology to Bumetanide-sensitive Na-K-Cl cotransporter was over-expressed in 70% of colon tumors and no over-expression in all normal tissues tested. Contig 25 (SEQ ID NO: 25), showing homology to macrophage inflammatory protein-3 $\alpha$ , was over-expressed in over 40% of colon tumors and in activated PBMC. Contigs 26 and 48 (SEQ ID NOS: 25 and 26), showing homology to the sequence for laminin, was over-expressed in 48% of colon tumors and with low over-expression in stomach tissue. Contig 28 (SEQ ID NO: 29), showing homology to the known gene sequence for Chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987SK-A-363E6, was over-expressed in 33% of colon tumors tested with normal stomach and 2/6 normal colon tissues showing low level over-expression. Contigs 29, 31 and 35 (SEQ ID NOS: 30, 32 and 33, respectively), also referred to as C751P, an unknown sequence showing limited and partial homology to Rat GSK-3 $\beta$ -interacting protein Axil homolog and Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog, was over-expressed in 74% of colon tumors and no over-expression in all normal tissues tested. Contig 34 (SEQ ID NO: 35), showing homology to the known sequence for desmoglein 2, was over-expressed in 56% of colon tumors and showed low level over-expression in 1/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 36 (SEQ ID NO: 36), an unknown sequence also referred to as C793P, showed over-expression in 30% of colon tumor tissues tested. Contig 37 and 14287.2 (SEQ ID NOS: 37 and 116), an unknown sequence, but with limited (89%) homology to the known sequence for putative transmembrane protein was over-expressed in 70% of colon tumors, as well as in normal lung tissue and 3/6 normal colon tissues tested. Contig 38, also referred to as C796P and 14219 (SEQ ID NO: 38), showing no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 38% in colon tumors and no elevated over-expression in any normal tissues. Contig 41 (SEQ ID NO: 40), also referred to as C799P and 14308, an unknown sequence showing no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 22% of colon tumors. Contig 42, (SEQ ID NO: 41), also

referred to as C794P and 14309, an unknown sequence with no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 63% of colon tumors tested, as well as in 3/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 43 (SEQ ID NO: 42), showing homology to the known sequence for Chromosome 1 specific transcript KIAA0487 was over-expressed in 85% of colon tumors tested and in normal lung and 4/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 49 (SEQ ID NO: 45), showing homology to the known sequence for pump-1, was over-expressed in 44% of colon tumors and no over-expression in all normal tissues tested. Contig 50 (SEQ ID NO: 46), also referred to as C792P and 18323, showing no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 33% of colon tumors with no detectable over-expression in any normal tissues tested. Contig 51 (SEQ ID NO: 47), also referred to as C795P and 14317 was over-expressed in 11% of colon tumors.

Additional microarray analysis yielded seven clones showing two or more fold over-expression in the colon tumor probe group as compared to the normal tissue probe group. Three of these clones demonstrated particularly good colon tumor specificity, and are represented by SEQ ID NO: 115, 116 and 120. Specifically, SEQ ID NO: 115, referred to as C791P or 14235, which shows homology to the known gene sequence for H. sapiens chromosome 21 derived BAC containing ets-2 gene, was over-expressed in 89% of colon tumors tested and in 5/6 normal colon tissues, as well as over-expressed at low levels in normal lung and activated PBMC. Microarray analysis for SEQ ID NO: 116 is discussed above. SEQ ID NO: 120, referred to as 14295, showing homology to the known gene sequence for secreted cement gland protein XAG-2 homolog, was over-expressed in 70% of colon tumors and in 5/6 normal colon tissues, as well as low level over-expression in normal small intestine, stomach and lung. All clones showing over-expression in colon tumor were sequenced and these sequences compared to the most recent Genbank database (February 12, 1999). Of the seven clones, three contained sequences that did not share significant homology to any known gene sequences, represented by SEQ ID NO: 116, 117 and 119. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in colon. The determined cDNA sequences of the remaining clones (SEQ ID NO: 113-115 and 120) were found to show some homology to previously identified genes.

Further analysis identified a clone which was recovered several times by PCR subtraction and by expression screening using a mouse anti-scld antiserum. The determined



full length cDNA sequence for this clone is provided in SEQ ID NO: 121, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 122. This clone is homologous with the known gene Beta IG-H3, as disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,444,164. Microarray analysis demonstrated this clone to be over-expressed in 75 to 80% of colon tumors tested (n=27), with no over-expression in normal colon samples (n=6), but with some low level over-expression in other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis of the PCR-subtraction library described above led to the isolation of longer cDNA sequences for the clones of SEQ ID NO: 30, 115, 46, 118, 41, 47, 38, 113, 14 and 40 (known as C751P, C791P, C792P, C793P, C794P, C795P, C796P, C797P, C798P and C799P, respectively). These determined cDNA sequences are provided in SEQ ID NO: 123-132, respectively.

Using PCR subtraction methodology described above with minor modifications, transcripts from a pool of three moderately differentiated colon adenocarcinoma samples were subtracted with a set of transcripts from normal brain, pancreas, bone marrow, liver, heart, lung, stomach and small intestine. Modifications of the above protocol were included at the cDNA digestion steps and in the tester to drive hybridization ratios. In a first subtraction, the restriction enzymes PvuII, DraI, MscI and StuI were used to digest cDNAs, and the tester to driver ratio was 1:40, as suggested by Clontech. In a second subtraction, DraI, MscI and StuI were used for cDNA digestion and a tester to driver ratio of 1:76 was used. Following the PCR amplification steps, the cDNAs were clones into pCR2.1 plasmid vector. The determined cDNA sequences of 167 isolated clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 205-371. These sequences were compared to sequences in the public databases as described above. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369 and 371 were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. The remaining sequences were found to show some homology to previously identified genes.

Using the PCR subtraction technology described above, a cDNA library from a pool of primary colon tumors was subtracted with a cDNA library prepared from normal tissues, including brain, bone marrow, kidney, heart, lung, liver, pancreas, small intestine,

stomach and trachea. The determined cDNA sequences for 90 clones isolated in this subtraction are provided in SEQ ID NO: 372-461. Comparison of these sequences with those in the public databases as described above, revealed no homologies to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 426, 445 and 453. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 372-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455 and 457-461 showed some homology to previously identified genes, while the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 379, 405, 407, 408, 418, 424, 430-432, 437, 442, 444, 452 and 456 showed some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

## Example 2

### ISOLATION OF TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES USING SCID-PASSAGED TUMOR RNA

Human colon tumor antigens were obtained using SCID mouse passaged colon tumor RNA as follows. Human colon tumor was implanted in SCID mice and harvested, as described in Patent Application Serial No. 08/556,659 filed 11/13/95, U.S. Patent No. 5,986,170 . First strand cDNA was synthesized from poly A+ RNA from three SCID mouse-passaged colon tumors using a Lambda ZAP Express cDNA synthesis kit (Stratagene). The reactions were pooled and digested with RNase A, T1 and H to cleave the RNA and then treated with NaOH to degrade the RNA. The resulting cDNA was annealed with biotinylated (Vector Labs, Inc., Burlingame, CA) cDNA from a normal resting PBMC plasmid library (constructed from Superscript plasmid System, Gibco BRL), and subtracted with streptavidin by phenol/chloroform extraction. Second strand cDNA was synthesized from the subtracted first strand cDNA and digested with S1 nuclease (Gibco BRL). The cDNA was blunted with Pfu polymerase and EcoRI adaptors (Stratagene) were ligated to the ends. The cDNA was phosphorylated with T4 polynucleotide kinase, digested with restriction endonuclease XhoI, and size selected with Sephacryl S-400 (Sigma). Fractions were pooled, ligated to Lambda ZAP Express arms (Stratagene) and packaged with Gigapack Gold III extract (Stratagene). Random plaques were picked, phagemid was excised, transformed into XL0LR cells (Stratagene) and resulting plasmid DNA (Qiagen Inc., Valencia, CA) was sequenced as described above. The determined cDNA sequences for 17

clones isolated as described above are provided in SEQ ID NO: 133-151, wherein 133 and 134 represent partial sequences of a clone referred to as CoSub-3 and SEQ ID NO: 135 and 136 represent partial sequences of a clone referred to as CoSub-13. These sequences were compared with those in the public databases as described above. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 139 and 149 showed no significant homologies to any previously identified sequences. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 148 and 149 showed some homology to previously isolated expressed sequence tags (ESTs). The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 133-137, 144-147, 150 and 151 showed some homology to previously isolated gene sequences.

### Example 3

#### USE OF MOUSE ANTISERA TO IDENTIFY DNA SEQUENCES ENCODING COLON TUMOR ANTIGENS

This example illustrates the isolation of cDNA sequences encoding colon tumor antigens by screening of colon tumor cDNA libraries with mouse anti-tumor sera.

A cDNA expression library was prepared from SCID mouse-passaged human colon tumor poly A+ RNA using a Stratagene (La Jolla, CA) Lambda ZAP Express kit, following the manufacturer's instructions. Sera was obtained from the colon tumor-bearing SCID mouse. This serum was injected into normal mice to produce anti-colon tumor serum. Approximately 600,000 PFUs were screened from the unamplified library using this antiserum. Using a goat anti-mouse IgG-A-M (H+L) alkaline phosphatase second antibody developed with NBT/BCIP (BRL Labs.), positive plaques were identified. Phage was purified and phagemid excised for several clones with inserts in a pBK-CMV vector for expression in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells.

The determined cDNA sequences for 46 of the isolated clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 152-197. The predicted amino acid sequences for the cDNA sequences of SEQ ID NO: 187, 188, 189, 190, 194, 195 and 197 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 198-204, respectively. The determined cDNA sequences were compared with those in the public database as described above. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 156, 168, 184, 189, 192 and 196 showed some homology to previously isolated ESTs. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 152-

155, 157-167, 169-182, 183, 185-188, 190, 194, 195 and 197 showed some homology to previously identified genes.

#### Example 4

#### 5 ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COLON TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY CONVENTIONAL SUBTRACTION

Two cDNA libraries were constructed and used to create a subtracted cDNA library as follows.

10 Using the GibcoBRL Superscript Plasmid System with minor modifications, two cDNA libraries were created. The first library, referred to as CTCL, was prepared from a pool of mRNA samples from three colon adenocarcinoma tissue samples. Two of the samples were described as Duke's stage C and one as Duke's stage B. All three samples were grade III in histological status. A second library (referred to as DriverLibpcDNA3.1+)  
15 was prepared from a pool of normal tissues, namely liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, resting PBMC, stomach and brain. Both libraries were prepared using the manufacturer's instructions with the following modifications: an EcoRI-NotI 5' cDNA adapter was used instead of the provided reagent; the vector pCDNA3.1(+) (Invitrogen) was substituted for the pSPORT vector; and the ligated DNA molecules were transformed into ElectroMaxDH10B  
20 electrocompetent cells. Clones from the libraries were analyzed by restriction digest and sequencing to determine average insert size, quality of the library and complexity of the library. DNA was prepared from each library and digested.

The driver DNA was biotinylated and hybridized with the colon library tester DNA at a ratio of 10:1. After two rounds of hybridizations, streptavidin incubations and  
25 extractions, the remaining colon cDNAs were size-selected by column chromatography and cloned into the pCMV-Script vector from Stratagene. Clones from this subtracted library (referred to as CTCL-S1) were characterized as described above for the unsubtracted libraries.

The determined cDNA sequences for 18 clones isolated from the CTCL-S1 library are provided in SEQ ID NO: 462-479. Comparison of these sequences with those in  
30 the public databases, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to the sequences

of SEQ ID NO: 476, 477 and 479. The remaining sequences showed some homology to previously identified genes.

In further studies, a cDNA library was prepared from a pool of mRNA from three metastatic colon adenocarcinomas derived from liver tissue samples. All samples were described as Duke's stage D. Conventional subtraction was performed as described above, using the DriverLibpcDNA3.1+ library described above as the driver. The resulting subtracted library (referred to as CMCL-S1) was characterized by isolating a set of clones for restriction analysis and sequencing.

The determined cDNA sequences for 7 clones isolated from the CMCL-S1 library are provided in SEQ ID NO: 480-486. Comparison of these sequences with those in the public databases revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 483. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 480-482 and 484-486 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes.

#### Example 5

#### SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

From the foregoing it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

## CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483;

(b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) a complement of a sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168,

170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 5 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 122 and 198-204.

10 4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a colon tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of 15 SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 20 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein, or a variant 25 thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 30 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303,



310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5                   6.     An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279,  
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                  7.     An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes to a  
15 sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320,  
20 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 under moderately stringent conditions.

                  8.     An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide  
25 according to any one of claims 4-7.

                  9.     An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims claim 4-8.

30                   10.    A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a colon tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

12. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

13. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

14. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

15. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

16. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 12.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a physiologically acceptable carrier and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- 5 (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;  
(b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;  
(c) an antibody according to claim 11;  
(d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and  
(e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.

18. A vaccine comprising an immunostimulant and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- 10 (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;  
(b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;  
(c) an antibody according to claim 11;  
(d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and  
(e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.

15 19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

20 20. A vaccine according to any claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 17.

25 22. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 20.

30 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with an immunostimulant.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method according to claim 29, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

31. A method according to any one of claims 21, 22 and 29, wherein the cancer is colon cancer.

32. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-

197 and 205-486; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the antigen from the sample.

5

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

34. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

35. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a colon tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
- (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii), under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

36. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 35.

37. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 36.

30

38. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient,

comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- 5 (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or
- 10 (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

15 39. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- 20 (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
- (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or
- 25 (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

(b) cloning at least one proliferated cell to provide cloned T cells; and

(c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30

40. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a

patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

5 (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

10 (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

41. A method according to claim 40, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

15

42. A method according to claim 43, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

43. A method according to claim 40, wherein the cancer is colon cancer.

20

44. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

25 (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

30 (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

45. A method according to claim 44, wherein the binding agent is an  
5 antibody.

46. A method according to claim 45, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

10 47. A method according to claim 44, wherein the cancer is a colon cancer.

48. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an  
15 oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes  
20 to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

25 49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

50. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

30

51. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient,



comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;
- (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

52. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

53. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

54. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 11; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

55. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

56. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

57. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the reporter group is selected

from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

58. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 contiguous nucleotides that  
5 hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon  
tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded  
by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-  
34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119,  
123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-  
10 212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254,  
256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303,  
310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378,  
380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455,  
457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

15

59. A oligonucleotide according to claim 58, wherein the oligonucleotide  
comprises 10-40 contiguous nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22,  
24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111,  
116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205,  
20 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250,  
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378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454,  
455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483.

25

60. A diagnostic kit, comprising:  
(a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 59; and  
(b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or  
hybridization assay.

## SEQUENCE LISTING

&lt;110&gt; Corixa Corporation

<120> COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND  
DIAGNOSIS OF COLON CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

&lt;130&gt; 210121.471PC

&lt;140&gt; PCT

&lt;141&gt; 1999-12-23

&lt;160&gt; 486

&lt;170&gt; FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

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&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 3

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&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

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gkktcwgct	gcwgtgrgtt	amcakcmwtr	ywtagksgsm	ayatrattta	ramrgtayak	240
cymtctcmct	cytycmccay	wtgwcaass	mkcacacctc	ggccgcgacc	acgctaagcc	300
cgaattccag	cacactggcg	gccgttacta	gt			332

&lt;210&gt; 7

&lt;211&gt; 401

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 7

tggtgttgtt	ggcgccagtt	ccctggacct	ggaacagccg	tgtggagggc	ccggtctcca	60
agttgttagt	tcgggaggtg	cctccctggt	agaccaccat	gcgtcccttg	aagatggaca	120
taagatgagg	tggtctcttg	cccattggga	cccggatctg	gactggttca	ccattgtact	180
tctggtccag	gatgacggct	tgataagctg	atgctgtaat	ttcatcttgg	ctggcctggc	240
tgccctgcc	aacgtagagc	aggtaatgct	gcttctcgcc	gatgaaggta	gggtgaagag	300
cagcaggtaa	gcaagttcgc	ccccatagaa	gtgggcctag	ccacttggaa	ttccagcaca	360
ctggcggccc	gttactagt	ggatcccag	ctcggtagca	a		401

&lt;210&gt; 8

&lt;211&gt; 1151

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 8

ctctctccat	aaaactcagc	actttacaga	tgtagaatar	ataagcatgc	caaatttact	60
tatctgccac	atacaaaagca	tcattccagg	tgctagttag	gggaaaaaaa	agttggagat	120
ttgggtccctc	gaggagctcc	agatattaat	ctacctaact	aagtcctccag	gtttcttcca	180
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tacaaagaat	ccctagacgc	catactgagt	tttaagttcc	ttaatttcta	atttaaggct	300
tctagtgaag	cctcttcaca	gtaggcttca	ctaggccac	agtccttcta	gacctctgac	360
aatcccaccc	tagacagact	ttattgcaaa	atgcgcctga	agaygcagat	gattcccag	420
agaactcacc	aaatcaagac	aaatgtccta	gatctcragt	gtggtagaac	tatgcaccta	480
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aagactatatt	tttcaacaaa	cattttctct	ttcaccttaa	ctcttaaaaca	gcttactggy	600
gcttctgcaa	gacagaaaaga	tcataattca	gaaggtaacc	atcgctatag	acataaagtt	660
tctggtcaaa	aggggttatag	ttaatgctct	gcactttttc	ctgcatctta	tgcatataca	720
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gatggtttat	actgcttgg	ataccaagtg	tttagcacct	gaagtgtgg	gtcattgagt	900
ttactaatca	ccatgttacc	agtgtggct	tcagttgaat	aaataaccca	caatccattc	960
tcatccacag	caaagtcaat	atcttgccaa	gcaacattag	catatgaaaa	gcggttatta	1020
taggcagcat	tagggagagt	ttgagtcaca	gcaatcgtgt	tggtggtcag	gttaactctg	1080
gcaatattcc	cggtgttgta	catgttgacg	tacatgttgt	tggtgtaaac	tgctgtacca	1140
ctaccttga	c					1151

&lt;210&gt; 9

&lt;211&gt; 604

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(604)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 9

ctgtgcaagg	gctttacaaa	aactgtgcc	ggacttccca	tgaggctgga	ttgcttgatt	60
catgttttat	gagccccaca	atactgaagc	tccttttcca	gggacttggc	ataggcagtc	120
aattccacat	ttgggatagg	tcctctctgg	aagtgaatgt	caggcagtga	catccaagtt	180
tctgcatgca	gtgggttaac	agccatgttt	agggggaaca	tgatttaaaa	agtacatctc	240

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tctccctcct cccccacatg cacaaggctc acatctcatt atgggtgkcg cccatgtcac 300
attaaaagtgt gatacttkgg ttttgaaaac attcaaacag tctctgtgga aatctggaga 360
gaaattggcg gagagctgcc gtggtgcatt cctcctgtag tgcttcaagn taatgcttca 420
tcctttntta ataacttttg atagacaggg gctagtcgca cagacctctg ggaagccctg 480
gaaaacgctg atgcttggtt gaagatctca agcgagagt ctgcaagttc atccctctt 540
tcctgaggtc tggttggtgg aggctgcaga acattggtga tgacatggac cacgccattt 600
gtgg 604

```

```

<210> 10
<211> 473
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 10
tcgagaagat ccctagtgg actttgaacc gtatcctggg cgacccagaa gccctgagag 60
acctgctgaa caaccacatc ttgaagtcag ctatgtgtgc tgaagccatc gttgcggggc 120
tgtctgtgga gacctggag ggcacgacac tggaggtggg ctgcagcggg gacatgctca 180
ctatcaacgg gaaggcgatc atctccaata aagacatcct agccaccaac ggggtgatcc 240
actacattga tgagctactc atcccagact cagccaagac actatttgaa ttggtgcag 300
agtctgatgt gtccacagcc attgaccttt tcagacaagc cggcctcggc aatcatctct 360
ctggaagtga gcggttgacc ctctgggct cccctgaatt ctgtattcaa agatggaacc 420
cctccaattg atgcccatac aaggaatttg ctctggaacc acataattaa aga 473

```

```

<210> 11
<211> 411
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(411)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 11
tcctcattgg tcggggccaa aagcgtgtac tggccgttac cttcaagcat cgtgttgagc 60
cctgatgcag ccacagcagc ccgaagggtc tcaaagggtg cctcgatctc aatgatctgc 120
tggtgttgt tggtgatggt ggagatgacc ttatcgatga ggtgcaccac cccgttggtt 180
gcatgggtgt cggcttlyar carccgggca cagttcacag ttacaatccc attagatag 240
tggtggatct nggatgttgg aattctggtg catagnaggt gaggggtcat gccctgttt 300
cagtcctatca gtcaggactc gcctgcccac catatggtaa gcsgragggc atttgagcag 360
ctcaatgttt gacattgctg gaccagggga gttccagcac ttctangang a 411

```

```

<210> 12
<211> 560
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 12
tacttgctg gagatwgyt tykckwmtg ytcwrawgtc cgtggataca gaaatctctg 60
caggcaagtt gctccagagc atattgcagg acaagcctgt aacgaatagt taaattcacg 120
gcatctggat tcctaactct tttccgaaat ggcagggtgt agtgctgta taaaatattc 180
tatgtttacc ttcaacttct tgttctggct atgtggtatc ttgatcctag cattagcaat 240
atgggtacga gtaagcaatg actctcaagc aatttttggg tctgaagatg taggctctag 300
ctcctacgtt gctgtggaca tattgattgc tgtaggtgcc atcatcatga ttctgggctt 360
cctgggatgc tgcggtgcta taaaagaaag tcgctgcatg cttctgttgt ttttcatagg 420

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cttgcttctg atcctgctcc tgcaggtggg cgacaggtat cctaggagct gttttcaa	480
ctaagtctga tcgcattgtg aatgaaactc tctatgaaaa caciaagctt ttgagcgcca	540
caggggaaag tgaaaaacaa	560

<210> 13  
 <211> 150  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 13	
gggcaggctg tcttttttaa atgtctcggc tagctagacc acagatatct tctagacata	60
ttgaacacat ttaagatttg agggatataa gggaaaatga tatgaatgtg tatttttact	120
caaaataaaa gtaactgttt acgttgggtga	150

<210> 14  
 <211> 403  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 14	
ctgctgcctg tggcgtgtgt gggctggatc ccttgaaggc tgagtttttg agggcagaaa	60
gctagctatg ggtagccagg tgttaciaaag gtgctgctcc ttctccaacc cctacttgg	120
ttccctcacc ccaagcctca tgttcatacc agccagtggg ttcagcagaa cgcagtacac	180
cttatcacct cctccttgg gtgagctctg aacaccagct ttggccctc cacagtaagg	240
ctgctacatc aggggcaacc ctggctctat cattttcctt ttttgccaaa aggaccagta	300
gcataggtga gccctgagca ctaaaaggag gggccctga agctttccca ctatagtgtg	360
gagttctgtc cctgaggtgg gtacagcagc ct.tggttcct ctg	403

<210> 15  
 <211> 688  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(688)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15	
caaagcacat tttaatcatt tatttttaaa gggggagtaa agcatttaaa ctgccaatcc	60
tatagactag gacttgaaca tcaaaggaaa aatagacaaa gactagatga taaagtcatt	120
caaaagcaca gaagcacatc acatacacca gcaaggtttc caactactgc actgattaac	180
tagatactct caatagcttt tctatagctc gtcctagaaa aaaaaattaa attttcattt	240
tcttacaagt tccaggctta aacaaaggca aaaattacat gcaacaactg atacactcat	300
aagttgcaca tatgctccaa ggtctttatt agataacaat aaatgctagc actttgtcac	360
tgccatcaga ttttccttat agtcttagag tcatgtaaat aaaagttcca taatgaaatt	420
aaagaaaatt aatttttcta atcttagatc agttccatag aaaactatta atttttttaa	480
agtaggcagt agaagggggg tgggtggggg ttggaattggg tagtaagtct ggttctaate	540
ttctgagctg cctttggaag gaagttatga ggtagaagat tctactgact tttagtaagg	600
tggacaatga gagaaaagaa aaagcagggt cctcatcnnc agatccttnt ggtatttatn	660
tgccangtnc nanntaatnc atanaaag	688

<210> 16  
 <211> 408  
 <212> DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 16

cagggtcatca	agatgactta	caggatgtaa	tagggagagc	tgtcgagatt	gggtgttaaaa	60
agttttatgat	tacaggtgga	aatctacaag	acagtaaaga	tgcactgcat	ttggcacaaa	120
caaattggtat	gtttttcagt	acagttggat	gtcgtcctac	aagatgtggt	gaatttgaaa	180
agaataaccc	tgatctttac	ttaaaggagt	tgctaaatct	tgctgaaaac	aataaaggga	240
aagttgtggc	aataggagaa	tgccgacttg	attttgaccc	gactgcagtt	ttgtcccaaa	300
gatactcaac	tcaaatatct	tgaaaaacag	tttgaactgt	cagaacaaac	aaaattacca	360
atgtttcttc	attgtccgaa	actcacatgc	tgaatttttg	gacataat		408

&lt;210&gt; 17

&lt;211&gt; 407

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 17

ggctcctgggg	aggccctagg	ggagcaccgt	gatggagagg	acagagcagg	ggctccagca	60
ccttctttct	ggactggcgt	tcacctccct	gtcagtgct	tgggctccac	gggcaggggt	120
cagagcactc	cctaatttat	gtgctatata	aatatgtcag	atgtacatag	agatctatct	180
tttctaaaac	attccctctc	ccactcctct	cccacagagt	gctggactgt	tccaggccct	240
ccagtgggct	gatgctggga	cccttaggat	ggggctccca	gctcctttct	cctgtgaatg	300
gaggcagaag	acctccaata	aagtgccttc	tgggcttttt	ctaacccttg	tcttagctac	360
ctgtgtactg	aaatttgggc	ctttggatcg	aatatggtca	agaggtt		407

&lt;210&gt; 18

&lt;211&gt; 405

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 18

tgaagagtca	acttgggcct	ggaggactga	taaagtttgt	gattttgagg	gcctctaaaa	60
gtattaaagc	agcggcagcc	gctgcacgca	gacatgaggg	ctagggttaa	acagtaagat	120
caagttgttt	ggacagaaa	gctacagagt	gtggctcctg	ctcttggtga	agaattacga	180
ccacgctaac	catgcctagg	aaggaaaagg	gttattgttt	tgtagaaaag	tgctgggggt	240
tgagagatca	gtcggacacg	attggcaggg	agagcacgtg	tgtttttatg	agaattatgc	300
ccgagatagg	taacagatga	ggaagaaatt	tgggcttgat	tgaagtaatg	ggggctgtct	360
gtgaagcttt	gcagcagtac	agcctaggta	atttgctgag	cctaa		405

&lt;210&gt; 19

&lt;211&gt; 401

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 19

tcctgacatt	cctgccttct	tatattaata	agacaaataa	aacaaaatag	tgttgaagtg	60
ttggggcagc	gaaaattttt	ggggggtggt	atggagagat	aatgggcat	gtttctcagg	120
gctgcttcaa	gcgggattag	gggcggcgtg	ggagcctaga	gtgggagaga	ttaagctgaa	180
gggaggtctt	gtggttaagg	gtgatatcat	ggggatgtta	gaagaaacat	ttgtcgtata	240
gaatgattgg	tgatggcctg	gatacggttt	tggatgattt	gagaagctaa	atggaagata	300
caaggtccga	ataaaaggag	gagaaaaatg	ggtattaaat	gtctaagaat	tgggaggacc	360
taggacatct	gattagagag	tgccctaagg	gattcagcat	a		401

&lt;210&gt; 20

&lt;211&gt; 331



&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 20

agggtccagct	ctgtctcata	cttgactcta	aagtcatacag	cagcaagacg	ggcattgtca	60
atctgcagaa	cgatgcgggc	attgtccaca	gtatttgca	agatctgagc	cctcaggtcc	120
tcgatgatct	tgaagtaatg	gctccagtct	ctgacctggg	gtcccttctt	ctccaagtgc	180
ttccggattt	tgtctccag	cctccggttc	tcggtctcca	ggctcctcac	tctgtccagg	240
taagaggcca	ggcggtcgtt	caggctttgc	atggtctcct	tctcgttctg	gatgcctccc	300
attcctgcc	gacccccggc	tatccccggtg	g			331

&lt;210&gt; 21

&lt;211&gt; 346

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(346)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 21

gggtccaccac	ttgtaccga	tatggacttc	cggtctctct	gtccaatgga	gccacactaa	60
agatctcacc	agtcacgtgg	tcaattttaa	gccaacctct	tgtgtctccc	ctcagtgaat	120
agcttatgtc	cagaccttct	ggatccttgg	cagtcacatt	gcccacttta	gtgcctatag	180
ctacatctc	actgactttc	gcttgggaata	cgtgttggga	aaattgaggt	gcttcattca	240
catctgtcac	aataagncgt	gaacttggca	aaagaacttg	cattgtactt	cacaccaaac	300
actagaggct	caggattttc	tgctttgaac	acaatgttgg	aaacag		346

&lt;210&gt; 22

&lt;211&gt; 360

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(360)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 22

gaagactccc	tctctcgga	gccggatccc	gagccgggca	ggatggatca	ccaccagccg	60
gggactgggc	gctaccaggt	gcttcttaat	gaagaggata	actcagaatc	atcggctata	120
gagcagccac	ctacttcaaa	cccagcacc	gcagattgtg	caggctgcgt	cttcagcacc	180
agcacttgaa	actgactctt	cccctccacc	atatagtagt	attactgggtg	gaagtaccta	240
caacttcaga	tacagaagtt	tacggtgagt	tttatcccg	gccacctccc	tatagcggtg	300
ctacctctct	tcctacnwt	cgatgaaagc	tgagaaggct	aaagctgctg	caatggcatg	360

&lt;210&gt; 23

&lt;211&gt; 251

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 23

ggcggagctc	cacgacgagc	tggaaaagga	accttttgag	gatggctttg	caaattgggga	60
agaaagtact	ccaaccagag	atgctgtggt	cacgtatact	gcagaaagta	aaggagtcgt	120

gaagtttggc tggatcaagg gtgtattagt acgttgtagt ttaaaccattt ggggtgtgat 180  
gcttttcatt agattgtcat ggattgtggg tcaagctgga atagggtctat cagtccttgt 240  
aataatgatg g 251

<210> 24

<211> 421

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(421)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

caggtctttc ccaggtgttg actccagctc cagcttcagc tccagctcca ggtcgggctc 60  
cagctccagc cgcagcttar gcagcgggag gttctgtgtc ccagttgttt tccaatttca 120  
ccggctcccg tggatgamcg ygggacctgy caswgctcct gktycctgc yagsacacca 180  
cnytttyccg tggacacrar kggaaackct tggaaattcac agctyatgtt ctttctcara 240  
agtttgagaa agaactttct aaagtgaggg aatatgtcca attaattagt gtgtatgaaa 300  
agaaactgtt aaacctaaact gtccgaattg acatcatgga raaaggatac catttcttac 360  
actgaactgg acttcgagct gatcaaggta gaagtgaagg agatggaaaa actggtcata 420  
c 421

<210> 25

<211> 381

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(381)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

gaactttttg tttcttttatt ttcaatattt gtcttattaa tatttttctt attttataat 60  
gcaattacaa caatttagga nacaaaacaa tataaacaaa agaattgttaa atagtttttt 120  
ttaaaaaata gcttgttgct tgcaanaaag tccatataat cttattcccc cccaaatata 180  
attttatact ttgcactaaa ccaaaatagc ttatggaaaa ttagtattaa atagctaaac 240  
acagaaaacc tacagctata aataacataa aatacagttt aactttaatg ngatgcttaa 300  
acaaagcaaa ctatgatgca atatgaatca acttcattaa ttggacaagt ccagnggagg 360  
cacaaattag ataagcacta a 381

<210> 26

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

ggaaaagggg ctggcctctc tgaagagtga gatgagggaa gtggaaggag agctggaaaag 60

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gaaggagctg gagtttgaca cgaatatgga tgcagtacag atggtgatta cagaagccca 120
gaaggttgat accagaagcc aagaacgctg gggttacaat ccaagacaca ctcaacacat 180
tagacgggct cctgcattct gatggacca ccttttcang tggtaagatt gaagangggg 240
cctgggctta cctgggaagc aaaaactttt cccganccaa ggaacccagg attcaaccan 300
gcnaacttgcn ggccaaggaa ggcanaactn ggaanaaaag gccccttaag caaaagggnc 360
accttcattt gctnggaaan cagcctttan ttggaatctt g 401

```

```

<210> 27
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 27
aattgcaact ggacttttat tgggcagtta cnacaacnaa tgttttcana aaaatatttg 60
gaaaaaatat accacttcat agctaagtct tacagagaan aggatttgct aataaaactt 120
aagttttgaa aattaagatg cnggtanagc ttctgaacta atgcccacag ctccaaggaa 180
nacatgtcct atttagttat tcaaatacca gttgagggca ttgtgattaa gcaaacaata 240
tatttgttan aactttgntt ttaaattact gntncttgac attacttata aaggagnctc 300
taactttcga tttctaaaac tatgtaatac aaaagtatan ntttccccat tttgataaaa 360
gggccnanga tactgantag gaa 383

```

```

<210> 28
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (401)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 28
ggtcgcgttt cccctggctc acagtctgcc attatttgca tttttaaatg aagaaaagtt 60
taacgtggat ggatggacag tttacaatcc agtggaagaa tacaggaggc agggcttgcc 120
caatcaccat tggagaataa cttttattaa taagtgtctat gagctctgctg acacttacc 180
tgctcttttg gtggttccgt atcgtgcctc anatgatgac ctccggagag ttgcaacttt 240
taggtcccga aatcgaattc cagtgtgtgc atggattcat ccagaaaata agacgggtcat 300
tgtgcgttgc agtcagcctc ttgtcggtat gagtgggaaa cgaaataaag atgatgagaa 360
atatctcgat gttatcaggg agactaataa acaaatttct a 401

```

```

<210> 29
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 29
atatgagttt gccatctcca tggatgccat ttcaatgcct tcagggtaat cattctctcc 60
ccaaagactg cccacggggt catcactcct gtgacgaaat gagggctgga ttgaagatgt 120
tctgtgagc acccccctgg tcatcttttg ggtctcagaa gagccataat catgaccatt 180
ctcagcatct gaataatcag gttctctcca agtgcttgge aagttctgat tgtcctcagc 240

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actgggtag	tctggctccc	caaaaaagg	tgagagtta	ggttgaatgt	cagcgctgg	300
ataatcaggc	tttcccagag	agtctgcgta	tgattgatt	ctaaaacttg	tatgttccag	360
attctttctg	gatcctggat	ggttcaaatt	ggctctgggt	c		401

<210> 30  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 30						
cctgaactat	ttattaaaa	catgaccact	cttggctatt	gaagatgctg	cctgtatttg	60
agagactgcc	atacataata	tatgacttcc	tagggatctg	aaatccataa	actaagagaa	120
actgtgtata	gcttacctga	acaggaatcc	ttactgatat	ttatagaaca	gttgatttcc	180
cccatcccca	gtttatggat	atgctgcttt	aaacttggaa	gggggagaca	ggaagtttta	240
attgtttctga	ctaaacttag	gagttgagct	aggagtgctg	tcattggttc	ttcactaaca	300
gaggaattat	gctttgcact	acgtccctcc	aagtgaagac	agactgtttt	agacagactt	360
tttaaaatgg	tgccctacca	ttgacacatg	cagaaattgg	t		401

<210> 31  
 <211> 297  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 31						
acctccatta	atgccagggtg	ttcctcctct	gatgccagga	atgccaccag	ttatgccagg	60
catgccacct	ggattgcac	atcagagaaa	atacaccag	tcattttgcg	gtgaaaacat	120
aatgatgcca	atgggtggaa	tgatgccacc	tgaccagga	ataccacctc	tgatgctgg	180
aatgccacca	ggtatgccc	cacctgttcc	acgtcctgga	attcctccaa	tgactcaagc	240
acaggctgtt	tcagcgccag	gtattcttaa	tagaccacct	gcaccaacag	caactgt	297

<210> 32  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 32						
caaacctgga	gccaaaaagg	acacaaagga	ctctcgaccc	aaactgcccc	agaccctctc	60
cagaggttgg	ggtgaccaac	tcactctggac	tcagacatat	gaagaagctc	tatataaatc	120
caagacaagc	aacaaaccct	tgatgattat	tcactacttg	ggtgagtgcc	cacacagtca	180
agcttttaaag	aaagtgtttg	ctgaaaataa	agaaatccag	aaattggcag	agcagtttgt	240
cctcctcaat	ctggtttatg	aaacaactga	caaacacctt	tctcctgatg	gccagtatgt	300
ccccaggatt	atgtttgttg	acccatctct	gacagttaga	gcccgatatc	actggaagat	360
attcaaaccg	tctctatgct	tacgaacctg	cagatacagc	t		401

<210> 33  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 33						
agcagagga	caggaatcat	tcggccactg	ttcagacggg	agccacaccc	ttctccaatc	60
caagcctggc	cccagaagat	cacaaagagc	caaagaaact	ggcagggtgc	cacgcgtcc	120
aggccagtga	gttggttgtc	acttactttt	tctgtgggga	agaaattcca	taccggagga	180
tgctgaaggc	tcagagcttg	accctgggccc	actttaaaga	gcagctcagc	aaaaagggaa	240
attataggtg	ttacttcaaa	aaagcaagcg	atgagtttgc	ctgtggagcg	gtgtttgagg	300

```

agatctggga ggatgagacg gtgctcccg tgtatgaagg cgggattctg ggcaaagtgg 360
agcggatcga ttgagccctg gggctcggct ttggtgaact g 401

```

```

<210> 34
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 34
aacaatggct atgaaggcat tgcgttgca atcgacccca atgtgccaga agatgaaaca 60
ctcattcaac aaataaagga catggtgacc caggcatctc tgtatctgtt tgaagctaca 120
ggaaagcgat ttattttcaa aaatgttgcc attttgattc ctgaaacatg gaagacaaag 180
gctgactatg tgagacccaa acttgagacc tacaaaaatg ctgatgttct ggttgcttga 240
gtctactcct ccaggtaatg atgaacccta cactgagcag atggggcaac tgtggagaga 300
aggggtgaaa ggatcccacc tcaactcctga ttccattgca ggaaaaaagt tagcttgaat 360
atggaccaca aggtaagggc atttgtccat gaatggggct c 401

```

```

<210> 35
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(401)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 35
catttccttc tactagactg ccccttgat ccactggcag aaatgatggc accaccttgt 60
cttcagggtg tgctccttca ttattccaag gatgcagcat ctctatggtg ccagggtatgg 120
gggtaaagcc ttggcgccc ttccgcaat ggcacatcag cagtaaaagt ggtaccaata 180
gcangaacag aaagggcaaa atcatgancg caattgctgc ggggcccaag cccacatagg 240
aatcatgctg ngcttcctg canccgctgc catgcaagac actnacaaac tgngantgta 300
aggacctgct ttccaggaca actaaaaccc tgattgnctg aaatcaggaa ctgaatttca 360
cttctcccaa gctttttctc actttggtgc aacancacac t 401

```

```

<210> 36
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 36
cctgctagaa tcaactgcgc tgtgctttcg tggaaatgac agttccttgt tttttttgtt 60
tctgtttttg ttttacatta gtcattggac cacagccatt caggaactac cccctgcccc 120
acaaagaaat gaacagttgt agggagaccc agcagcacct ttcctccaca caccttcatt 180
ttgaagtctg ggtttttgtg ttaagttaat ctgtacattc tgtttgccat tgttacttgt 240
actatacatc tgtatatagt gtacggcaaa agagtattaa tccactatct ctagtgttgg 300
actttaaatc agtacagtac ctgtacctgc acggtcaccc gctccgtgtg tcgccctata 360
ttgagggctc aagctttccc ttgttttttg aaaggggttt a 401

```

```

<210> 37
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(401)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37  
 cnnctntgna atggantnnt tgnctaaaaan ganttgatga tgatgaanat ccctangang 60  
 antaagcatg gancntgac ntttntctnng cactccttta cgacacggaa acangnatca 120  
 ncatgatggt accaganacc ttatcaccna cgcgcacnga nctgactnat tccaaagagt 180  
 tnggggttacg gncatccggt cattgctcgt gccattgct gcagggtga tntactggt 240  
 gcttattatg ntggccctga ggatgctcca caatgaatat aagcatgctg catgatcagc 300  
 ggcaacanat gctctgccgt ttgcactaca tctttcacgg acacnatntc gaanacgggc 360  
 acnttgcana gttagacttg gaatgcatgg ngccggnan n 401

<210> 38  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 38  
 aattggctca ctctctcaag gcaagcactg tctcaaggca gtctcaaggc agagatgaca 60  
 cagcaaaaaa cagaggggga gaaaaaagtc tattattggc ttgtgattta caaaagccaa 120  
 agtccttttag ataaaaggcc aggagtcgta ccaacataga taccaaatcc aggagaacac 180  
 agaccagcga taagagggac gcttcccat gaccagacc agcctaaagc ccctgtgggg 240  
 gcagccagtg gggagctgtc agaccttgga catggtggtc tttgagaatg ggtctgccct 300  
 tctctccctg accagttggg atagacacct gactggaatc cttgacactg gcagggtgtt 360  
 ctatgaacag agaggactgt gcctgtcttc ctgaatccca a 401

<210> 39  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(401)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39  
 tctggtangg agcaattcta ttatttggca ttgcatggct ggggtgaatt aaaacagggg 60  
 gtgagaacag gtgagtctag aagccaact ctgaaaagga ccactgtaca tttgaacaca 120  
 cggtgtgtt aaagatgctg ctaatgtcag tctactgggtg cactaaagga tctcttattt 180  
 tatgtaaaac gttgggaatg acaagatana actgatactc tggtaagtta ccctctgaag 240  
 ctacttcttg tgaaatacta atgacagcat catcctgccca agcgaaagag gcaggcataa 300  
 gcaaggacaa attaaaaggg ggtaagagcc ttatcatgat gaggagtctt gttttgacat 360  
 cttgggaaaa gctgtccata gtgtgaagtc gtcaatttct c 401

<210> 40  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 40  
 tctggtcacc caactcttgt ggaagagggg aattgagatc gagtactgaa tatctggcag 60  
 agaggctgga atccttcagc cccagagccc agggaccact ccagtagatg cagagagggg 120

```
cctgcccagg ggtcagggca gtgggtatca ctggtgacat caagaatata agggctgggg 180
aggcatcttt gtttcctggt gccctcctca aagttgctga cactttgggg acgggaaggg 240
gtagaagtag ggctgctcct tttggagctg gaggggaatag acctggagac agagttgagg 300
cagtcgggct gtccaggttc taagcatcac agcttctgca ctgggctctg aggagattct 360
cagccagagg atcccagcct cctcctccct caaatgtcaa g 401
```

<210> 41

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 41

```
ctggactaaa aatgtccact atggggtgca ctctacagtt tttgaaatgc taggaggcag 60
aaggggcaga gagtaaaaaa catgacctgg tagaagggaag agaggcaaaag gaaactaggt 120
ggggaggatc aattagagag gaggcacctg ggatccacct tcttccttan gtccctcct 180
ccatcagcaa aggagcactt ctctaatacat gccctcccga agactggctg ggagaagggt 240
taaaaacaaa aaatccagga gtaagagcct taggtcagtt tgaaattgga gacaaactgt 300
ctggcaaaagg gtgcganagg gagcttgtgc tcangagtc agcccgcca gcctcggggg 360
gtangtttct gaagtgtgcc attggggcct caccttctct g 401
```

<210> 42

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 42

```
ggttcgacaa atccccaaaa atggcaaatt aagccctgtg acaaaataag ttattggatc 60
atacagaaat agcccaaatac tggaattttt gaattaaaat tgtaatcctg taaaacaagt 120
tttgggggtga atggattttt ttaataccaa taatattttt aattcccacc acagatggat 180
ttgctgaata tgctaattgt gtgaatgaga aaacaatttt ggggtaggta taccacaag 240
taatctgatg acaaaataaa ccacagactg atgtcaaatg gacaaaaaac tgaaaatatg 300
ctgtgagaaa 310
```

<210> 43

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 43

```
aggtcactta cacttgtgac cagtgtgggg cagagacctt ccagccgatc cagtctccca 60
ctttcatgcc tctgatcatg tgcccaagcc aggagtgcc aaccaaccgc tcaggagggc 120
ggctgtatct gcagacacgg ggctccagat tcatacaaat ccaggagatg aagatgcaag 180
aacatagtga tcagggtgcct gtgggaaata tcctcgtag tatcacgggt ctggtagaag 240
gagagaacac aaggattgcc cagcctggag accacgtcag cgtcactggt attttcttgc 300
caatcctgcg cactgggttc cgacaggtgg tacagggttt actctcagaa acctacctgg 360
aagcccatcg gattgtgaag atgaacaaga gtgaggatga t 401
```

<210> 44

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 44

atccctgtaa	gtctattaaa	tgtaaataat	acatacttta	caacttctct	tagtcggccc	60
ttggcagatt	aaatctttgc	aaaattccat	atgtgctatt	gaaaaatgaa	ataaaacctc	120
agatgtctga	attcttattt	caaatacagt	tatataatta	ttttaaat	caatatacaa	180
tttctgttaa	atacaactgt	taagggattc	tgagaacaat	tataagatta	taataatata	240
tacaaactaa	cttctgaaat	gacatgggtt	gtttccttcc	cacctccta	ccctctcaaa	300
gagtttttgc	atttgctgtt	cctggttgca	aaaggcaaaa	gaaaatctaa	aaatagtctg	360
tgtgtgtcca	cgacatgctc	gctccttga	gaatctcaaa	c		401

<210> 45

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 45

gtgcctgctg	cctggcagcc	tgccctgcc	gctgcctcag	gaggcgggag	gcatgagtga	60
gctacagtgg	gaacaggctc	aggactatct	caagagattt	tatctctatg	actcagaaac	120
aaaaaatgcc	aacagtttag	aagccaaact	caaggagatg	caaaaaattc	tttggcctac	180
ctatactgga	atggtaaact	cccgcgtcat	anaaataatg	caanaagccc	agatgtggag	240
tgccagatgt	tgcagaatac	tcactatttc	caaataagccc	aaaatggact	tccaaagtgg	300
tcacctacag	gacgtatca	tatactcgag	acttaccgca	tattacagtg	gacgattag	360
tgtcaaaggc	tttaaactg	tggggcaaag	agatccccct	g		401

<210> 46

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46

gtcagaattg	tctttctgaa	aggaagcact	cggaatcctt	ccgaactttc	caagtccatc	60
catgattcan	agatactgcc	ttctctctct	ctgggatttt	atgtgtttct	gatagtgaat	120
tgttgatgta	tttgctactt	tgcttctttt	ctctttcaag	acttgatcat	tttatatgct	180
gnttggagaa	aaaaagaact	tttggtagca	aggaggtttc	aagaaatgat	tttggatttt	240
ctgctgcgga	atttctcggc	acctacctgt	agtatggggc	acttggtttg	gttgagaggt	300
aagaagggtg	aagaatgagc	tgtacttggg	taagcagttg	aaaccttttt	tgagcaggat	360
ctgtaaaagc	ataattgaat	ttgtttcacc	cccgtggatt	c		401

<210> 47

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 47



```

ggctctgcagc aatgcacttc aaccatacat actgcttcca ctagctaata ccaaatgcag      60
gttctcagat ccagacaaat ggaggaaaag aacatttatg cttccgtttc agaaagccaa      120
gtcgtagttt tggcccttcc tttctctaaa gtttattccc aaaaacaggt agcattcctg      180
attgggcaga gaagaggata ttttcagccc acatctgctg caggatgtgc attttctccc      240
atcttcactg tgactagtaa agatctcacc acttctcttt ggaatttcca actttgcttg      300
tgattgaatg tcacttcgtg aatttgtatt atgtcagatc acttggcatt gctcttccat      360
atgcatcaag ttgccaggca ctaaacccaa tgttcatgaa c                                401

```

```

<210> 48
<211> 430
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 48
acataacttg taaacttttt ctgcttgggg gctgtaacag acagaagagt aaagactaca      60
aggattttct gaagatgctt caatgaaaat catcatttcc tctttagtca tcccaagtct      120
tggtttgaaa aacttgggca tggacttata cagaccttga accaccactg acttatcatt      180
gggtggcaga ccttgaaacc aagctctctg tgttacttct gaaagtgcac caattctgat      240
ttggctaaga acagaagaca aatactggga tcgtgattct gtgttatact ctagccacag      300
catagcagct tctcgaacgg tttcttcctt ttctacattt aaattgtcac tactgagaat      360
atctatcagt aggtcatgtg acagacctgc cccggggccg gcccgctcga tgcttgccga      420
atatcatggt                                     430

```

```

<210> 49
<211> 57
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(57)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 49
ggtattaaca atatcangca ctcatcttcc ccctcttatg aaanggatna attttta      57

```

```

<210> 50
<211> 327
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(327)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 50
gatggnggtn tccacaagan tnaangtnen tattaantan nncttgtaga nccacttnna      60
ttaattgnnn tatgnntgnc cttctgggtg ntgtngaagc ttcatatnnt ntttggacat      120
cattacacgt cttagctctt tnaagnacaa ctttaatgct atatgaattt tgccattttt      180
gctaacactg gtatgctccn ngcatccacc atnccacntg gaattattta ttncnttcat      240
attaatnttt tgtttaccaa atctnacttg acccgaacga aactttctgn gtattttang      300
gccccnccat tcttactttt caagcct                                     327

```

```

<210> 51

```

<211> 236  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 51  
 cgtctcgaag aagcgctgca ggccgatgat ggactgcacg tctgccttgt cctcaggttaa 60  
 cttgttgaat tgcttgaaca tgcggcccac atcctgggca aactcctgtg gggagctgta 120  
 gggaggtgac aacttctcct ggaggcgggc acggatcagg gtcagatcca ggtgcccacc 180  
 gggctggtcc agggagaagg tggagtcgta gccagacctg cccgggcggc cgctcg 236

<210> 52  
 <211> 291  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(291)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52  
 ctcacatcct ggggtccggct gtagagctgc accatgggtgc tgagcgcccc ctccagctcc 60  
 ttgtagatgt aaaggacggc gaaggagctg tagtctgtgt ccacgatgcg cacgtccagg 120  
 tagcccaagg ccgggactct gaagttgtcc ctccggagccc accttcangt actcgggcat 180  
 ccacctgggt acagccttc gncctcggna actccatntg gactttacag gccgccctcc 240  
 tctgtgggccc tgatggnctt tgcaggacat nggaacacgg gagctcnctt t 291

<210> 53  
 <211> 95  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(95)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53  
 gtctgtgcag tttctgacac ttgttgttga acatggntaa atacaatggg tatcgctgan 60  
 cactaagttg tanaanttaa caaatgtgct gnttg 95

<210> 54  
 <211> 66  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(66)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 54  
 cctnaatnat ntnaatggta tcaatnnccc tgaangangg gancggngga agccggnttt 60  
 gtccgg 66

<210> 55  
 <211> 265  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (265)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 55  
 atctttcttc tcagtgcctt ggccntgttg agtctatctg gtaacactgg agctgactcc 60  
 ctgggaagag agggccaaatg ttacaatgaa cttaatggat gcaccaagat atatgaccct 120  
 gtctgtggga ctgatggaaa tacttatccc aatgaatgcc gtgttatgtt ttgaaaaatc 180  
 ggaaacggca gaattctatc ctcattcaaa aactctgggc ttactgaaaa ccagggtttt 240  
 naaaatccca ttenggtcnc cggcg 265

<210> 56  
 <211> 420  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (420)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 56  
 gagcggccgc ccgggcaggt cctcgcggtg acctgatggg atttcaaac cttggttctc 60  
 agcaaggccc agatttttga atgangatag aagtctggcg ttcccgattt tcaaaacata 120  
 acacgcattc attgggataa gtatttccat cagtcccaca gacngggica tatatcttgg 180  
 gtgcatccat taagtctntt tgtaaacatt tgggcctctc ttccccangg gaattcagct 240  
 cccagttgtt taccaanatt naactccacc ggggccaaaag gcncttgaaa aaaaaaanaa 300  
 ttccttgttt accttccttg ggcttnaagt tctggcgctc aaaagttcaa ttgaaaact 360  
 gcaccgcact taccacgtct cttcnagaan cctggggaca cctcgyccgc gaccacgcta 420

<210> 57  
 <211> 170  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 57  
 gaagcggagt tgcagcgctt ggtggccgcc gagcagcaga aggcgcagtt tactgcacag 60  
 gtgcatcact tcatggagt atgttgggat aaatgtgtgg agaagccagg gaatcgcta 120  
 gactctcgca ctgaaaattg tctctccaga cctcggccgc gaccacgcta 170

<210> 58  
 <211> 193  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 58  
 attttcagt cgagagtcta ggcgattccc tggcttctcc acacatttat cccaacataa 60  
 ctccatgaag tgatgcacct gtgcagtaaa ctgcgccttc tgctgctcgg cggccaccag 120  
 gcgctgcaac tccgcttcat cggttcgcc cagctccgcc attgttcgcc acctgcccgg 180

gcggccgctc gaa 193

<210> 59  
 <211> 229  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59  
 cgcaactctc gagcatttat atacaatagc aaatcatcca gtgtgttgta cagtctataa 60  
 tactccaaca gtctcccatc tgtattcaat ggcgccaccc aatacagtc tttgtttgga 120  
 tgctggggag agtaatccct accccaagca ccatatagat aagaaaaccc tctccagttg 180  
 agctgaacca cagacgggtt gctgatacct gcccgggcgg ccgctcgaa 229

<210> 60  
 <211> 340  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 60  
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtcctctaaa gatcaaaaca cccctgtcgt ccaccctcct 60  
 cccactccag ggaagctgtg gtcattggtg tgtggtgaac atcagcaaac cgtctgtggt 120  
 tcagctcaac tggagagggg tttcttatct atatggtgct tggggtaggg attactctcc 180  
 ccagcatcca aacaaaggac tgtattgggt ggcgccattg aatacagatg ggaaactgtt 240  
 ggagatttat aaactggtac aacacactgg atgatttgct attgtatata aatgctcgag 300  
 aattgcggat cacctatgga cctcggccgc gaccacgctg 340

<210> 61  
 <211> 179  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(179)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 61  
 tttttgtgac ggacgnttgg agtacatgtc ccaggatcac atccagcagc tagagtggct 60  
 gggacaagct ggcgngggcc aagcactgtt gaaacnatag gggctctgggn gnactcgggt 120  
 tnaagtgggt ggtccgantn ttnataacct tgtcngaacc nancatctcg gttgncang 179

<210> 62  
 <211> 78  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(78)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 62  
 agggcggttcg taacgggaat gccgaagcgt gggaaaaagg gagcggtggc nggaagacgg 60  
 ggatgagctt angacaga 78

<210> 63  
 <211> 410  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(410)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 63  
 cccagttact tggggaggct gaggcagggg gaatcctttg aaccggngg gtgggaggtt 60  
 gcagtgagcc cgagatagca ccattgcact tccancatgg ggtggacaga gtgagactct 120  
 atctcaaaaa aaaagaaaag aaaaggaaa agattagatt aagattaagt acctacttcc 180  
 tntcccatTT caagtccTga aaatagagga tcagaaatgt tgaggaattc tttaggatag 240  
 aaagggagat gggattttac ttatggggaa agaccgcaa taaagactgn aacttaacca 300  
 cattcccaa gtgnaagggtg ttacccaaga agtaggaacc cttttggctn ttaccttacc 360  
 ttccngaaaa aaacttattn cttaaaatgg aaacccttaa agccggggca 410

<210> 64  
 <211> 199  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(199)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 64  
 cttgttctca aaaaggtcaa agggagcccg acgaggaata aatagcaatg cccTgaattc 60  
 caactgacct tctacagaaa agtgcttgac tgccaagtgg tcttcccagt cattagtgag 120  
 gctctttag aattctccat actcctcttg ggngangnca tnagggttn nggccccaaat 180  
 aggntggggcc tngttaagt 199

<210> 65  
 <211> 125  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(125)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65  
 agcggtagag ttctgtcctg gcatcatcat tcattgtagt atggTcaata ggtgccatga 60  
 aactcagtag cttgctaagg acatgaaacc gaagtttctt gcctttgctg gcctngtngn 120  
 gggtA 125

<210> 66  
 <211> 204  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66  
 attcagaatt ctggcatcgg tatttctata aagtccatca gttagagcag gagcaggccc 60  
 ggaggggacgc cctgaagcag cgggcggaac agagcatctc tgaagagccc ggctgggagg 120  
 aggaggaaga ggagctcatg ggcatttcac ccatatctcc aaaagaggca aaggttcctg 180  
 tggacctcgg ccgcgaccac gcta 204

<210> 67  
 <211> 383  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(383)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 67  
 tcagggcctc caggcagcca gttttgcagg anattcagca cctagngtct tcctgcctna 60  
 cgctcccaag aacctgctcc tgcaggggga acatcagaac tcgtccctga tgtcaaaatg 120  
 gggctggtct tnaggcttga agtccagggt agggctgcca tcctcattga gaattctccg 180  
 ggcagtgtan ccgacgatgg ggtatttggc tttgtacact ttgggtgaaaa cctnatccag 240  
 ggcctccagt tccttggccg tganaccgt antgtcatgg gtgaggtctg caggatccaa 300  
 ggacatcttg gctaccctc tagtggagtc cttcccgcgc aaggcattgt aaggggctcc 360  
 tcgtccataa aactcctttt cgg 383

<210> 68  
 <211> 99  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68  
 tcacatctcc tttttttttt aactttttca aatttttgtg ttaaatagaa ggctaaaggg 60  
 ttagatttaa gtttctgcta cattgacct atttaccta 99

<210> 69  
 <211> 37  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(37)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69  
 gagaaggacn tacggncctg ntantanang aatctcc 37

<210> 70  
 <211> 222  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(222)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 70

gtgggtcatt	tttgctgtca	ccagcaacgt	tgccacgacg	aacatccttg	acagacacat	60
tcttgacatt	gaagcccaca	ttgtccccag	gaagagcttc	actcaaagct	tcatggcgca	120
tttcgacaga	ttttacttcc	gttgtaacgt	tgactggagc	aaaggtgacc	accataccgg	180
gtttgagaac	acccantcac	ctgccccggg	cgcccgctcg	aa		222

<210> 71

<211> 428

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(428)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71

caggagtatt	ttgtagaaaa	gccagaagag	cattagtaga	tgtatggaaa	tatacggtag	60
ggcacacgct	gacagtactt	ttcccaagcc	acgccgtatt	tcttcttaca	gtggtactcg	120
tcacgagctt	ctcgggtggac	aagcaacatg	gtgaaataaa	ttatgtagaa	ataaggcaga	180
atgtgggttaa	aaccacatgg	gagggaccac	gccaaggcca	tgatgagatc	accaagtaa	240
ttgggggtggc	gaacaaagcc	ccaccatcca	gaaactagaa	naatTTTTcc	cgttgaaata	300
tgaatggntt	ttaaattgtc	aagctttgga	tactgggaa	ttttcccgaa	tgcttttttc	360
tganaattgc	accttnggaa	gantccttac	cccaagnttc	agaccattat	ttnaaaagcn	420
ttggaact						428

<210> 72

<211> 264

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(264)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72

gaataaagag	cttactggaa	tccagcaggg	ttttctgccc	aaggatttgc	aagctgaagc	60
tctctgcaaa	cttgatagga	gagtaaaaag	ccacaataga	gcagtttatg	aagatcttgg	120
aggagattga	cacacttgat	cctgccagaa	aatttcaaag	acagtagatt	gaaaaggaaa	180
ggctttggta	aaaaaagggt	caggcattcc	tagccgantg	tgacacagtg	gagcanaaca	240
tctgcangag	actgancggc	tgca				264

<210> 73

<211> 442

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(442)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 73

```

ggcgaatccg gcgggtatca gagccatcag aaccgccacc atgacggtgg gcaagagcag      60
caagatgctg cagcatattg attacaggat gaggtgcatc ctgcaggacg gccggatctt      120
cattggcacc ttcaaggctt ttgacaagca catgaatttg atcctctgtg actgtgatga      180
gttcagaaaag atcaagccaa agaacttcaa acaagcagaa agggaagaga agcagatcct      240
cggctctgng ctgctgccaa gggagaatct ggtctcaatg acngtagaag gaccttcttc      300
caaagatact ggnattgctc gagtccact tgctggaact tcccggggcc caaggatcgc      360
aaggcttctg gcaaaagaaa tccanacttn ggccgggacc acctaanca attcacacac      420
tggcggccgt actagtggat cc                                     442

```

&lt;210&gt; 74

&lt;211&gt; 337

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(337)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 74

```

ggtagcagcg tctccagagc ctgatctggg gtcccagata cccaggcagc agcagccctg      60
gaggtaaag gcaagctccc caatgtgagg ggagacccca ttcctgggtca gccaggcttt      120
cagaggagat agcaggctga gggagccaac gaagaagaga ctgccancag ggggaaggact      180
gtcccgccaa ggacagaact gattcagggg ggtcaatgct cctctagaga agagccacac      240
agaactgggg ggtccaggaa ccatgaanct tggctgtggg ctaaggagcc aggaatcttg      300
acagtgttct gggtcatacc aggattctgg aattgta                                     337

```

&lt;210&gt; 75

&lt;211&gt; 588

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(588)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 75

```

catgatgagt tctgagctac ggaggaaccc tcatttcctc aaaagtaatt tattttttaca      60
gcttctggtt tcacatgaaa ttgtttgcgc tactgagact gttactacaa actttttaag      120
acatgaaaag gcgtaatgaa aaccatcccg tcccattcc tcctcctctc tgagggactg      180
gagggagacc gtgcttctga ggaacaactc taattagtac acttgtgttt gtagatttac      240
actttgtatt atgtattaac atggcgtggt tatttttgta tttttctctg gttgggagta      300
tgatatgaag gatcaagatc ctcaactcac acatgtagac aaacattagc tctttactct      360
ttctcaaccc cttttatgat ttaataatt ctcacttaac taattttgta agcctgagat      420
caataagaaa tgttcaggag agangaaaga aaaaaaatat atgttcccca tttatatatta      480
gagagagacc cttantcttg cctgcaaaaa gtccaccttt catagtagta ngggccacat      540
attacattca gttgctatag gncagcactg aactgcatta cctgggca                                     588

```

&lt;210&gt; 76

&lt;211&gt; 196

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien



<400> 76  
 gcggtatcac agcctggccc ccatgtacta tcggggggcc caggctgcca tcgtggtcta 60  
 tgacatcacc aacacagata catttgacg ggccaagaac tgggtgaagg agctacagag 120  
 gcaggccagc cccaacatcg tcattgcact cgcggtaac aaggcagacc tggacctgcc 180  
 cgggcggccg ctcgaa 196

<210> 77  
 <211> 458  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(458)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 77  
 agtagagatg gggtttcact gtgttaacca ggatggtctt gatctcctgg cctcgtgatc 60  
 tgccgcgctc ggcctcccaa agtggtggga ttacaggcgt gaaccaccgc acccggccag 120  
 aaatgttagt ttttccctat tctctctct ttttctatt atatacttgg tcaaccagac 180  
 agccatccta cccanaatg gtaatgcctc ttcattcctc atatgaggga ataaaagaga 240  
 aaaaagcttt tggaaaacat ccacttatct aatcatccca aatatgtaat caaaagtata 300  
 caactcatgt gaagaatata ctggtaaaat gttantatag gccaaggtat cttgaattcc 360  
 tatatagaaa gctggtaaaat gcccttttgg ctggaaccgc catcttcnn taattcnccc 420  
 aaaatgacca aacacaaagg gnaagangan aagcccc 458

<210> 78  
 <211> 464  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(464)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 78  
 tccgcaaatt tcctgccggc aaggctccag catttgaggg tgatgatgga ttctgtgtgt 60  
 ttgagagcaa cgccattgcc tactatgtga gcaatgagga gctgcgggga agtactccag 120  
 aggcagcagc ccagggtggtg cagtgggtga gctttgctga ttccgatata gtgccccag 180  
 ccagtacctg ggtgttcccc acctggggca tcatgcacca caacaaacag gccactgaga 240  
 atgcaaagga ggaagtgagg cgaattctgg ggctgctgga tgcttacttg aagacgagga 300  
 cttttctggt gggcgaacga gtgacattgg ctgacatcac agttgtctgc accctgttgt 360  
 ggctctataa gcaggntcta gaaccttctt ttcgcangac cttcggccgg accacgctta 420  
 acccaaattc cacacacttg cnggccgtac taanggaatc ccac 464

<210> 79  
 <211> 380  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(380)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 79
ctgtatgacc agttttttcca tctccttcac ttctaccttg atcagctcga agtccagttc      60
agtgtgaagaa atggtatcct tctccatgat gtcaattcgg acagttaggt ttaacagttt      120
cttttcatac aactaatta attggacata ttccctcact ttanaaagtt ctttctcaaa      180
cttctganaa aagaacatga actgtgaatt ccaagcggtc ccactctgtc cacgggaaaa      240
ggtggtgtct ggcagggaaa cagaacactg gcaggtccac ggtcatccac ggagccggtg      300
aaattgggaa aacaactggg acacagaacc tccgtgcctt aagctgcggn tgggagcttg      360
gaacccgacc tggaactgga

```

<210> 80

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(360)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 80
tcgagcggcc gccggggcag gtctcagag agctgtttgt tncgcttctt caaaaactcc      60
tattctccac ttctgctaaa ggactggatg acatcaattg tgatagcaat atttgtgggt      120
gttctgtcan ncancatcgc actcctgaac aaagtagatg ttggattgga tcagtctctt      180
tccaccaga tgactcctan atggtggatn atttcaaadc catcantcag tacctgcatg      240
cgnggtccgc ctgtgtncct tgtcctgcag gangggcnct actacacttc ttccnagggg      300
canaacatgg tgtgcngcgg ccatgggctg gcaacantga ttcnctgctg caccanatan      360

```

<210> 81

<211> 440

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(440)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 81
acgtggtccg gcgagtctga cctgcagata tgaactcctt gggaaacctt cattctgcct      60
cagacatact gggggcaaat ggcttttaaaa gtctggctca gggagccaag attacagaaa      120
nccgttgagt cncatacat ggacactgac aaaggaaactg aagatatcca aacaagccct      180
cctgggtccc ngcctgcata aagatcggga ncggaacggt accngacgtc tgtggtcagg      240
ggttgtggaa aattggaaaa aaccagtcct gccacattg acaggggaagc ctcaacggaa      300
attgaacaga tngtcttacc accagtctcc cctcctggat cntgtctcgg ctcnngggan      360
tcagtgatca gtcctttcag gtggaagaag caaagaagat caacaanaag cngatcctct      420
cacctgntac cagcatatgg

```

<210> 82

<211> 264

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (264)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82

agcgtggtcg	cggccgangt	cctgacattc	ctgccttctt	atattaatta	tacnaataaa	60
acaaaatagt	gttgaagtgt	tggagcggcg	aaaatttttg	gggggtggta	tggacagaga	120
atgggcgatn	ttctcanggc	tgcttcaagt	gggattgggg	cngcgtggga	tcatncagtg	180
gganagattn	cnctgaccgg	antctnttgg	tanggatnat	cttgtgggga	tgtgcaagag	240
ncattcgtct	cctgaatgan	tggt				264

<210> 83

<211> 410

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (410)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83

ancgtggtcg	cggccgangt	ccacagttgt	gggagagcca	gccattgtgg	gggcagctcc	60
acaggtaaga	ctcgtgtcct	gagcagcgca	catcatccag	gacaatgggt	cctgagccct	120
gaccaaaccg	ggcatttcct	ggggctgaca	tggcccagcc	acagcccant	tgctgcaga	180
cgaaattggc	atcattgggt	tcccagtant	catcacacac	ggtgccccag	gaacctccgg	240
tatangaact	ccactcggcc	tcnanacctg	tcgcctccat	tcncagcct	cagggggcaa	300
actgggattc	agatccttct	gtgggtacag	gtggtgatat	cctgacaggc	caactttctg	360
gcctgagtgt	tgactgangc	tgggcagacc	tgcccgggcy	gccgctcgaa		410

<210> 84

<211> 320

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (320)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84

tcgaacggcc	gcccgggcag	gtctgcccc	gggtgatcca	tttgccgccg	atctctatca	60
naaggagctg	gctaccctgc	nncgacgaan	tcctgaanat	aatctcacc	ncccagatct	120
ctctgtcgca	atggagatgt	cgatcatcgg	ggncctgatc	acagggcatt	ggactcagag	180
anangtnanc	acagtgtnga	agcgattgan	nnagttcagt	tgctgggtct	acccgatntt	240
ggaaggaagg	aaaacgtggt	angacgtatc	tcgatgnant	tgaccaaanc	tgaangctnc	300
agggggcatc	gcaaaganan					320

<210> 85

<211> 218

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (218)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

tcgagcggcc	gcccgggcag	gtctgctgcc	cgtgctggtg	ccattgcccc	atgtgaagtc	60
actgtgccag	cccagaacac	tggctctcggg	cccagagaaga	ctcctttctc	caggctntan	120
gtatcaccac	taaaatctcc	aggggcacca	tnganatcct	gggtgtccgc	aatggtgcca	180
atgtctgtcc	gcnnattggc	taccaactg	ttgcatca			218

<210> 86

<211> 283

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(283)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

tcgacttctt	gtgaaggttt	tgganaaata	tgtatcagtt	cgttttattt	gggtattcaa	60
taatatacct	ggtgataatg	ctgactccat	ggcttctgac	cccaaaaatt	gaccctgctg	120
ccactgggtg	tagccctgag	attgattttt	gtagccacga	ttgtttcctc	gtcctctgaa	180
gtnctgggtg	tanttccttc	tgtngggcat	tcccctctgt	tgtanttccc	tctgtttgan	240
taactaccac	ggccaggaaa	aacaggggca	cgaaggatat	gat		283

<210> 87

<211> 179

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(179)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

agcgtgggtc	cggccgatgt	ctttctgtgt	aagtgcataa	cactccacat	acttgacatc	60
cttcangtca	cgggccagct	nttcagcant	ctctggagtg	ataggctact	gtntgttctn	120
ggcaagtgtc	tcaanaatac	aggggtcntc	tctgagatga	ntttcagtc	cgaaccctc	179

<210> 88

<211> 512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(512)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

tcgagcggcc	gcccgggcag	gtcctanacan	agaatcacca	aatttatgga	gagttaacag	60
gggtttaaca	ggaangaagt	gccttttagta	agttctcaag	ccagangctg	gaggcagcag	120
ctaaatcaga	ggacaggatc	ctcagtgaaa	gtgagccatt	cggggtggca	tgctactcca	180
ggaataagca	caacttanaa	acaaatgatt	tcgtangata	gcacagtgc	attggtgcac	240

```

ttgtgaacct gagggccactg tgtcaaactg tgcactgggt gtgaataggg aganccaaaa      300
attatgtcct actgggtaat gagctttcaa tgggctcgat cctctcacnc tgaaagctct      360
gtagagcagc tcagaaccac aaccactccc aacattgacc cttctggggg tactgtctgt      420
ggcaccacaca ggaaggagct ggagatcccc attaggactg tccaccacaca cttgaagcca      480
caaaactgca cctcggccgc gaccaccgct ta                                     512

```

```

<210> 89
<211> 358
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (358)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 89
tcgagcgggc cgcccgggca ggtctgccag tccccatccc agacattctt tgcattctaa      60
ctgangtctg aactgagtgg ggtgggctgg tgtttccatc ctcacaactc cagtgaagccg      120
ggtgtggccg tggcctgcgt ctctctggcg gttagtgatg ttggcatcat ccaccttttt      180
caaaacaaaa gcaactggact gaagaanaat ccncacctgt ntccaccacg tccatggttt      240
ttaataaaaag ggttatnnaa gttgancaag ncatcaccac acacaancct aagaacnttt      300
ttcatcnntc cccaaaacaa accncacccc tgggaactcc gggcgcgaaac cagccta       358

```

```

<210> 90
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (250)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 90
cgagcggccg cccgggcagg tctggatggg gagacggact ggaactgcgg cttcccgtgg      60
cctgcacgca caaggctccc cacggccgcc gaccttcttc agattcgatc gtatgtgtac      120
gcacnaagag ccaaatattg acattcacia cttcgtggga atnttacccc anaagactgc      180
gacccccga tcaggcgana gcctgagcat agaagaacac cgctgtgggc ttggcactgt      240
gggncccatc                                     250

```

```

<210> 91
<211> 133
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (133)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 91
tcgagcggcc gncgggcag gtcccgggtg gttgtttgcc gaaatgggca agttcntnaa      60
ncctgggaag gtgggtgcntg tnctggctgg acgctactcc ggacgcnaag ctgtcntcgt      120
gangancatt gat                                     133

```

<210> 92  
 <211> 232  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(232)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92  
 agcgtggctg cgcccgangt ctgtcacttt gcggggtag cggtcattc cagccaccag 60  
 agcatggctg tagggcgat ctgaggtgcc atcatcaatg ttcttcacga tgacaagctt 120  
 tgcgtccgga gttaggtcca gccaggacaa gcaccacctt cccacgtntt cangaactng 180  
 cccatttcgg cataaccacc cgggacctgc ccgggcggnc gctcgaagg cc 232

<210> 93  
 <211> 480  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(480)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93  
 agcgtgggtc gcggccgang tctgtangct caccggccag agaagaccac tgtgagcatt 60  
 ttgccgtata tctgcccctg ccatttgctt acttttttaa ctaaaatagg aacatccgac 120  
 acacaccgtt tgcacgtctt tctcccttga tattttaagc attttcccat gtcgtgagtt 180  
 tctcagaaac atgtttttta caattgtact atttagtcat ngtcatttta ctataattta 240  
 tctgaccatt tccctactgt taaaatactt aagacggttt ctgatttttc cactatttaa 300  
 ataatgctgt gatgaatatt tttaaaatct tctgatttct tacttttttc ccccttagat 360  
 gcctggaagt ggtatttttg ggtgaaagag tttgttcatt ttgaanatat ttctgtctct 420  
 ctctcgacct gatgtgtana cgctcacttc cagtttagcag aaccacctta gtttgtgtct 480

<210> 94  
 <211> 472  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(472)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94  
 tcgagcggnc gcccgggcag ggtctgatgt cantcacaac ttgaagggat gccaatgatg 60  
 taccaatccn atgtgaaatc tctcctctta tctcctatgc tgganaaggg attacaaagt 120  
 tatgtggcng ataannaatt ccatgcacct ctantcatcg atgagaatgg agttcatgan 180  
 ctggtgaacn atggtatctg aacccgatac cangttttgt ttgccacgat angantagct 240  
 tttatttttg atagaccaac tgtgaacctt ccacacgtct tggacnactg anntctaact 300  
 atccncaggg ttttattttg cttgttgaac tcttncagct nttgcaaact tcccaagatc 360  
 canatgactg antttcagat agcattttta tgattccan ctcattgaag gtcttatnta 420

tntcntttttt tccaagccaa ggagaccatt ggacctcggc cgcgaccacc tn 472

<210> 95  
 <211> 309  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(309)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95  
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag agtgtcgagc cagcgtcgcc gcgatgggtgt tgttggagag 60  
 cgagcagttc ctgacggaac tgaccagact ttccanaag tgccggacgt cgggcāncgt 120  
 ctatatcacc ttgaagaant atgacgggtcg aaccaaacc attccaaaga aangtactgt 180  
 gganggcttt gancccgag acaacnagtg tctgttaaga actaccgatn ggaaanaana 240  
 anatcagcac tgtgggtgag ctccnagga agttaataan ttccggatgg gcttattcna 300  
 acctcctta 309

<210> 96  
 <211> 371  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(371)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96  
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtccaccact cacctactcc ccgtctctat agatttgctt 60  
 gttctgggca gttctcagca atggaatcct actgtgtatc tttttgtgac tggttcttta 120  
 actcagcatc acattttcaa ggttcaccca tgctgcagcc tggctccgta ctggtgacag 180  
 tacttcattt ctctctccct tttgttcaga ccaaggtctc cctctgtccc caaggctaaa 240  
 gtgcagttgg tgtgatcatg gctcactgca gcctcaaact cctggactca aacagtccctc 300  
 ccattctcagc ctcccaaagt gctgatntta taagttgcaa gccctgcacc cagcctgtat 360  
 ctccagtttg t 371

<210> 97  
 <211> 430  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(430)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97  
 tcganccggcc gcccgggcag gttntttttt tttntttttt nnnngntagt atttaaagan 60  
 atttattaaa tcatcttatc accaaaatgg aaacatnttc caactagaaa catgcnacca 120  
 tcatcttccc cagtcagtc ncaangtcca atatttttntc tgctctgca gataaaaagt 180  
 tcnnatTTTT ataccactc ttactcccc ccaaaatTTT aattcngtcc tncctaaaa 240  
 ttncnccggg taacaantta ccaaaatggc naaccaatta ttttaanaa aagttgcncn 300

ttnaaaangg aaactttntg gcaanttanc ctcttttccc tccccacccc ccantttaag 360  
gggaaaacaa tggcactttg ctcttgcttn aaccctaaaat tgtcttccaa aaactattaa 420  
aaatgttnaa 430

<210> 98

<211> 307

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(307)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 98

tcnaacggcc gccnnggcnn gtctngcngc acctgtgcct caccgctcga tacctggctcg 60  
attgggacan ggaanacaat ntggttttca gggaggccac anatttgag aaacggatga 120  
attctccttt attccgaant cagctccttg gtctccgtag anggtgatct tgaaattctc 180  
ctgttttgaa aactttcttg aanaaacctt acctgctggt tgtatttggc ctcccactcg 240  
gacaagtact cgttatccnn ggtactctta atgtgccac gtnaactccc cgggntggca 300  
actggaa 307

<210> 99

<211> 207

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(207)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 99

gtccnggacc gatgttgcn aagantttct tgggccanta gggtcnaaaa aatgataanc 60  
naggtntanc acgtgaagat ntntatanag tcttantnaa aacnctaga tctgnatgac 120  
gataantcga anacnggggg aggggntgag gngaggtggn gtganggaag anntgttgat 180  
aaaagannna gntgataaga annagac 207

<210> 100

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 100

acntnnacta gaantaacag ncnttctang aacactacca tctgtnttca catgaaatgc 60  
cacacacata naaactccaa catcaatttc attgcacaga ctgactgtaa ttaattttgt 120  
cacaggaatc tatggactga atctaatgcn nccccaaatg ttgttngttt gcaatntcaa 180  
acatnnttat tccancagat 200

<210> 101



<211> 51  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(51)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 101  
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtctgaccag tgganaaatg cccagttatt g 51

<210> 102  
 <211> 385  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(385)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 102  
 aacgtggtcg cggccgaagt ccatggtgct gggattaatc cactgtgaacn gtgactctga 60  
 gttgagttgt ttttcaatct tctccaagcc tgtggactca tcctccacat ccttgggtag 120  
 taggatgaac atgctgaaga tgctnathtt gaaaaggaa cctatgaatc ttacaattga 180  
 atactgtcaa tgtttcccca tnacagaacg tggnccccca aggttccatc atctgcactg 240  
 ggtttgggtg ttctgtcttg gttgactctt gaaaaggagc atttctttt gttttcttga 300  
 attcanggaa attttcttca tccactttgc ccacaaaagt taggcagcat ttaaccccca 360  
 anggattttg ggtctgggtc cttcc 385

<210> 103  
 <211> 189  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(189)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 103  
 agcgtggtcg cggccgaagt ctgcagcctg ggactgaccg ggaagctctg attatattacc 60  
 caccacaggt angttgtgtt ctgaatctca agttcacagg ttaagggtac agcatcctca 120  
 tcctccacgg ggttggantt gttgctggtg atgaanggtt tggggtggct ctgcataact 180  
 gttgatctc 189

<210> 104  
 <211> 181  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(181)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 104
tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtccaggtct ccaccaangc accaccgtgg gaagctggta      60
attgatgccc accttgaagc cnntggggca ccatccncca actggatgct gcgcttggtt      120
ttgatgggtgg caatggcaca ttgactcttt tgggaaccac ttcaccacgg tacaacaggc      180
a                                                                181

```

```

<210> 105
<211> 327
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(327)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 105
tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtcttctgtg gagtctgcgt gggcatcgtg ggcagtgggg      60
ctgccctggc cgatgctcan aaccccagcc tctttgtaaa gattctcatc gtgganatct      120
ttggcagcgc cattggcctc tttgggggtca tcgtcgcaat tcttcanacc tccanaatga      180
anatgggtga ctanataata tgtgtgggtn gggccgtgcc tcacttttat ttattgctgg      240
ttttcctggg acagaactcg ggcgcgaaca cgcttanccg aattccaaca cactggcggg      300
cgttactagt ggatccgagc tcggtac                                     327

```

```

<210> 106
<211> 268
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(268)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 106
agcgtgggtcg cggccgangt ctggcgtgtg ccacatcggt cccacctcgc tttacaaaac      60
agtcctgaac ttnatctaataaaaattattg tacacnacat ttacattaga aaaaganagc      120
tgggtgtang aaaccgggccc tgggtgttccc ttttaagcgaa ngtggctcca cagttggggc      180
atcgctcgctt cctcnaagca aaaacgccaa tgaacccna aggggggaaaa aggaatgaag      240
gaactgnccn gggangnccg ctccgaaa                                     268

```

```

<210> 107
<211> 353
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(353)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 107
tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtggccaggc catgttatgg gatctcaacg aaggcaaaca      60
cctttacacn ctagatgggtg gggacatcat caacgccctg tgcttcagcc ctaaccgcta      120

```

```

ctggctgtgt gctgccgcag gccccagcat caagatctgg gatttanagg gaaagatcnt 180
tgttnatgaa ctgaancnta aattatcagt tccannacca ngcaaaaacc acccngtgca 240
ctccctggcc tggctctgtg atgggacctc gggcgcgaaac acgctnancc caattccanc 300
acactgggcg gncgttacta ntggatccga actcnggtac caancttggc gtt 353

```

<210> 108

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(360)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 108

```

agcgtggtcg cggccgaagt cctggcctca catgaccctg ctccagcaac ttgaacagga 60
naagcagcag ctacatcctt aaggcccgga aagtttagatg aagatttgga tcctgcattg 120
ncctgcctcc cacctatctc tccnaatta taaacagcct ccttgggaag cagcagaatt 180
taaaaactct ccnctgccc tnttgaacta cacaccnacc gggaaaacct tttcanaat 240
ggcacaaaaa tncnaggga tgcatttcca tgaangaana aactgggtta cccaaaatta 300
ttgggttggg gaaatccngg gggggttttn aaaaaagggc aanccnccaa anaaaaaac 360

```

<210> 109

<211> 101

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(101)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 109

```

atcgtggtcn cggccgaagt cctgtgtcct ggatgggccc tgtgcancga atccgttggc 60
gactcctaac taccaaaaaa angactctcg gaagaaattt c 101

```

<210> 110

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 110

```

ccanggaaac ccagagtcac atgagatagg gtggctttcg ggacaggggg tcagangaat 60
ggtacatgga tctcagcccc tgatggacac ggaacagggtg tggtcagaac tcccangatt 120
ctgcattccan gatccagtct ctatagaagt tatggatcat tccttcattt cattcccccc 180
ttcatgaaaa aacttctgaa caagcctttt ttctcacttt ggggccctgt ttggcncaag 240
gtnttnantt ggggaaaaaa aaacaaatcc ntccnttan ccctccgtgg ggaatgacct 300

```

<210> 111

<211> 366  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(366)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 111  
 cgagcggccg cccgggcagg tccttgtgtt gccatctgtt ancattgatt tctggaatgg 60  
 aacanccttc tcaaagtttg gtcttgctan tcatgaagtc atgtcagtgt ctttaagtcac 120  
 tgctgtcac ttctttaccc agggaaatata ctgcataagt ttctgaacac ctgttttcan 180  
 tattcactgt tcctctcctg cccaaaattg gaagggacct catttaaaaa tcaaatttga 240  
 atcctgaaan aaaaaongga aatntttctc ttggaatttg gaatagaatt attcanttga 300  
 ataacatggt ttttccccct gccttgctct tcncaanaac atctggacct cggccgcgac 360  
 acctta 366

<210> 112  
 <211> 405  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(405)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 112  
 ctgactncta aactttcta tcnatcaana taactactct ccttccgtct tncagagtgt 60  
 tcacaataaa tctgtgaatc tggcatacac agttgctgga aaattgttct tcctccacna 120  
 aaaggtcaat tggttcncnc atgaaanaag ataaattgtt catccatcac tncatgaacca 180  
 tccaaaacgc cggcggaatt attnccccgt tattatgggg aacggaattt tnaataaatt 240  
 tgggaangaa tggggccttt attgttttgt tttccccctt tcttggcatt gattggggccg 300  
 caatggggcc cctcgctcan aanntgcccc ggggccggcc gctccaaaac cgaaattccc 360  
 anccacactt ggcggggcgt tactanttgg atccgaactc ggtta 405

<210> 113  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 113  
 ggatagaaga gtatatgggt ttggcaccac ggggtggata ggcaaaacat ttggttgata 60  
 aggcgcagat tctgaactaa cttgtaaggc ttgtctgggt ttaggacagg taaaatgggg 120  
 gaatggtaag gagagtttat aggttttagg agcccatgct gtagcaggca agtgataaca 180  
 ggctttaatc ctttcaaagc atgctgtggg atgagatatt ggcatttgag cggggtaagg 240  
 gtgattaggt tttaatgaga tggtaagggg tgcgatgacc ggtccgcaa ggaagggag 300  
 tagaggtatc ttatacttgt ggggttaagg tgggggggat ataagagggg ggacgccaaa 360  
 ggaggccttg gattaggaat aaggggcggc aatgagatgc a 401

<210> 114  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(401)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 114  
 angtcacag gangcangag gccaggctcc gtcccancca gtccatgatg ttgaagagga 60  
 ggaagcagca catggggttg aagaactgac tccacttccc aggactgggtg gagctgggtca 120  
 ccatggctgt ggtggcgggg aagacggaca gggtgacttc tggaagacag tgaagactga 180  
 aggttttcct ggcttctggg gctcatctgg ctctgattcc ggctccttct ccagggtcaag 240  
 atccagggtt cagagctact ttcttggggg actactnggg aatcccgttc tcctctgggg 300  
 gtngaggggg gacggggnaa gggncatgct tgtgacccag gtttcccacc tcggcccgcg 360  
 accacgctaa ggcccgaatt ncagcacact tggcggcccc t 401

<210> 115  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 115  
 atccctgtaa gtctattaaa tgtaaataat acatacttta caacttctct tagtcggccc 60  
 ttggcagatt aaatctttgc aaaattccat atgtgctatt gaaaaatgaa ataaaacctc 120  
 agatgtctga attcttattt caaatacagt tatataatta ttttaaatta caatatacaa 180  
 tttctgttaa atacaactgt taagggtatc tgagaacaat tataagatta taataatata 240  
 taaaaactaa cttctgaaat gacatgggtt gtttccttcc caccctccta cctctctaaa 300  
 gagtttttgc atttgctgtt cctggttgca aaaggcaaaa gaaaatctaa aaatagtctg 360  
 tgtgtgtcca cgacatgctc gtccttttga gaatctcaaa c 401

<210> 116  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116  
 ngatttaatt gnnagcttct ttttaatgga atnnttggtt aaaatgaatt gatgattatg 60  
 aatatcccta ggaggagtta gcatggannn tgatcatttt cttngnactc ctttangaca 120  
 nggaaacagg natcagcatg anggtancan aaaccttatn accnangcgc acganctgac 180  
 ttcttccaaa gagttgnggt tccgggcagc ggtcattgcc gtgcccattg ctggagggtc 240  
 gattctagtg ntgcttatta tgctggccct gaggatgctt ccaanatgaa aataagangc 300  
 t 301

<210> 117  
 <211> 383  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

```

aattgcaact ggacttttat tgggcagtta cnacaacnaa tgttttcana aaaatatttg      60
gaaaaaatat accacttcat agctaagtct tacagagaan aggatttgct aataaaactt      120
aagttttgaa aattaagatg cnggtanagc ttctgaacta atgcccacag ctccaaggaa      180
nacatgtcct atttagttat tcaaatacca gttgagggca ttgtgattaa gcaaacaata      240
tatttggtan aactttgntt tttaaattact gntncttgac attacttata aaggagnctc      300
taactttcga tttctaaaac tatgtaatac aaaagtatan ntttcccat tttgataaaa      360
gggccnanga tactgantag gaa                                           383

```

<210> 118

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 118

```

ctgctagaat cactgccgct gtgctttcgt ggaaatgaca gttccttggt ttttttgttt      60
ctgtttttgt tttacattag tcattggacc acagccattc aggaactacc ccctgccccca      120
caaagaaatg aacagttgta gggagaccca gcagcacctt tcctccacac accttcattt      180
tgaagttcgg gtttttggtg taagttaatc tgtacattct gtttgccatt gttacttgta      240
ctatacatct gtatatagtg tacggcaaaa gagtattaat ccactatctc tagtgcttga      300
c                                           301

```

<210> 119

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 119

```

taaggacatg gacccccggc tgattgcatg gaaaggaggg gcagtgttgg cttgtttgga      60
tacaacacag gaactgtgga tttatcagcg agagtggcag cgctttggtg tccgcatgtt      120
acgagagcgg gctgcgtttg tgtggtgaat ggggaggaaa tgctactgcc gaagacccaa      180
aacaagcttc ttggtataaa agactcttac agaatatgtg tattgtaatt tattgatctg      240
gatgcttaag tgctatggac agtaaatgaa tttgaacttt atgtttgagg acatgacatt      300
gggtttgaaa atataaactg cttttgagca gtttaagtca gggcatttga gaataaaata      360
ggaactttct cttcagtttg taaaactctc ttgcctctc t                                           401

```

<210> 120

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 120

```

tccagagata ccacagtcaa acctggagcc aaaaaggaca caaaggactc tcgacccaaa      60
ctgccccaga ccctctccag aggttggggg gaccaactca tctggactca gacatatgaa      120
gaagctctat ataaatccaa gacaagcaac aaacccttga tgattattca tcacttgggt      180
gagtgtccac acagtcaagc tttaaagaaa gtgtttgctg aaaataaaga aatccagaaa      240
ttggcagagc agtttgtcct cctcaatctg gtttatgaaa caactgacaa acacctttct      300
c                                           301

```

<210> 121

<211> 2691

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 121

gcttgcccgt	cggtcgctag	ctcgctcggt	gcgcgctgct	ccgctccatg	gcgctcttcg	60
tgcggctgct	ggctctcgcc	ctggctctgg	ccctgggccc	cgccgcgacc	ctggcggggc	120
ccgccaagtc	gccctaccag	ctggtgctgc	agcacagcag	gctccggggc	cgccagcacg	180
gccccaacgt	gtgtgctgtg	cagaagggtta	ttggcactaa	taggaagtac	ttcaccaact	240
gcaagcagtg	gtaccaaagg	aaaatctgtg	gcaaatacaac	agtcatacagc	tacgagtgtc	300
gtcctggata	tgaaaagggtc	cctggggaga	agggctgtcc	agcagcccta	ccactctcaa	360
acctttacga	gaccctggga	gtcgttggat	ccaccaccac	tcagctgtac	acggaccgca	420
cggagaagct	gaggcctgag	atggaggggc	ccggcagctt	caccatcttc	gcccctagca	480
acgaggcctg	ggcctccttg	ccagctgaag	tgtctggactc	cctggtcagc	aatgtcaaca	540
ttgagctgct	caatgccctc	cgctaccata	tggtagggcag	gcgagtcctg	actgatgagc	600
tgaaacacgg	catgaccctc	acctctatgt	accagaattc	caacatccag	atccaccact	660
atcctaattg	gattgtaact	gtgaactgtg	cccggtcctc	gaaagccgac	caccatgcaa	720
ccaaagggtg	ggtgcacctc	atcgataagg	tcatctccac	catcaccaac	aacatccagc	780
agatcattga	gacgaggac	acctttgaga	cccttcgggc	tgtgtgtggc	gcatcagggc	840
tcaaacacgat	cgttgaagg	aacggccagt	acacgctttt	ggccccgacc	aatgaggcct	900
tcgagaagat	ccctagtgtg	actttgaacc	gtatcctggg	cgaccagaaa	gccttgagag	960
acctgctgaa	caaccacatc	ttgaagtcag	ctatgtgtgc	tgaagccatc	gttcgggggc	1020
tgtctgtaga	gaccctggag	ggcacgacac	tggaggtggg	ctgcagcggg	gacatgctca	1080
ctatcaacgg	gaaggcgatc	atctccaata	aagacatcct	agccaccaac	ggggtgatcc	1140
actacattga	tgagctactc	atcccagact	cagccaagac	actatttgaa	ttggctgcag	1200
agtctgatgt	gtccacagcc	attgaccttt	tcagacaagc	cggcctcggc	aatcatctct	1260
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&lt;210&gt; 122

&lt;211&gt; 683

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 122

Met Ala Leu Phe Val Arg Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu

1	5	10	15
Gly Pro Ala	Ala Thr Leu Ala Gly	Pro Ala Lys Ser Pro Tyr	Gln Leu
20	25	30	
Val Leu Gln	His Ser Arg Leu Arg Gly Arg	Gln His Gly Pro	Asn Val
35	40	45	
Cys Ala Val	Gln Lys Val Ile Gly Thr Asn Arg	Lys Tyr Phe Thr	Asn
50	55	60	
Cys Lys Gln	Trp Tyr Gln Arg Lys Ile Cys Gly	Lys Ser Thr Val	Ile
65	70	75	80
Ser Tyr Glu	Cys Cys Pro Gly Tyr Glu Lys Val	Pro Gly Glu Lys	Gly
85	90	95	
Cys Pro Ala	Ala Leu Pro Leu Ser Asn Leu Tyr	Glu Thr Leu Gly	Val
100	105	110	
Val Gly Ser	Thr Thr Thr Gln Leu Tyr Thr Asp Arg	Thr Glu Lys	Leu
115	120	125	
Arg Pro Glu	Met Glu Gly Pro Gly Ser Phe Thr	Ile Phe Ala Pro	Ser
130	135	140	
Asn Glu Ala	Trp Ala Ser Leu Pro Ala Glu Val	Leu Asp Ser Leu	Val
145	150	155	160
Ser Asn Val	Asn Ile Glu Leu Leu Asn Ala Leu	Arg Tyr His Met	Val
165	170	175	
Gly Arg Arg	Val Leu Thr Asp Glu Leu Lys His	Gly Met Thr Leu	Thr
180	185	190	
Ser Met Tyr	Gln Asn Ser Asn Ile Gln Ile His His	Tyr Pro Asn	Gly
195	200	205	
Ile Val Thr	Val Asn Cys Ala Arg Leu Leu Lys	Ala Asp His His	Ala
210	215	220	
Thr Asn Gly	Val Val His Leu Ile Asp Lys Val	Ile Ser Thr Ile	Thr
225	230	235	240
Asn Asn Ile	Gln Gln Ile Ile Glu Ile Glu Asp	Thr Phe Glu Thr	Leu
245	250	255	
Arg Ala Ala	Val Ala Ala Ser Gly Leu Asn Thr	Met Leu Glu Gly	Asn
260	265	270	
Gly Gln Tyr	Thr Leu Leu Ala Pro Thr Asn Glu	Ala Phe Glu Lys	Ile
275	280	285	
Pro Ser Glu	Thr Leu Asn Arg Ile Leu Gly Asp	Pro Glu Ala Leu	Arg
290	295	300	
Asp Leu Leu	Asn Asn His Ile Leu Lys Ser Ala	Met Cys Ala Glu	Ala
305	310	315	320
Ile Val Ala	Gly Leu Ser Val Glu Thr Leu Glu	Gly Thr Thr Leu	Glu
325	330	335	
Val Gly Cys	Ser Gly Asp Met Leu Thr Ile Asn	Gly Lys Ala Ile	Ile
340	345	350	
Ser Asn Lys	Asp Ile Leu Ala Thr Asn Gly	Val Ile His Tyr	Ile Asp
355	360	365	
Glu Leu Leu	Ile Pro Asp Ser Ala Lys Thr	Leu Phe Glu Leu	Ala Ala
370	375	380	
Glu Ser Asp	Val Ser Thr Ala Ile Asp Leu Phe	Arg Gln Ala Gly	Leu
385	390	395	400
Gly Asn His	Leu Ser Gly Ser Glu Arg Leu Thr	Leu Leu Ala Pro	Leu
405	410	415	
Asn Ser Val	Phe Lys Asp Gly Thr Pro Pro	Ile Asp Ala His	Thr Arg
420	425	430	
Asn Leu Leu	Arg Asn His Ile Ile Lys Asp	Gln Leu Ala Ser	Lys Tyr
435	440	445	



Leu Tyr His Gly Gln Thr Leu Glu Thr Leu Gly Gly Lys Lys Leu Arg  
 450 455 460  
 Val Phe Val Tyr Arg Asn Ser Leu Cys Ile Glu Asn Ser Cys Ile Ala  
 465 470 475 480  
 Ala His Asp Lys Arg Gly Arg Tyr Gly Thr Leu Phe Thr Met Asp Arg  
 485 490 495  
 Val Leu Thr Pro Pro Met Gly Thr Val Met Asp Val Leu Lys Gly Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Asn Arg Phe Ser Met Leu Val Ala Ala Ile Gln Ser Ala Gly Leu Thr  
 515 520 525  
 Glu Thr Leu Asn Arg Glu Gly Val Tyr Thr Val Phe Ala Pro Thr Asn  
 530 535 540  
 Glu Ala Phe Arg Ala Leu Pro Pro Arg Glu Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Gly  
 545 550 555 560  
 Asp Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Asn Ile Leu Lys Tyr His Ile Gly Asp Glu  
 565 570 575  
 Ile Leu Val Ser Gly Gly Ile Gly Ala Leu Val Arg Leu Lys Ser Leu  
 580 585 590  
 Gln Gly Asp Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Leu Lys Asn Asn Val Val Ser Val  
 595 600 605  
 Asn Lys Glu Pro Val Ala Glu Pro Asp Ile Met Ala Thr Asn Gly Val  
 610 615 620  
 Val His Val Ile Thr Asn Val Leu Gln Pro Pro Ala Asn Arg Pro Gln  
 625 630 635 640  
 Glu Arg Gly Asp Glu Leu Ala Asp Ser Ala Leu Glu Ile Phe Lys Gln  
 645 650 655  
 Ala Ser Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Gln Arg Ser Val Arg Leu Ala Pro  
 660 665 670  
 Val Tyr Gln Lys Leu Leu Glu Arg Met Lys His  
 675 680

&lt;210&gt; 123

&lt;211&gt; 1205

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 123

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tgagg						1205

<210> 124  
 <211> 583  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124						
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ggaaggaaac	aaccatgtca	tttcagaagt	tagtttgtat	atattattat	aattctataa	360
ttgttctcag	aatcccttaa	cagttgtatt	taacagaaat	tgtatattgt	aatttaaaat	420
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atagcacata	tggaattttg	caaagattta	atctgccaa	ggccgactaa	gagaagttgt	540
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<210> 125  
 <211> 783  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125						
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tgaatttgta	ttatgtcaga	tcacttggca	ttgtctctcc	atatgcatca	agttgccagg	360
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caaacagcat	ataaaatgat	caagtcttga	aagagaaaag	aagcaaagta	gcaaatacat	660
caacaattca	ctatcagaaa	cacataaaat	cccagagaga	gagaaggcag	tatctctgaa	720
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ctg						783

<210> 126  
 <211> 604  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126						
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aaaa						604

&lt;210&gt; 127

&lt;211&gt; 417

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 127

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&lt;210&gt; 128

&lt;211&gt; 657

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 128

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aatctccttg	tggtatttag	tcatttacca	ttaacacata	ttatggctta	aaaagggcca	180
tccttccctt	ttctgagctg	gagttcttca	cgtcacctt	tgatgcattg	ccttagctgg	240
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&lt;210&gt; 129

&lt;211&gt; 1220

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 129

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aacgtgcccc	gcatgtagat	tctggactaa	cagacaacat	acattcaccg	ctggtcaccc	120
agatcctcat	tcaaaccac	tgctggcaca	tccctttcct	tactttgccc	tgtgctacca	180
gccacggaag	gagcctctct	tgttttttct	ataaaatggg	taggcaggag	aaaagcaggt	240
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&lt;210&gt; 130

&lt;211&gt; 1274

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 130

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&lt;210&gt; 131

&lt;211&gt; 554

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)... (554)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 131

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ttccctcccc	actattctta	ttctcaaccc	ccagaggaac	caaggctgct	gtaccacact	180
cagggacaga	actccacact	atagtgggaa	agcttcaggg	acccctcctt	ttagtgtctc	240
gggctcacct	atgctactgg	tccttttggc	aaaaaaggaa	aatgatagag	ccagggttgc	300

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taccatagc tagctttctg ccctcaaaaa ctcagccttc aagggatcca gccacacac 540
gccacaggca gcag 554

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&lt;210&gt; 132

&lt;211&gt; 787

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 132

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cacgcctgcc atggcttgag ctggggtgag gagggtgctt tatcttcttt gggagatcct 600
gactggttgc gcacttgcta agggcaggaa gtctggaggg ctgcaggaat ggtgccgttg 660
ataaacaggt ggacttataa tcatcatgca ctgcaattgt agaacatagt ctctgcctt 720
ttctcatttg tataattgtc tgggtcaata ttctccaat attgggaggg gctctgcagc 780
cctccag 787

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&lt;210&gt; 133

&lt;211&gt; 219

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(219)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 133

```

tactgctcta agttttgtna aatttttcat attttaattt caagcttatt ttggagagat 60
aggaaggtca tttccatgta tgcataataa tcctgcaaag tacaggtagt ttgtctaaga 120
aacattggaa gcagggttaa tgttttgtaa actttgaaat atatggtcta atgtttaagc 180
agaattggaa nagactaata tcggttaaca aataacaac 219

```

&lt;210&gt; 134

&lt;211&gt; 234

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 134

```

gattttaaaa acatcatgac tttgaactga aaaacataca cgtttagcac acaaattattg 60
taatatgaat gaactccaac tccatttgaa aacatgtgaa tcaaagtaca gttttagaag 120
ttagtaattc acatttaagc aagttagcgc cttagctgaat acagcctttg taaaaaagag 180
acttagtgca tattttaatg gtacattgtg gttttgtacc atttggttga gttg 234

```

&lt;210&gt; 135

<211> 414  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 135  
 ctccagcctg gctatatccg gtcccgtctat aacctgggca tcagctgcat caacctcggg 60  
 gctcaccggg aggctgtgga gcactttctg gaggccctga acatgcagag gaaaagccgg 120  
 ggcccccggt gtgaaggagg tgccatgtcg gagaacatct ggagcaccct gcgtttggca 180  
 ttgtctatgt taggccagag cgatgcctat ggggcagccg acgcgcggga tctgtccacc 240  
 ctcctaacta tgtttggcct gccccagtga cagtgggacg ggctgccctg tgagtgtcca 300  
 cctggggatt aaatatgtct tcaacaaggg aggcctggct tctacaatgg tttaggtaaa 360  
 ggggcctttg aagtagtctt ggccaggctt gcaatacaca caacacaaga gccca 414

<210> 136  
 <211> 461  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 136  
 gaagtgatta ataggtttat ttgcatatac acagagaaga gtcagcattg ttgggtgaga 60  
 agaggcaggc tgtgaggagg taaggcttca gcagaggaag gcaccttgac agacaacacg 120  
 agactcctat taaatcagca cagttgcaa cttcacctgc ctcaagccaa cagctcattg 180  
 aactcatatg tcgattgaga atcatttaca aaaccaggag agaaacaatg ggaagagcaa 240  
 cggctctctca tccctggacc tgacactcaa aacattatgt acaggatgca ggaacaaaat 300  
 ctgtctgac agtgccctct cctgctggga aaaacacca tcacgggaaga atttggggat 360  
 taaatatgtc ttcaacaagg gaggcctggc ttctacaatg gtttaggtta aggggccttt 420  
 gaagtagttc tggccaggct tgcaatacac acaacacaag a 461

<210> 137  
 <211> 269  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 137  
 atagcaaatt gacacaaatt acaaattgtg gtgctgggga cgaagacatc tttgaaggtc 60  
 atgagtttgt tagtttaaca tcatatattt gtaatagtga aacctgtact caaaatataa 120  
 gcagcttgaa actggcttta ccaatcttga aatttgacca caagtgtctt atatatgcag 180  
 atctaattga aaatccagaa cttggactcc atcggttaaaa ttatttatgt gtaacattca 240  
 aatgtgtgca ttaaatatgc ttccacagt 269

<210> 138  
 <211> 452  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(452)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138  
 ctccatggga ggcaaaatat agagaattta tgggtgccaa ctcttatgta atcactggac 60  
 taatcttccc tggttaactat gcaacatttg gacagaaagg cacacaaaaa agtttaata 120  
 tttcatgtgc caatctggaa aaaaataatt taaatcaaca gaacagacag tacatctaca 180  
 caaatgagga aagcagaaaa gatacctcac attcatttat ctcaggtttc aaagtggctt 240

caatgctaaa	gtaaatgtat	taacatttgg	aaaatacaag	acaatttttt	tgtttgtttt	300
caattttttt	agctctatac	aatgattaca	acataagaca	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaacacaa	360
aaaacaaaac	aaaaaaggag	ttcaggactt	gttatcagt	tccaagtggc	taanaactgg	420
ttcccataac	aagcattgaa	agttaaggcc	cc			452

<210> 139  
 <211> 474  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 139						
tgtgcctcat	tgagggttaca	attgaaacag	atgtgagcac	ctgagagact	ttccctgatt	60
atattcctcc	acaaaccact	gtaccatatt	accttatttt	atcttcttga	aattcttatt	120
cattggcttg	tttgttgtct	ctttgcatta	gatatatgta	agctccttgg	cataaatttg	180
acattggtag	gggactgaca	ttctaacctg	gcccaggccc	taggagagag	ataactccac	240
aaagcagcac	atactatctt	aggttagcag	ggagctaact	caccatgtag	cagatgaaaa	300
aaaccaaacc	cagcactgtg	cataaatacc	acttgccaag	aagtcaggtc	ctcggcaacc	360
gagaatcaac	ctcagcacaa	acgcaggtag	ctgggctctg	ttccccctta	gccaccacct	420
cagcctctcc	cctccccctg	cccaagtgcc	caagagcttg	gctctctgtg	cttt	474

<210> 140  
 <211> 487  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 140						
cttccctgcc	tcgtgttcc	gagaaacgga	ttaatagccc	tttatcccc	tgcaccctcc	60
tgcaggggat	ggcactttga	gccctctgga	gccctcccc	tgctgagcct	tactctcttc	120
agactttctg	aatgtacagt	gccgttggtt	gggatttggg	gactggaagg	gaccaaggac	180
actgacccca	agctgtcctg	cctagcgccc	agcgtcttct	aggaggggtg	ggctctgctg	240
tcctgggtgtg	gttgggtttg	ccctgtttgc	tgtgactacc	ccccccccct	cccgaaccga	300
gggacggctg	cctttgtctc	tgctcagat	gccacctgcc	ccgcccctgc	tccccatcag	360
cagcatccag	actttcagga	agggcagggc	cagccagtc	agaaccgcat	ccctcagcag	420
ggactgataa	gccatctctc	ggaggggccc	ctaataccca	agtggagtct	ggttcacacc	480
ctggggg						487

<210> 141  
 <211> 248  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(248)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141						
ttaaagatgg	ggaaatgagg	cctgnaaata	gaaaagattt	gcctagagtc	acacacactg	60
tcagggtcagg	tagagtcaaa	atcaggcacc	ccgactcaca	gactgcttca	cattgccatc	120
agagattgtc	ctgcaacaat	attatgttta	gttctactgc	agaatgataa	ctggatctta	180
ccccctttgc	ctgatctggc	cacaaacttg	tttttcaggt	ctttccatta	ggctctcttc	240
agctaatt						248

<210> 142  
 <211> 173

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 142

tactaagatt gtccaagcct cctctttaaa actttctttc ccttttagagg aatcattact	60
tcgtattaaa agtttctact tccttgtaga atatctacat ccaatgggcc atggcacaaa	120
atttaagtct agaaagaatc ttaaaggctc atcttatagt aaccagaggc agg	173

&lt;210&gt; 143

&lt;211&gt; 511

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(511)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 143

cctcgtcaga ggggtggttc ctggtnacct gtactccacg gacctcggtg aagcaaaagc	60
ttcagggcag aggggaatgag gcaaccaggt ggcagccccg ctgggccccg tggctcctgc	120
tctcctattg gacgtagagg caggggagag acttctctat acaaattatc tcatcacaga	180
agggatgata cttgctgctc tgccgtaggg tttttgatgc tgagctatgc tgcacatgac	240
gttaacctaa agaacttggg ctgagctttt aaaaaaggac agcaaacaat tttataatcc	300
ttaaagtgtg atagacggtt acactagtgc aggggtattg ggaggctctt tgggtgtgga	360
ggctgtcact tgtatttatt gtgactctaa atctttgata gtaaaacaaa tgtaaaaaga	420
aatgtttgcc accagatggg aatagaagtt ccaataagca ggctggaatg ggtggctata	480
cgttgtatca cgaggaagtt ttagactctg a	511

&lt;210&gt; 144

&lt;211&gt; 190

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 144

cattcttctg tcacatgcc aatcagttgt caatcccatt gtctatgctt accggaaccg	60
agacttccgc tacacttttc acaaaattat ctccaggtat cttctctgcc aagcagatgt	120
caagagtggg aatggtcagg ctggggtaca gcctgctctc ggtgtgggcc tatgatctag	180
gctctcgcc	190

&lt;210&gt; 145

&lt;211&gt; 169

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 145

gatgtggtta tctcctcaga tggccagttt gccctctcag gctcctggga tggaaccctg	60
cgcctctggg atctcacaac gggcaccacc acgaggcgat ttgtgggcca taccaaggat	120
gtgctgagtg tggccttctc ctctgacaac cggcagattg tctctggat	169

&lt;210&gt; 146

&lt;211&gt; 511

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien



<400> 146  
 atctagagaa gatttgggaa acacatgata gctatgggta aatacttaac agggcaatca 60  
 caggaagat gactagattt cctaaccatcc atgagtgaag tttatagaag tatactctct 120  
 gacttgatat aaaggaagat tttaaaaaac atgactgttc aggagtgttc aagtagggtc 180  
 agatgaccag tgattgggaa tacttcgtaa gcaggagcaa gtaagatctg agccactgtt 240  
 ctatcggtag ggtgtctgtg gtattccttg gtcaaagaag tactctaagc aacttcagtc 300  
 tcacgaatta ctatcaccct cgtgggcata catgatgggt accctaaaga ggaagtttca 360  
 gaaggcagta atattggatc ctggaatagt cagacaggag ccttcagca gatacccttt 420  
 tcagttctcc atacacccat tcacaagtgg tcacaaaaac acccagtacc tttacttggc 480  
 tttaccact taacaatatg ctcaatatga g 511

<210> 147

<211> 421

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (421)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147  
 gaccagttga gttcttcctg gctattgtat aatccacagc cacactgtga aagcaaatct 60  
 ggccagttag caacacaggg agaatctgcc tgaactgacc aaagggtgcc atacttcagtg 120  
 tcagttagaa tttcacctcc atcatgttct aaagagccaa caacagattc tagggcactg 180  
 caaatgctt cagcaattaa ttgaagttct gtttgagtac attcatcatc tttgagaatg 240  
 ctttctgggt cggtgtgagt cttgtgtctg atatatgcag ccaaatgagt ttcagtacag 300  
 ccacctcca acaaagccca tgggttcctg agtggttaact gcaggacatg cagtgccgtc 360  
 tgacacgtga gcttcagctc atcccangca gtgtcatttc tgttgcagag aagccaagct 420  
 g 421

<210> 148

<211> 237

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 148  
 acacaccact gttggccttc catctggggt aagtcaactg tgagttagaaa ccgaagataa 60  
 cagttttgta ttcataatgg ccttttcata ctccaagtac ttttgagcac agagcctctt 120  
 gcttctgacc tggcacttgg aacacagata tatatatctt ttgttctgtc cctgggaaac 180  
 tgatatttgt gtaagacaac caccagatat tttctctaataaaaatcttct aaaatta 237

<210> 149

<211> 168

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149  
 agagaaagt aaagtgcaat aatgtttgaa gacaataagt ggtgggtgat cttgttttcta 60  
 ataagataaa cttttttgtc tttgctttat cttattaggg agttgtatgt cagtgtataa 120  
 aacatactgt gtggtataac aggcctaata aattctttaa aaggagag 168

<210> 150

<211> 68

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(68)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

ggtaggggttt ggcagagatg antttaagtg ctgtggccag aagcgggggg ggggtttggt	60
ggaaattt	68

<210> 151

<211> 421

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

aggtgacacg tattcgggat gaaagtataa tagtcattcc ttcaaccctt gcatttatgg	60
actctggaaa tcgaagatcc acagttagta aagatgttcg tccaaagaca aaaaatagaa	120
acagctcaac aaagcgagag acaaaaaaac aaaatggcac tgtggctctg cctttgaagt	180
ctgggctcca gcagagggct gatcttccca caggagacga gacggcctat gacactctcc	240
agaactgttg tcagtgccga attttacttc ccttgcccat tctaaatgag caccaggaga	300
agtgccagag gtttagctcac caaaagaaac tccagtgggg ctggtgagat ggctcagcgg	360
gtaagagcac ccgactgctc ttccgaaggt ccggagttca aatcccagca accacatggt	420
g	421

<210> 152

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 152

gaattcggca cnagctcgtg ccgccagggt nggtcctttt ttgtctccgc ctgccanga	60
cttcctacag ctatcgccag tcgtcgcca cgtctcctt cngaggcctg ggcggcggct	120
ccgtgcgttn tgggcccggg gtgcctttc nctcncccag cattcacggg ggctccggcg	180
gccgcggcgt atccgtgtcc tccgccgct ntgtgtctc gtcctcctcn ggggcctacg	240
gctngctgct acngcggtt cctgaccgt tccnaccggc tgctggcngg caacgagaag	300
ctaaccatgc agaacctnaa cnaccgcctg gcctcctacc tgnacaaggt gcgcncctg	360
taggcggcca acggcnagct agaggtgaag atccnctact gggtagcaga agcagggggc	420
tgggccctgc ccgactacag ccactnctnc acnaccatgc agtacctgcn ggganaagat	480
tntngggngc caccatngag aactgca	507

<210> 153

<211> 513

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 153

gaattcggca cgaggtggct cagatgtcca ctactgggag tatggctgaa ttgggaattt	60
tattgtgaaa aagcccatgg tgctgggaca tgaagcttcg ggaacagtcg aaaaagtggg	120

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atcatcggtta aagcacctaa aaccagggtga tcgtgttgcc atcgagcctg gtgctccccg      180
agaaaatgat gaattctgca agatgggccc atacaatctg tcaccttcca tcttcttctg      240
tgccgcgccc ccgatgacg ggaacctctg ccggttctat aagcacaatg cagccttttg      300
ttacaagctt cctgacaatg tcacctttga ggaaggcgcc ctgatcgagc cactttctgt      360
ggggatccat gcctgcagga gaggcggagt taccctggga cacaagggtc ttgtgtgtgg      420
agctgggcca atcgggatgg tcactttgct cgtggccaaa gcaatgggag cagctcaagt      480
agtggtgact gatctgtctg ctacccgatt gtc                                     513

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<210> 154

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 154

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ggcacgagct cgtgccgaat tcggcncgag cagacacaat ggtaagaatg gtgcctgtcc      60
tgctgtctct gctgctgctt ctgggtcctg ctgtcccca ggagaaccaa gatggtcgtt      120
actctctgac ctatatctac actgggctgt ccaagcatgt tgaagacgtc ccgcggtttc      180
aggcccttgg ctactcaat gacctccagt tctttagata caacagtaaa gacaggaagt      240
ctcagcccat gggactctgg agacagggtg aaggaatgga ggattggaag caggacagcc      300
aacttcagaa ggccagggag gacatcttta tggagaccct gaaagacatc gtggagtatt      360
acaacgacag taacgggtct cacgtattgc agggaaggtt tggttgtgag atcgagaata      420
acagaagcag cggagcattc tggaatatatt actatgatgg aaaggactac attgaattca      480
acaaagaaat cccagcctgg gtcccct                                     507

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<210> 155

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155

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ggcacgagga gacctaaagg ctgagtntcg ggaacaggag aaagctctgt tggccctcca      60
gcagcagtgt gctgagcagg cacaggagca tgaggtggag accagggccc tgcaggacag      120
ctggctgcag gcccaggcag tgctcaagga acgggaccag gagctggaag ctctgcgggc      180
agaaagtcag tcctcccggc atcaggagga ggctgcccgg gcccgggctg aggctctgca      240
ggaggccctt ggcaaggctc atgctgccct gcaggggaaa gagcagcatc tcctcgagca      300
ggcagaattg agccgcagtc tggaggccag cactgcaacc ctgcaagcct ccctggatgc      360
ctgccaggca cacagtcggc agctggagga ggctctgagg atacaagaag gtgagatcca      420
ggaccaggat ctccgatacc aggaggatgt gcagcagctg cagcaggcac ttgccagag      480
ggatgaagag ctgagacatc agcagga                                     507

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<210> 156

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(509)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 156

ggcacgagga	cagagagaac	cctgtngaaa	gagcgttacc	aggaggtcct	ggacaaacag	60
aggcaagtgg	agaatcagct	ccaagtgcaa	ttaaagcagc	ttcagcaaag	gagagaagag	120
gaaatgaaga	atcaccagga	gatattaaag	gctattcagg	atgtgacaat	aaagcgggaa	180
gaaacaaaga	agaagataga	gaaagagaag	aaggagtttt	tgcagaagga	gcaggatctg	240
aaagctgaaa	ttgagaagct	ttgtgagaag	ggcagaagag	aggtgtggga	aatggaactg	300
gatagactca	agaatcagga	tggcgaaata	aataggaaca	ttatggaaga	gactgaacgg	360
gcctggaagg	cagagatctt	atcactagag	agccggaaag	agttactggt	actgaaacta	420
gaagaagcag	aaaaagaggc	agaattgcac	cttacttacc	tcaagtcaac	tcccccaaca	480
ctggagacag	ttcgttccaa	acaggagtg				509

&lt;210&gt; 157

&lt;211&gt; 507

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 157

ggcacgaggg	cagccctcct	accggcgcac	gtgggtgccg	cgctgctgac	tcccgtctgc	60
cctgaaccca	gtgcctgcag	ccatggctcc	cggccagctc	gccttattta	gtgtctctga	120
caaaaccggc	cttgtggaat	ttgcaagaaa	cctgaccgct	cttggtttga	atctggctgc	180
ttccggaggg	actgcaaaa	ctctcagga	tgtgtgctg	gcagtcagag	atgtctctga	240
gttgacggga	tttctgaaa	tgttgggggg	acgtgtgaaa	actttgcatc	ctgcagtcca	300
tgttggaatc	ctagctcgta	atattccaga	agataatgct	gacatggcca	gacttgattt	360
caatcttata	agagttgttg	cctgcaatct	ctatcccttt	gtaaagacag	tggcttctcc	420
aggtgtaagt	gttgaggagg	ctgtggagca	aattgacatt	ggtggagtaa	ccttactgag	480
agctgcagcc	aaaaaccacg	ctcgagt				507

&lt;210&gt; 158

&lt;211&gt; 507

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(507)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 158

ggcacgagtc	gagctgtgcc	tattcngtc	aatccaagag	tgagtaatgt	gaagtctgtc	60
tacaaaaccc	acattgatgt	cattcattat	cggaaaacgg	atgcaaaacg	tctgcatggc	120
cttgatgaag	aagcagaaca	gaaacttttt	tcagagaaac	gtgtggaatt	gcttaaggaa	180
ctttccagga	aaccagacat	ttatgagagg	cttgcttcag	ccttggctcc	aagcatttat	240
gaacatgaag	atataaagaa	gggaattttg	cttcagctct	ttggcgggac	aaggaaggat	300
tttagtcaca	ctggaagggg	caaatttcgg	gctgagatca	acatcttgct	gtgtggcgac	360
cctgggtacca	gcaagtccca	gctgctgcag	tacgtgtaca	acctcgctcc	cagggggccag	420
tacacgtntg	ggaaggggctc	cagtgcannt	ggcctnactg	cntacgtaat	gaaagaccct	480
gagacaaggn	anctggnnct	gnnacag				507

&lt;210&gt; 159

&lt;211&gt; 508

<212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(508)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

ggcacnanaa accaggatta tggtnnggat ccaaagattg ctaatgcaat aatgaaggca	60
gcagatgagg tagctgaagg taaattaaat gatcattttc ctctcgtggt atggcagact	120
ggatcaggaa ctcagacaaa tatgaatgta aatgaagtca ttagcaatag agcaattgaa	180
atgttaggag gtgaacttgg cagcaagata cctgtgcac ccaacgatca tgtaataaaa	240
agccagagct caaatgatac ttttcccaca gcaatgcaca ttgctgctgc aatagaagtt	300
catgaagtac tgttaccagg actacagaag ttacatgatg ctcttgatgc aaaatccaaa	360
gagtttgcac agatcatcaa gattggacgt actcactc aggatgctgt tccacttact	420
cttgggcagg aatttagtgg ttatgttcaa caagtaaaat atgcaatgac aagaataaaa	480
gctgccatgc caagaatcta tgagctcg	508

<210> 160  
 <211> 508  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(508)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

ggcacgagct tggagcaaag tcactctnaag gaattagagg acacacttca ggtaggcac	60
atacaagagt ttgagaaggt tatgacagac cacagagttt ctttggagga attaaaaaag	120
gaaaaccaac aaataattaa tcaaatacaa gaatctcatg ctgaaattat ccaggaaaaa	180
gaaaaacagt tacaggaatt aaaactcaag gtttctgatt tgtcagacac gagatgcaag	240
ttagagggtt aacttgcgtt gaaggaagca gaaactgatg aaataaaaat tttgctggaa	300
gaaagcagag cccagcagaa ggagaccttg aaatctcttc ttgaacaaga gacagaaaat	360
ttgagaacag aaattagtaa actcaaccaa aagattcagg ataataatga aaattatcag	420
gtgggcttag cagagctaag aactttaatg acaattgaaa aagatcagtg tatttccgag	480
ttaattagta gacatgaaga agaactcta	508

<210> 161  
 <211> 507  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 161

ggcacgagcg ctaccggcgc ctctctgctg gccactgagc cggagccggc ctgagcagcg	60
ctctcgggtg cagtaccac tggaggact taggcgctcg cgtggacacc gcaagcccct	120
cagtagcctc ggcccaagag gcctgcttcc cactcgctag ccccgccggg ggtccgtgtc	180
ctgtctcggg ggccggaccc gggcccgagc ccgagcagta gccggcgcca tgtcgggtgt	240
gggcatagac ctgggcttcc agagctgcta cgtcgctgtg gcccgcgccg gcggcatcga	300
gactatcgct aatgagtata gcgaccgctg cacgcccggc tgcatcttct ttggtcctaa	360
gaatcggtta attggagcag cagctaaaag ccaggtaatt tctaatagcaa agaacacagt	420
ccaaggattt aaaagattcc atggccgagc attctctgat ccatttgtgg aggcagaaaa	480
atctaaccct gcataatgata ttgtgca	507

<210> 162  
 <211> 507  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(507)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 162  
 ggcacgagca gctgtgcacc gacatgntct cagtgtcctg agtaagacca aagaagctgg 60  
 caagatcctc tctaataatc ccagcaaggg actggccctg ggaattgcca aagcctggga 120  
 gctctacggc tcacccaatg cctctggtgct actgattgct caagagaagg aaagaaacat 180  
 atttgaccag cgtgccatag agaatgagct actggccagg aacatccatg tgatccgacg 240  
 aacatttgaa gatattctctg aaaaggggtc tctggaccaa gaccgaaggc tgtttgtgga 300  
 tggccaggaa attgctgtgg ttacttccg ggatggctac atgcctcgtc agtacagtct 360  
 acagaattgg gaagcacgtc tactgctgga gaggtcacat gctgccaaagt gccagacat 420  
 tgccaccag ctggctggga ctaagaaggt gcagcaggag ctaagcaggc cgggcatgct 480  
 ggagatgttg ctccctggcc agcctga 507

<210> 163  
 <211> 460  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 163  
 ggcacgagaa ataactttat ttcattgtgg gtcgcggttc ttgtttgtgg atcgtgtga 60  
 tcgtcacttg acaatgcaga tcttcgtgaa gactctgact ggtaagacca tcaccctcga 120  
 ggttgagccc agtgacacca tcgagaatgt caaggcaaag atccaagata aggaaggcat 180  
 cctcctgac cagcagaggc tgatctttgc tggaaaacag ctggaagatg ggcgcaccct 240  
 gtctgactac aacatccaga aagagtccac cctgcacctg gtgctccgtc tcagaggtgg 300  
 gatgcaaadc ttcgtgaaga cactcactgg caagaccatc acccttgagg tggagcccag 360  
 tgacaccatc gagaacgtca aagcaaagat ccaggacaag gaaggcattc ctctgacca 420  
 gcagaggttg atctttgccg gaaagcagct ggaagatggg 460

<210> 164  
 <211> 462  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 164  
 ggcacgagcc ggatctcatt gccacgcgcc cccgacgacc gcccgcgtg cattcccgat 60  
 tccttttggg tccaagtcca atatggcaac tctaaaggat cagctgattt ataactttct 120  
 aaaggaagaa cagaccccc agaataagat tacagttgtt ggggttggtg ctgttggcat 180  
 ggcctgtgcc atcagtatct taatgaagga cttggcagat gaacttgctc ttgttgatgt 240  
 catcgaagac aaattgaagg gagagatgat ggatctccaa catggcagcc ttttccttag 300  
 aacaccaaag attgtctctg gcaaagacta taatgtaact gcaaactcca agctggatcat 360  
 tatcacggct ggggcacgtc agcaagaggg agaaagccgt cttaatttgg tccagcgtaa 420  
 cgtgaacatc tttaaattca tcattcctaa tgttgtaaaa ta 462

<210> 165  
 <211> 462  
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 165

```
ggcacgagga agccatgagc agcaaagtct ctcgcgacac cctgtacgag gcggtgcggg      60
aagtcctgca cggaaccag cgcaagcgcc gcaagttcct ggagacggtg gagttgcaga      120
tcagcttgaa gaactatgat cccagaagg acaagcgctt ctcgggcacc gtcaggctta      180
agtcactcc ccgcccctaag ttctctgtgt gtgtcctggg ggaccagcag cactgtgacg      240
aggctaaggc cgtggatatc cccacatgg acatcgaggc gctgaaaaaa ctcaacaaga      300
ataaaaaact ggtcaagaag ctggccaaga agtatgatgc gtttttggcc tcagagtctc      360
tgatcaagca gattccacga atcctcggcc caggtttaaa taaggcagga aagttccctt      420
ccctgctcac acacaacgaa aacatggtgg ccaaagtgga tg                          462
```

<210> 166

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

```
ggcacgagag ggacctgtnt gaatggntcc actagggtn anntgnctct tacttttaac      60
cantnaaatn gacctgcccg tgaanangcg ggcntgacac annaanacga gaagacccta      120
tgagagcttta atttattaat gcanacagna cctaacaac ccacangtcc taaactacca      180
agcctgcatt aaaaatttcg gntggggcna cctcnnagca naaccaacc tccgagcaac      240
tcatgctaag acttcaccag tcaaagctga actactatac tcaattgatc caataacttg      300
accaacagan caagntaccc tagggataac ancacaatcc tattctagac cccttatnac      360
caatangntt tacacctcna tngnggaacc aggacatccg atggggcagn cgttattaaa      420
gttngttgnt aacnataaag tctacgtgat ctgaggttag                          459
```

<210> 167

<211> 464

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(464)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

```
gaattgggac caacganaan cntgcggntc ttnttttgcn tccanngccc agctnattgc      60
tcagacacac atggggaagg tnaaggtcgg gagtcaacng atttggtngt attgnagcgt      120
ttgggtcacca gngctgcttt taactctggn aaagtggata ttgttgcat naatgacccc      180
tncattgacc tnaactacat ggtttacatg ttccaatatg attccacca tggcaaattc      240
catngcaccc tnaaggctga gaacgggaag cttgtnatca atggaaatcc catcaccatc      300
tttcangaac ganatccntn caaaaatcaa anttgggggc gatgcttggc cnettgaagt      360
accgttcaan gggaannncc ccactttggc cgntntttnc aancccaccc caatttgggn      420
aaaaaaaaag gggnnnttgg gggggggcct tttanntttt tttt                          464
```

<210> 168

<211> 462

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(462)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

ggcacgaggn	nnaacctncc	gggctggggc	agcacgcctt	gngcaancct	gcactgcact	60
gaagacccgg	tgccggaagc	cgngggcngc	nacatgcagn	aactgaacca	gctgggcgcg	120
cancagttct	cagacctgac	agaggtgctt	ttacacttcc	taactgatcc	anantangtg	180
gaaatattnt	tngttnatnt	catntgaatn	atccancncc	aatcatanca	nntttnattn	240
cctcataanc	nttgagaana	gcnnccctnt	gnttncanan	ggtgctntga	anangagtct	300
cacangcaan	caggtccaag	cggatttntt	aactntgggt	cttantgang	agaaagncac	360
ttacttttct	gaaancngga	agcagaatgc	tcccacccct	gctcgaatgg	ccatacgtca	420
agactctgat	gattaaccag	ctttanatat	ggacnggaaa	tt		462

<210> 169

<211> 460

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(460)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

ggcacgaggg	acagcagacn	agacagtcac	agcagccttg	acaaaacgtt	cctggaactc	60
aagntcttnt	ncncaaagga	ggacagagca	nacagcagag	accatggant	ctncctcggc	120
ccctccccac	agatgggtgca	tccccgggca	naggctcctg	ctcacagcct	cacttctaac	180
cttctggaac	ccgccaccca	ctgccaagct	cactattgaa	tccacgccgt	tcaatgnntc	240
ntaggggaag	gagngctttt	ctactnttnc	acaatctgan	ccccttcttn	tttggttact	300
ancatggctc	tncatgtnaa	aatactggna	tggntaacct	gtcaaattta	taggnantnt	360
gctaattggg	aaactnccnn	tngtctaccc	caggggnccc	agattcctnn	gttcncataa	420
cnattaattt	aaccctaat	gncaanccct	tngttaaaga			460

<210> 170

<211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(508)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

ggcacgaggg	ggatttttag	gtggtcnggt	gtggtatcag	gaataatgtg	ggaggccaga	60
ttgaagtcca	ggccaggaac	aatggtaatt	gtgggactta	agaaagtgtg	agtacagctg	120
aatgagccgg	ggagcagaaa	gtatatgcgt	caggtatgag	gaagaaaata	gattttggaa	180
gttatgagaa	atgtagagag	tgagttgagc	atagtttgtg	attttgaggg	cctctaacag	240
tattaaagca	gcggcagcgg	ctgcacacag	acatgatggc	taggctaaaa	caggaaggtc	300
aagttgtttg	gacagaaagg	ctacagggtg	cagtcctggc	tcttgtgtaa	gaattctgac	360
cacactaacc	atgcctagga	aggaaaggag	ttgttctttt	gtaagggatt	gaggtttggg	420



agattaatcg gacacgatca gcagggagag cacctgtgtt tttatgagaa ttatgctgag 480  
 ataggtaaca gatgaggatg aaatttgg 508

<210> 171

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171

ggcagagagac cagccactag cgcagctcgc agcgatggcc tatgtccccc caccgggcta 60  
 ccagcccacc tacaaccgga cgctgcctta ctaccagccc atcccgggcg ggctcaacgt 120  
 gggaatgtct gtttacatcc aaggagtggc cagcgagcac atgaagcggg tcttcgtgaa 180  
 ctttgtggtt gggcaggatc cgggctcaga cgtcgccttc cacttcaatc cgcggtttga 240  
 cggctgggac aaggtggtct tcaacacgtt gcagggcggg aagtggggca gcgaggagag 300  
 gaagaggagc atgcccttca aaaaggggtc cgcctttgag ctggtcttca tagtcctggc 360  
 tgagcactac aaggtggtgg taaatggaaa tcccttctat gagtacgggc accggcttcc 420  
 cctacagatg gtcacccacc tgcaagtgga tggggatctg caacttcaat caatcaactt 480  
 catcggaggc cagcccctcc ggcccca 507

<210> 172

<211> 409

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 172

ggcagagact ggagtgtctg ctgccacccc ctcgctcctc gcagaaatgt ctgtcaccta 60  
 cgatgactct gtgggagtgg aagtgtccag cgacagcttc tgggagggtg ggaactacaa 120  
 acggactgtg aagcggattg acgatggcca cgcctgtgtt ggtgacctca tgaactgtct 180  
 gcatgagcgg gcacgcatcg agaaggcgtg tgcacagcag ctactgagt gggcccgcag 240  
 ctggaggcag ctggtagaga agggaccaca gtatgggacc gtggagaagg cctggatagc 300  
 tgtcatgtct gaagcagaga gggtagtgga actgcacctg gaagtgaagg catcactgat 360  
 gaatgaagac tttgagaaga tcaagaactg gcagaaggaa gcctttcac 409

<210> 173

<211> 409

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 173

ggcagagagg cagctagagg aagagtccaa ggccaagaac gcactggccc acgccctgca 60  
 gtcagctcgc catgactgtg acctgctgcg ggaacagtat gaagaggagc aggaagccaa 120  
 ggctgagctg cagagggcca tgtccaaggc caacagcgag gtagccaggt ggaggacgaa 180  
 atatgagacg gatgccatcc agcgacaga ggagctggaa gaggccaaga agaagctggc 240  
 tcagcgtctg caggatgctg aggaacatgt agaagctgtg aattccaaat gcgcttctct 300  
 tgaaaagacg aagcagcgac ttcagaatga agtggaggac ctcatgattg acgtggagag 360  
 gtctaattgt gcctgcgctg cgcttgataa gaagcagagg aactttgac 409

<210> 174

<211> 407

<212> DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 174

ggcacgagcc	ggggcggggc	gcggcgctcc	ggctcgaggc	attcggagct	gcgggagccg	60
ggctggcagg	agcaggatgg	cggcgcgggc	ggctgcaggc	gaggcgccgc	gggtgctggt	120
gtacggcggc	agggcgctc	tgggttctcg	atgcgtgcag	gcttttcggg	cccgaactg	180
gtgggttgcc	agcgttgatg	tgggtggagaa	tgaagaggcc	agcgctagca	tcattgttaa	240
aatgacagac	tcgttcaactg	agcaggctga	ccagggtgact	gctgagggtt	gaaagctctt	300
gggtgaagag	aagggtggatg	caattctttg	cggtgctgga	ggatgggccc	ggggcaatgc	360
caaatccaag	tctctcttta	agaactgtga	cctgatgtgg	aagcaga		407

&lt;210&gt; 175

&lt;211&gt; 407

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 175

ggcacgagct	tgcccgtcgg	tcgctagctc	gctcggtgcg	cgctcgtccc	ctccatggcg	60
ctcttcgtgc	ggctgctggc	tctcgccctg	gctctggccc	tgggccccgc	cgcgaccctg	120
gcgggtccc	ccaagtgcgc	ctaccagctg	gtgctgcagc	acagcaggct	ccggggccgc	180
cagcacggcc	ccaacgtgtg	tgctgtgcag	aagggtattg	gcactaatag	gaagtacttc	240
accaactgca	agcagtggta	ccaaaggaaa	atctgtggca	aatcaacagt	catcagctac	300
gagtgtgtgc	ctggatatga	aaaggtcctt	ggggagaagg	gctgtccagc	agccctacca	360
ctctcaaacc	tttacgagac	cctgggagtc	gttggtacca	ccaccac		407

&lt;210&gt; 176

&lt;211&gt; 409

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 176

ggcacgagtg	gtgccaaaac	gggaccatgc	cctcctggag	gagcagagca	agcagcagtc	60
caacgagcac	ctgcgccgcc	agttcgccag	ccaggccaat	gttgtggggc	cctggatcca	120
gaccaagatg	gaggagatcg	ggcgcatctc	cattgagatg	aacgggaccc	tggaggacca	180
gctgagccac	ctgaagcagt	atgaacgcag	catcgtggac	tacaagcccc	acctggacct	240
gctggagcag	cagcaccagc	tcatccagga	ggccctcatc	ttcgacaaca	agcacaccaa	300
ctataccatg	gagcacatcc	gcgtgggctg	ggagcagctg	ctcaccacca	ttgcccgcac	360
catcaacgag	gtggagaacc	agatcctcac	ccgcgacgcc	aagggcac		409

&lt;210&gt; 177

&lt;211&gt; 408

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 177

ggcacgaggt	ccaggtaact	gcaaaaacaa	tggctcagca	tgaagaactg	atgaagaaaa	60
ctgaaacaat	gaatgtagtt	atggagacca	ataaaatgct	aagagaagag	aaggagcagg	120
tttcaaaaat	ggcatcagtc	cgtcagcatt	tggaagaaac	aacacagaaa	gcagaatcac	180
agttgttggg	gtgtaaaagca	tcttgggagg	aaagagagag	aatgttaaag	gatgaagttt	240
ccaaatgtgt	atgtcgctgt	gaagatctgg	agaaacaaaa	cagattactt	catgatcaga	300
tcgaaaaaatt	aagtgacaag	gtcgttgccct	ctgtgaagga	aggtgtacaa	gttccactga	360
atgtatctct	cagtgaagaa	ggaaaatctc	aagaacaaat	tttgga		408

&lt;210&gt; 178

&lt;211&gt; 92

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 178

ggcacgagaa gaaattaaga gctaaagaca aggagaatga aaatatgggt gcaaagctga	60
acaaaaaagt taaagagcta gaagaggaga tg	92

&lt;210&gt; 179

&lt;211&gt; 411

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 179

ggcacgagga gacacgccac ctataccaca gttctcagaa tgaattagct aagttggaat	60
cagaacttaa gactctcaaa gaccagttga ctgattcaag taactcttta gaaaaatgta	120
aggaacaaaa aggaaacttg gaaggatca taaggcagca agaggctgat attcaaaatt	180
ctaagttcag ttatgaacaa ctggagactg atcttcaggc ctccagagaa ctgaccagta	240
ggctgcatga agaaataaat atgaaagagc aaaagattat aagcctgctt tctggcaagg	300
aagaggcaat ccaagtagct attgctgaac tgcgtcagca acatgataaa gaaattaaag	360
agctggaaaa cctgctgtcc caggaggaag aggagaatat tgttttagaa g	411

&lt;210&gt; 180

&lt;211&gt; 411

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 180

ggcacgaggt tgttcgagac gggcgagcgg agttagcagg gctttactgc agagcgcgcc	60
gggcactcca gcgaccgtgg ggatcagcgt aggtgagctg tggccttttg cgaggtgctg	120
cagccatagc tacgtgcgtt cgctacgagg attgagcgtc tccaccatc ttctgtgctt	180
caccatctac ataataaatc ccagtatgaa gcagaaacaa gaagaaatca aagagaatat	240
aaagactagt tctgtcccaa gaagaactct gaagatgatt cagccttctg catctggatc	300
tcttggttga agagaaaatg agctgtccgc aggtctgtcc aaaaggaaac atcggaatga	360
ccacttaaca tctacaactt ccagccctgg ggttattgtc ccagaatcta g	411

&lt;210&gt; 181

&lt;211&gt; 411

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 181

ggcacgaggc gggacagggc gaagcggcct gcgcccacgg agcgcgcgac actgcccgga	60
agggaccgcc acccttgccc cctcagctgc ccactcgtga tttccagcgg cctccgcgcg	120
cgcacgatgc cctcggccac cagccacagc gggagcggca gcaagtcgtc cggaccgcca	180
ccgcgcgcgg gttcctccgg gactgagggc gccgcgggag ccggggccgc cgcgcgggct	240
tctcagcacc ccgcaaccgg caccggcgct gtccagaccg aggccatgaa gcagattctc	300
ggggtgatcg acaagaaact tcggaacctg gagaagaaaa agggtaagct tgatgattac	360
caggaacgaa tgaacaaagg ggaaaggctt aatcaagatc agctggatgc c	411

&lt;210&gt; 182

&lt;211&gt; 411

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 182

```

ggcacgagcc gacatggagc tgttcctcgc gggccgcgcg gtgctgggtca ccggggcagg      60
caaaggtata gggcgcgcca cgggtccaggc gctgcacgcg acgggcgcgc ggggtgggtggc      120
tgtgagcccg actcaggcgg atcttgacag ccttgctcgc gagtgcgcgc ggatagaacc      180
cgtgtgcgtg gacctgggtg actgggaggc caccgagcgg gcgctgggca gcgtggggccc      240
cgtggacctg ctggtgaaca acgcgctgt cgcctgctg cagcccttcc tggaggtcac      300
caaggaggcc ttgacagat cctttgaggt gaacctgcgt gcggtcatcc aggtgtcgca      360
gattgtggcc aggggcttaa tagcccgggg agtcccaggg gccatcgtga a      411

```

&lt;210&gt; 183

&lt;211&gt; 409

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 183

```

ggcacgagcc tacactctgg ccagagatac cacagtcaaa cctggagcca aaaaggacac      60
aaaggactct cgacccaaac tgcccagac cctctccaga ggttgggggtg accaactcat      120
ctggactcag acatatgaag aagctctata taaatccaag acaagcaaca aacctttgat      180
gattattcat cacttggtat agtgcccaca cagtcaagct ttaaagaaaag tgtttgctga      240
aaataaagaa atccagaaat tggcagagca gtttgcctc ctcaatctgg tttatgaaac      300
aactgacaaa cacctttctc ctgatggcca gtatgtccc aggattatgt ttgtcgacc      360
atctctgaca gttagagccg atatcactgg aagatattca aatcgtctc      409

```

&lt;210&gt; 184

&lt;211&gt; 410

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 184

```

ggcacgaggt cattccagca ccaacaggat ccaagccaga ttgattgggc tgcattggcc      60
caagcttgga ttgccc aaag agaagcttca ggacagcaaa gcatggtaga acaaccacca      120
ggaatgatgc caaatggaca agatatgtct acaatggaat ctgggtccaa caatcatggg      180
aatttccaag gggattcaaa cttcaacaga atgtggcaac cagaatgggg aatgcatcag      240
caacccccac acccccctcc agatcagcca tggatgccac caacaccagg cccaatggac      300
attgttcctc cttctgaaga cagcaacagt caggacagtg ggggaatttg ccctgacaac      360
aggcatatat ttaaccagaa caatcacaac tttggtggac caccgataa      410

```

&lt;210&gt; 185

&lt;211&gt; 411

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (411)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 185

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ggcacgagca cagatgtagt tttctctgcg cgtgtgcgtt ttccctcctc ccccgccctc      60
aggggtccac gccaccatgg cgtattaggg gcagcagtcg ctgcggcagc attggccttt      120
gcagcggcgg cagcagcacc aggtctctgca gcggcaaccc ccagcggcct aagccatggc      180
gcttctcacg gcattcagca gcagcgttgc tgaaccgac aaagacacct tcgaattaag      240
cacattcctc gattccagca aagcaccgca acatgaccga aatgagcttc ctgagcagcg      300
aggtgttggg gggggacttg atgtccccct tcgacccgct ggggtttggg gctgaagaaa      360
gcctangtct cttagatgat tacctggagg tgccaagca cttcaaacct c      411

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<210> 186  
 <211> 410  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 186  
 ggcacgagct tctagtcccg ccatggccgc tctcaccggt gacccccagt tccagaagct 60  
 gcagcaatgg taccgcgagc accgctccga gctgaacctg cgccgcctct tccgatgccaa 120  
 caaggaccgc ttcaaccact tcagcttgac cctcaacacc aacctatggg atatcctggt 180  
 ggattactcc aagaacctgg tgacggagga cgtgatgcgg atgctggtgg acttgccaa 240  
 gtccagggggc gtggaggccg cccgggagcg gatgttcaat ggtgagaaga tcaactacac 300  
 cgaggggtcga gccgtgctgc acgtggctct gcggaaccgg tcaaacacac ccatcctggt 360  
 agacggcaag gatgtgatgc cagaggtcaa caaggttctg gacaagatga 410

<210> 187  
 <211> 506  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 187  
 ctttcgtggc tcaactccctt tcctctgctg ccgctcggtc acgcttgtgc ccgaaggagg 60  
 aaacagtgc agacctggag actgcagttc tctatccttc acacagctct tccaccatgc 120  
 ctggatcact tcttttgaat gcagaagctt gctggccaaa agatgtggga attgttgccc 180  
 ttgagatcta ttttccttct caatatgttg atcaagcaga gttggaaaaa tatgatggtg 240  
 tagatgctgg aaagtatacc attggcttgg gccaggccaa gatgggcttc tgcacagata 300  
 gagaagatat taactctctt tgcagtactg tgggtcagaa tcttatggag agaaataacc 360  
 tttcctatga ttgcattggg cggtcgggag ttggaacaga gacaatcatc gacaaatcaa 420  
 agtctgtgaa gactaatgtg atgcagctgt ttgaagagtc tgggaatata gatatagaag 480  
 gaatcgacac aactaatgca tgctat 506

<210> 188  
 <211> 506  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 188  
 gccacagagg cggcggagag atggccttca gcggttccca ggctccctac ctgagtccag 60  
 ctgtcccctt ttctgggact attcaaggag gtctccagga cggacttcag atcactgtca 120  
 atgggaccgt tctcagctcc agtggaaaca gggttgctgt gaactttcag actggcttca 180  
 gtggaaatga cattgccttc cacttcaacc ctccggttga agatggaggg tacgtggtgt 240  
 gcaacacgag gcagaacgga agctgggggc ccgaggagag gaagacacac atgcctttcc 300  
 agaaggggat gccctttgac ctctgcttcc tgggtgcagag ctccagatttc aaggatgatg 360  
 tgaacgggat cctcttcgtg cagtacttcc accgcgtgcc cttccaccgt gtggacacca 420  
 tctccgtcaa tggctctgtg cagctgtcct acatcagctt ccagcctccc ggcgtgtggc 480  
 ctgccaaacc ggctcccatt acccag 506

<210> 189  
 <211> 399  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 189  
 ctggacagga gaagagcctg gctgctgaag gcagggtgga caccgaccag ggcagcattg 60  
 ctggagcccc agaggatgaa agatcgcaga gcacagcccc ccaggcacca gaggctctcg 120  
 accctgccgg accggctggg ctctgtaggc cgacatctgg cctttcccag ggcccaggaa 180

```

aggaaacctt ggaaagtgt ctaatcgctc tagactctga aaaacccaag aaacttcgct 240
tccacccaaa gcagctgtac ttctctgcca ggcagggtga gctgcagaag gtgcttctca 300
tgctggttga tggaaattgat cccaacttca aaatggagca ccaaagtaag cgttcccat 360
tacatgctgc tgcggaggct ggccacgtgg acatctgcc 399

```

```

<210> 190
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 190
cggcgacggt ggtggtgact gagcggagcc cggtgacagg atgttggtgt tggattagg 60
agatctgcac atcccacacc ggtgcaacag tttgccagct aaattcaaaa aactcctggt 120
gccaggaaaa attcagcaca ttctctgcac aggaaacctt tgcaccaaag agagttatga 180
ctatctcaag actctggctg gtgatgttca tattyctgaga ggagacttcg atgagaatct 240
gaattatcca gaacagaaaag ttgtgactgt tggacagttc aaaattggtc tgatccatgg 300
acatcaagtt attccatggg gagatatggc cagcttagcc ctggttcaga ggcaatttga 360
tgtggacatt cttatctcgg gacacacaca caaatttgaa g 401

```

```

<210> 191
<211> 406
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 191
tggcagccta agccgtggga gggltccagt cgagaatggg aagatgaaag acttcagatg 60
gaacagaaat aaatgccttt ttgacaaac gcagcagtg cgtgctctag cttgcaagag 120
cgttactccc cttcatagct ttaaaagggt ttgcactgc gtgcagttag agtagctaaa 180
tcttgtgtga cgctccacaa acacttgtaa gaattttgca gagaaagata accgttgcca 240
cccaatgccc cccacaggca ttctactccc cagtacctt taggggtggga gaaatgggtga 300
agagttgttc ctacaacttg ctaacctagt ggacagggtg gtagattagc atcatccgga 360
tagatgtgaa gaggacggct gtttgataa taattaagga taaaat 406

```

```

<210> 192
<211> 316
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 192
cccggggagg ccctggtcat aaaacttta attttactag tgttacttaa tgtatattct 60
aaaaagagaa tgcagtaact aatgccctaa atgtttgatc tctgtttgtc attacttttt 120
caaaattatt tttttctgta aagtataata tataaaactt cttgcttaaa ttgaattttt 180
atattagtgg ttaattgcag ttatttaaag ggatcattat cagtaatttc atagcaactg 240
ttctagtgtt ttgtgttttt aaaacagaat taggaatttg agatatctga ttatattttt 300
catatgaatc acagac 316

```

```

<210> 193
<211> 146
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 193
gaaacatgga ctgcccctta aattttgact gtccataaaa cctatttctg atttataata 60
tgctgcctga taaagtgaca ctagatgtac cagctgagtg tttaatcttc ccatcacaga 120
tcagatttga gcattaacag gtattt 146

```

<210> 194  
 <211> 405  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 194  
 cggatgtgct cactgacatt ctactccaag tcggagatgc agatccactc caagtcacac 60  
 accgagacca agccccacaa gtgccacat tgctccaaga ccttcgccaa cagctcctac 120  
 ctggcccagc acatccgtat acactcaggg gctaagccct acagttgtaa cttctgtgag 180  
 aaatccttcc gccagctctc ccaccttcag cagcacaccc gaatccacac tggatgata 240  
 ccatacaaat gtgcacaccc aggctgtgag aaagccttca cacaactctc caatctgcag 300  
 tcccacagac ggcaacacaa caaagataaa cccttcaagt gccacaactg tcatcgggag 360  
 tacacggatg cagctcact agaggtgcac ctgtctacgc acaca 405

<210> 195  
 <211> 421  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 195  
 agaattcggc acgagctact ccttcgcgcg tggcactccg cagcctttaa ggttcgcgcg 60  
 ggggccaggc aagagttagc catgaagagc ctcaagtccc gcctgaggag gcaggacgtg 120  
 cccggccccg cgtcgtctgg cggccgcgcc gccagcgcgc atgcagcaga ttggaataaa 180  
 tatgatgacc gattgatgaa agcagcagaa aggggggatg tagaaaaagt gacgtcaatc 240  
 cttgctaaaa aggggggtcaa tccaggcaaa ctagatytgg aaggcagatc tgtcttccat 300  
 gttgtgacct caaaggggaa tcttgagtggt ttgaatgcca tccttataca tggagttgat 360  
 attacaacca gtgacactgc agggagaaat gctcttcacc tggttgctaa gtatggacat 420  
 g 421

<210> 196  
 <211> 476  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 196  
 agaattgatc tatagattta atgcaatgcc tactaaaatc ccagtacgat tttttacagg 60  
 catagacaat agacatagcc aaaacttatt ctaaaataca tatgaagatg cacaggccct 120  
 agttatacaa tcttgacaaa gaagaataaa gtgggaagaa tctatttgat ttttaaggctt 180  
 accatgtaac tacagtcac aagagagtgt ggtatcggca gacggtcaga catacagatc 240  
 aatggaatgt aacagaggac ccagaaatag gccacacag atatgctcaa tggatatttg 300  
 acaagcgtgc aaaacaattc aatggaagaa taagctttca aaaaaatggc gttggagcaa 360  
 ccggacatcc ataggaaaaa atgaacccat acctaaacca taaaccttat ataaaaataa 420  
 acacaaaatg aatcataggc tttaatgtaa gctataaaac ttttagagaa aaacac 476

<210> 197  
 <211> 503  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 197  
 tagccctcgg tgaagcccca gaccacagct atgagtcctt tcgtgtgacg tctgcgcaga 60  
 aacatgttct gcatgtccag ctcaaccggc ccaacaagag gaatgccatg aacaaggctt 120  
 tctggagaga gatggtagag tgcttcaaca agatttcgag agacgctgac tgtcggggcg 180  
 tggatgctc tgggtgcagga aaaatgttca ctgcaggtat tgacctgatg gacatggctt 240

```

cggacatcct gcagcccaaa ggagatgatg tggcccggat cagctggtac ctccgtgaca 300
tcatactcgc ataccaggag accttcaacg tcatcgagag gtgcccgaag cccgtgattg 360
ctgccgtcca tgggggctgc attggcggag gtgtggacct tgtcaccgcc tgtgacatcc 420
gggtactgtgc ccaggatgct ttcttcagg tgaaggaggt ggacgtgggt ttggctgccc 480
atgtaggaac actgcagcgc ctg 503

```

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<210> 198
<211> 168
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 198
Phe Val Ala His Ser Leu Ser Ser Ala Ala Arg Ser Arg Leu Cys
 1          5          10          15
Pro Lys Glu Glu Thr Val Thr Asp Leu Glu Thr Ala Val Leu Tyr Pro
 20          25          30
Ser His Ser Ser Phe Thr Met Pro Gly Ser Leu Pro Leu Asn Ala Glu
 35          40          45
Ala Cys Trp Pro Lys Asp Val Gly Ile Val Ala Leu Glu Ile Tyr Phe
 50          55          60
Pro Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Gln Ala Glu Leu Glu Lys Tyr Asp Gly Val
 65          70          75          80
Asp Ala Gly Lys Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Gln Ala Lys Met Gly Phe
 85          90          95
Cys Thr Asp Arg Glu Asp Ile Asn Ser Leu Cys Met Thr Val Val Gln
100          105          110
Asn Leu Met Glu Arg Asn Asn Leu Ser Tyr Asp Cys Ile Gly Arg Leu
115          120          125
Glu Val Gly Thr Glu Thr Ile Ile Asp Lys Ser Lys Ser Val Lys Thr
130          135          140
Asn Leu Met Gln Leu Phe Glu Glu Ser Gly Asn Thr Asp Ile Glu Gly
145          150          155          160
Ile Asp Thr Thr Asn Ala Cys Tyr
165

```

```

<210> 199
<211> 168
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 199
His Arg Gly Gly Gly Glu Met Ala Phe Ser Gly Ser Gln Ala Pro Tyr
 1          5          10          15
Leu Ser Pro Ala Val Pro Phe Ser Gly Thr Ile Gln Gly Gly Leu Gln
 20          25          30
Asp Gly Leu Gln Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Val Leu Ser Ser Ser Gly
 35          40          45
Thr Arg Phe Ala Val Asn Phe Gln Thr Gly Phe Ser Gly Asn Asp Ile
 50          55          60
Ala Phe His Phe Asn Pro Arg Phe Glu Asp Gly Gly Tyr Val Val Cys
 65          70          75          80
Asn Thr Arg Gln Asn Gly Ser Trp Gly Pro Glu Glu Arg Lys Thr His
 85          90          95
Met Pro Phe Gln Lys Gly Met Pro Phe Asp Leu Cys Phe Leu Val Gln
100          105          110

```



Ser Ser Asp Phe Lys Val Met Val Asn Gly Ile Leu Phe Val Gln Tyr  
           115                  120                  125  
 Phe His Arg Val Pro Phe His Arg Val Asp Thr Ile Ser Val Asn Gly  
       130                  135                  140  
 Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Tyr Ile Ser Phe Gln Pro Pro Gly Val Trp Pro  
 145                  150                  155                  160  
 Ala Asn Pro Ala Pro Ile Thr Gln  
                   165

<210> 200  
 <211> 132  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 200  
 Gly Gln Glu Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Glu Gly Arg Ala Asp Thr Thr Thr  
   1                  5                  10                  15  
 Gly Ser Ile Ala Gly Ala Pro Glu Asp Glu Arg Ser Gln Ser Thr Ala  
           20                  25                  30  
 Pro Gln Ala Pro Glu Cys Phe Asp Pro Ala Gly Pro Ala Gly Leu Val  
       35                  40                  45  
 Arg Pro Thr Ser Gly Leu Ser Gln Gly Pro Gly Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu  
       50                  55                  60  
 Ser Ala Leu Ile Ala Leu Asp Ser Glu Lys Pro Lys Lys Leu Arg Phe  
 65                  70                  75                  80  
 His Pro Lys Gln Leu Tyr Phe Ser Ala Arg Gln Gly Glu Leu Gln Lys  
           85                  90                  95  
 Val Leu Leu Met Leu Val Asp Gly Ile Asp Pro Asn Phe Lys Met Glu  
           100                  105                  110  
 His Gln Ser Lys Arg Ser Pro Leu His Ala Ala Ala Glu Ala Gly His  
       115                  120                  125  
 Val Asp Ile Cys  
 130

<210> 201  
 <211> 120  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 201  
 Met Leu Val Leu Val Leu Gly Asp Leu His Ile Pro His Arg Cys Asn  
   1                  5                  10                  15  
 Ser Leu Pro Ala Lys Phe Lys Lys Leu Leu Val Pro Gly Lys Ile Gln  
       20                  25                  30  
 His Ile Leu Cys Thr Gly Asn Leu Cys Thr Lys Glu Ser Tyr Asp Tyr  
       35                  40                  45  
 Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Gly Asp Val His Ile Val Arg Gly Asp Phe Asp  
       50                  55                  60  
 Glu Asn Leu Asn Tyr Pro Glu Gln Lys Val Val Thr Val Gly Gln Phe  
 65                  70                  75                  80  
 Lys Ile Gly Leu Ile His Gly His Gln Val Ile Pro Trp Gly Asp Met  
           85                  90                  95  
 Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Leu Gln Arg Gln Phe Asp Val Asp Ile Leu Ile  
       100                  105                  110  
 Ser Gly His Thr His Lys Phe Glu

115

120

&lt;210&gt; 202

&lt;211&gt; 135

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 202

Arg	Met	Cys	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Ser	Glu	Met	Gln	Ile	His
1				5					10					15	
Ser	Lys	Ser	His	Thr	Glu	Thr	Lys	Pro	His	Lys	Cys	Pro	His	Cys	Ser
			20					25					30		
Lys	Thr	Phe	Ala	Asn	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Gln	His	Ile	Arg	Ile	His
		35					40					45			
Ser	Gly	Ala	Lys	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Asn	Phe	Cys	Glu	Lys	Ser	Phe	Arg
	50					55					60				
Gln	Leu	Ser	His	Leu	Gln	His	Thr	Arg	Ile	His	Thr	Gly	Asp	Arg	
65					70				75					80	
Pro	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Ala	His	Pro	Gly	Cys	Glu	Lys	Ala	Phe	Thr	Gln	Leu
				85					90					95	
Ser	Asn	Leu	Gln	Ser	His	Arg	Arg	Gln	His	Asn	Lys	Asp	Lys	Pro	Phe
			100					105					110		
Lys	Cys	His	Asn	Cys	His	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu
		115					120					125			
Val	His	Leu	Ser	Thr	His	Thr									
		130				135									

&lt;210&gt; 203

&lt;211&gt; 135

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 203

Leu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Trp	His	Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Lys	Val	Arg	Ala	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Arg	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ala	Met	Lys	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ser	Arg	Leu	Arg	Arg
		20						25					30		
Gln	Asp	Val	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ala
		35					40					45			
His	Ala	Ala	Asp	Trp	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Arg	Leu	Met	Lys	Ala	Ala
	50					55					60				
Glu	Arg	Gly	Asp	Val	Glu	Lys	Val	Thr	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ala	Lys	Lys	Gly
65					70					75				80	
Val	Asn	Pro	Gly	Lys	Leu	Asp	Val	Glu	Gly	Arg	Ser	Val	Phe	His	Val
				85				90					95		
Val	Thr	Ser	Lys	Gly	Asn	Leu	Glu	Cys	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ile	His
			100					105					110		
Gly	Val	Asp	Ile	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Gly	Arg	Asn	Ala	Leu	His
		115					120						125		
Leu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Gly	His									
		130				135									

&lt;210&gt; 204

&lt;211&gt; 167

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 204

Ala Leu Gly Glu Ala Pro Asp His Ser Tyr Glu Ser Leu Arg Val Thr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Ala Gln Lys His Val Leu His Val Gln Leu Asn Arg Pro Asn Lys  
 20 25 30  
 Arg Asn Ala Met Asn Lys Val Phe Trp Arg Glu Met Val Glu Cys Phe  
 35 40 45  
 Asn Lys Ile Ser Arg Asp Ala Asp Cys Arg Ala Val Val Ile Ser Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Ala Gly Lys Met Phe Thr Ala Gly Ile Asp Leu Met Asp Met Ala Ser  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asp Ile Leu Gln Pro Lys Gly Asp Asp Val Ala Arg Ile Ser Trp Tyr  
 85 90 95  
 Leu Arg Asp Ile Thr Arg Tyr Gln Glu Thr Phe Asn Val Ile Glu  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Cys Pro Lys Pro Val Ile Ala Ala Val His Gly Gly Cys Ile Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Gly Gly Val Asp Leu Val Thr Ala Cys Asp Ile Arg Tyr Cys Ala Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Ala Phe Phe Gln Val Lys Glu Val Asp Val Gly Leu Ala Ala His  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Gly Thr Leu Gln Arg Leu  
 165

&lt;210&gt; 205

&lt;211&gt; 381

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 205

aaatttgga tcacgcctg ttctgaaac tagatgcacc aaccgtatca ttatttggtt 60  
 gaggaaaaa agaaatctgc attttaattc atgttggtca aagtcgaatt actatctatt 120  
 tatcttatat cgtagatctg ataaccctat ctaaaagaaa gtcacacgct aaatgtattc 180  
 ttacatagtg cttgtatcgt tgcatttggt ttaatttggt gaaaagtatt gtatctaact 240  
 tgtattactt tggtagtttc atctttatgt attattgata ttgtgaattt tctcaactat 300  
 aacaatgtag ttacgctaca acttgcttaa aacattcaaa cttgttttct tttttctggt 360  
 gttttctttg ttaattcatt t 381

&lt;210&gt; 206

&lt;211&gt; 514

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 206

aaaagtaaat tgcataaaat tacatccaat ttctttctct aaaccaacat attcttcacc 60  
 ttcacaaagc aaacacatgg tgcactgaaa ccgagggtgt accagcttta catactgttc 120  
 tgccatttgt ggggggtgca accacaacat aagtcagaaa aaaagctatc cagcttttcg 180  
 tggaaatctgg tgaagtttac acttagcgat aagcctctaa gcctgaactt agcagggcta 240  
 gcaaaaacttt atttatttcc taactcctat tattttagaa tgggttttcaa aataatactg 300  
 caagttccta attgaaatac aaaacagaac aaaaagctgt gagaaatctt ttttttctt 360  
 tggctcctta aagacttggga ataatttata ttagtggtgc atacatttta ccttctacat 420  
 tttgatgtac ttgctcttga aagcactaga acaaattaat tgaaataaaa cctctctgaa 480  
 accatttgaa tctttgatcc taccatagag tttt 514

<210> 207  
 <211> 522  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(522)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207  
 caagctttttg gtgcatagca gccngcctgg aagcattctg agtgctctgt ctgccctggg 60  
 gggtttcatt atcctgtctg tcaaacaggc caccttaaatt cctgcctcac tgcagtgtga 120  
 gttggacaaa aataatatac caacaagaag ttatgtttct tacttttatac atgattcact 180  
 ttataccacg gactgctata cagccaaagc cagtctggct ggaactctct ctctgatgct 240  
 gatttgcaact ctgctggaat tctgcctagc tgtgctcact gctgtgctgc ggtggaaaca 300  
 ggcttactct gacttccttg ggagtgtact ttctctgcct cacagttaca ttggtaattc 360  
 tggcatgtcc tcaaaaatga ctcatgactg tggatatgaa gaactattga cttcttaaga 420  
 aaaaaggag aatatattaat cagaaagttg attcttatga taatatggaa aagttaacca 480  
 ttatagaaaa gcaaagcttg agtttcttaa atgtaagctt tt 522

<210> 208  
 <211> 278  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 208  
 aaaatgcact accccttttt tccaacacgg agcttaaaac aaattaatga aagagtggaa 60  
 aattcaaaat aagggaaga gataaggttt tttttttttt tcttttaaga tagactcagg 120  
 ataggtagat agctttcact gatgtagatg tggataaat tactacttca ggaaaaaat 180  
 tcccaaacat cttatgaaaa agtatacaac tctacttcaa aatatgctat ttactcactg 240  
 ccaaagacag ttttatttga aatcttgttt ctgtattt 278

<210> 209  
 <211> 234  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(234)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 209  
 cctcccaaat ttagcaggtg ctgggnagga ccctagggag tggtttatgg gggctagctg 60  
 gtgaaactgc cctttccttt ctgttctatg agtgtgatgg tgtttgagaa aatgtggggc 120  
 tatggttcag gcgcacttca catgtgcaaa gatggagaaa gcactcacct acacgtttag 180  
 gctcagaatg ttgattgaaa cattttgaat gatcaaaaat aaaatgttat tttt 234

<210> 210  
 <211> 186  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(186)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210  
 aaaataactg atggcaaaat aaaaanattta catcacatca tactgtgtaa acatgtaagg 60  
 tctctgtaca aagaaatata catgcaaaat aatgtaaaaa ttttaactgaa ataataaaaag 120  
 aaacaatata caaataaaaa ttatgagggt acgaatacac atccagtttc gaatccaatt 180  
 tctttt 186

<210> 211  
 <211> 403  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 211  
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 agtaagagca cacaatagat attactagca cacatgggtt atctgggagc gctatagcta 120  
 caataaacct aattatggaa cagaaatttg cattctgttt ccagtgtctac tacactccta 180  
 ctttctcaaa agtctgtctt attaatatca gctcagtgcg gtttactatg aatagttttat 240  
 gtctgtgatg caaagcatta attgttctct ttttacaac atacattttt ttcataagga 300  
 agactggggg aaaacccaga aacatacaga gaaaaggaaa gcacatcaa atatatgtta 360  
 aaaattaaga tgatgtttac tactagtcac cctacaacaa ttt 403

<210> 212  
 <211> 345  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 212  
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 ggtgtacttt ctactctgat cgctgggcct gtggttgaga taagtcacca gctacggaag 120  
 gtttctgacg tagaagagct taccctccca gagcatcttt ctgatcttcc accattttca 180  
 aggtgtttta taggaataat aataaagtct tcgaatgtgg tcaggtcatt tttggatgaa 240  
 ttaaaggcat gtgtggcttc taatgatatt gaaggcattg tgtgcctcac ggctgctgtg 300  
 catattatcc tggttattaa tgcaggtaaa cataaaagct caaaa 345

<210> 213  
 <211> 318  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 213  
 aaaatgtttt attattttga aaataatggt gtaattcatg ccagggactg acaaaaagact 60  
 tgagacagga tggttattct tgtcagctaa ggtcacattg tgcctttttg accttttctt 120  
 cctggactat tgaaatcaag cttattggat taagtgtat tttctatagcg attgaaaggg 180  
 caatagttaa agtaatgagc atgatgagag tttctgttaa tcatgtatta aaactgattt 240  
 ttagctttac aaatatgtca gtttgcagtt atgcagaatc caaagtaaat gtccctgctag 300  
 ctagttaagg attgtttt 318

<210> 214  
 <211> 462  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 214

aaacacatct	ggttctggca	gcaagttata	ttatgcattt	agagcaatag	gtgccctgaa	60
agttattgtt	gctttttttg	tttttttttt	cagtttgtgc	gtgtcacttg	aatcagaaac	120
caaacacatg	taaaaaaata	tcacctcaa	tgcccccat	taactctctc	tccagaaggt	180
gacaatgtta	gtgaactcaa	gactctcact	gatgatggta	ttttacaatg	aaaacacaag	240
gaaacccttt	gaggtccaat	tttcacatca	tattctccaa	atagtaaaat	agcagctcta	300
catgttgatg	aaaagaaatt	tcaatttctt	cctatttgtt	tttactcata	tcaacattaa	360
tatgtatctg	gatttattaa	tttccaaaaa	gaaaatttta	gttaccaaat	atttcagaaa	420
tttaataaag	cattatatat	atgtaattag	cacttatcta	cc		462

&lt;210&gt; 215

&lt;211&gt; 280

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 215

aaacttttct	gaaacgatta	gctgtagcca	aattatgtgg	ttacgttttg	ctacattaga	60
atttgaaaat	gcaatatgtg	tggtaaatct	actgtttgaa	atttataatg	gtctctgata	120
tgattcgaat	tttggttaact	tttgaaagtt	attttcccc	tttagtcatg	gatttctatt	180
tgttttttta	tgtaattttt	tctagaaagc	atctgaattg	actaggcttt	tcctatataa	240
aaaactcaaa	acttggttaac	tctgtacttt	aataaaattt			280

&lt;210&gt; 216

&lt;211&gt; 210

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 216

aaaatctctg	gcttcaaagt	ttcttgggga	aaggctcggtt	tacctcacat	tttttgtttc	60
cattagtaat	attctaggta	cctcacaaaa	tgtattatgg	tgccatgggt	gttagttttt	120
agtgagtgtc	gtaggattaa	ttcgaaaata	ggcagaattc	cattcctccc	aagggtggcaa	180
aaattagcta	tactgatgta	attgtcattt				210

&lt;210&gt; 217

&lt;211&gt; 398

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 217

ctggagctgc	tagaacttga	gatgagggca	agagcgatta	aagccctaata	gaaagctggg	60
gatataaaaa	agccagccta	ggtatttaac	ttgattttga	attttaggta	tgtttgaaca	120
aagccacatc	atttaatttt	gtatctaaaa	tttatttggg	gtcttatatg	ttattttctca	180
tgtaaccctt	attaggactc	attttagccc	taaattacct	gtggctgttt	ctttttattt	240
ttttgactac	ttttatatta	taaatgtgtg	ttactgtctt	atgaattcat	ggcaatatag	300
ttggatagcc	tggatacttt	gttagatgag	tatttagctg	tgtctgcaaa	tcttaaaagc	360
cattagcaaa	gagtcgtggg	atttttttct	ttattttt			398

&lt;210&gt; 218

&lt;211&gt; 487

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 218

ctgccgccgg	tcaggctggg	taaagatcag	gtccccagg	accttgcgat	ttatgtcgcc	60
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attctccagc aagacctcag tgccgaagac ctctacgatg cgccggtggg caggggatcc 120
tggtgcacg acgtgccggg ccacacgctc cagtcgaatc accgcacagc ccagtttcag 180
tgtttttaca cattatattg ttataatctc acaataacta taaattaggt agaacaggaa 240
atgaggtttg gagaagatac ttgacttata cgaccatctg tacttggtccc atagtaagga 300
gcctcaagca gagacaaagg aggaagttgc ctatgttgta tgggtttacag gccataaatg 360
aatgtcatct ttttcctccc ctggggaaaa atgtctcaaa aatcccacca taggacatga 420
catctccaga acctctatta caaaatacac atttcctgta gaggggtaac aaatttgggt 480
taacctg 487

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<210> 219
<211> 390
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 219
aaaaaatata ccacacgata caactcaata caggagtatt tcttctcaaa ttcttctagc 60
accatcaaca ttcttcaagt atctgaaata ctattaatta gcacctttgt attatgaaca 120
aaacaaaaca aggacctcag ttcactctctg tctaggtcag cacctaacaa tgtggatcac 180
actcatggga aagtgttttg aggtagttaa aacctttgga agtttgggtt ttaaacttcc 240
ctctgtggaa gatattcaaa agccacaagt ggtgcaaatg tttatgggtt ttatttttca 300
atttttatct tggttttctt acaaagggtg acattttcca taacagggtg aagagtgttg 360
aaaaaaagt tcaaattttt gggggagcgg 390

```

```

<210> 220
<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(341)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 220
aaaacaggca aagttttaca gagaggatac atttaataaa actgcgagga catcaaagtg 60
gtaaatactg tgaaatacct tttctnnnca aaaggcaaat attgaagttg tttatcaact 120
tcgctagaaa aaaaaaaaca cttggcatac aaaatattta agtgaaggag aagtctaacg 180
ctgaactnnn aatgaaggga aattgtttat gtgttatgaa catccaagtc tttcttcttt 240
tttaagttgt caaagaagct tccacaaaat tagaaaggac aacagttctg agctgtaatt 300
tcgccttaaa ctctggacac tctatatgta gtgcattttt a 341

```

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<210> 221
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 221
ccagggggaa ttgaggagg ctctaagcta ggggcactgc atggtgggac aggatggccc 60
cttgaggact gaaccctggg gagaagacaa acagtaataa taaaaacaaa taacaagtac 120
tttaagaatg gattgtatga cctatagtga cagatgacat cactaatact gaaagcttct 180
tatattaata attttgga aatgtcattt tgtaatatag tatatgcttt ccag 234

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<210> 222
<211> 186
<212> DNA

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&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 222

aaattttcat	tgagttgtcc	atctccagca	tatagggctt	caggagcaga	gcagaccttg	60
tttttagtg	ttccatggga	taaaatggga	ttggaggagc	tagaagaatt	cagggctctgg	120
tccaatctgc	cagtcttcct	gaaatatcga	aaatacacca	gggctgctat	atcagagcca	180
ccctgg						186

&lt;210&gt; 223

&lt;211&gt; 486

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 223

ccataagcag	ataagtagca	gttcaactgg	atgtctctct	tctccaaatg	ctacagtaca	60
aagccctaag	catgagtggg	aaatcgttgc	ttcagaaaaag	acttcaaata	acacttactt	120
gtgcttggct	gtgctggatg	gtatattctg	tgtcattttt	cttcattggga	gaaacagccc	180
acagagctca	ccaacaagta	ctccaaaact	aagtaagagt	ttaagctttg	agatgcaaca	240
agatgagcta	atcgaaaaagc	ccatgtctcc	tatgcagtac	gcacgatctg	gtctgggaac	300
agcagagatg	aatggcaaac	tcatagctgc	aggtggctat	aacagagagg	aatgtcttcg	360
aacagtcgaa	tgctataatc	cacatacaga	tactgggtcc	tttcttgctc	ccatgagaac	420
accaagagcc	cgatttcaaa	tggctgtact	catgggccag	ctctatgtgg	taggtggatc	480
aaatgg						486

&lt;210&gt; 224

&lt;211&gt; 322

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 224

aaatgttcac	tatgtcattt	agtgtccaac	tttacggata	ggttgactat	ctaaataggc	60
attttttagtc	attaaaaaaa	aatctagtca	ccaggaggat	ccctataact	caaaaataact	120
tgtttgtaaa	agaaaatttg	tttacttacc	cattagtaag	ttcctgcata	ttcattataa	180
gatggcaaat	caaacttttc	taggatgaag	acagcttatt	tttaagttgt	atagtcttag	240
ttggtttagg	gtctcaattt	taattaataa	aatacttgg	ttttatttgc	ttgtcctttt	300
gaattcctgt	tttaataatt	tt				322

&lt;210&gt; 225

&lt;211&gt; 489

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 225

aaatgtagga	ataaaatggc	tggcatctaa	gcacttttagt	aaaagagggt	tttacaata	60
actaaggatt	gtagagcttc	cttctctttt	ttttctttt	tctttctttt	gttttacatg	120
aactcaactt	attcctaaca	tttgtctacc	tcaaagaaat	ttcaagatta	tttagataac	180
atggatatgt	gccaaatcct	ttgagctgtt	aagatgataa	tttcttgctt	tcctcctaca	240
tcttctcttc	ccactccctc	ctttgggtgtg	aatattggct	tcccaattaa	gacctttttt	300
ttttttttcc	agtttgtttt	agcttattat	aggttttgga	ggaactttgc	cattttgtaa	360
tctttcaa	cattcttcac	ccttcctcac	atcagcttcc	tgcttttccc	agtgttttac	420
tgtaaatgtg	gtagcatatg	acaaatcttg	agctgacttt	cctcttcact	gatgtcatct	480
tgagctctt						489

&lt;210&gt; 226

&lt;211&gt; 398



&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 226

caaggggcccc	ccgcagagca	cacctatgct	atggggagcc	ctgctggcag	ccccgagagc	60
catgccatgg	cctgcaggag	ccaggctcct	gtgtggatga	agtccctctt	cctctgtgcc	120
ttgatccctt	gggggtgcct	ttggtcatct	cttctgtcct	ttcctgtctc	tgaaatagtc	180
atcactcccc	ttgactctct	ctgttcacgt	cttctcagtc	tgacagagta	acttctgtaa	240
ggagtttaat	ctgggggttc	aagaaaacaa	gttccttggt	aacatagcac	tgactttgca	300
acaatagaaa	actaacaat	gagcaacaat	ataaagagta	gaggtagttc	tcattgggtg	360
taacttcaac	ccattctgct	tgtgggtaga	atttataa			398

&lt;210&gt; 227

&lt;211&gt; 535

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 227

ctgctgcata	gaaaatatgc	taacatacaa	cagtcgaagt	taagcctgtg	catagagaag	60
ataaagcact	tatggtaact	gcaaatggta	acgagtcctt	aaggtttgta	caacctagta	120
tgggtccata	aggaaaaact	gtagtagaaa	tggtaggac	aaacaataaa	gtagaaacag	180
gggggaaact	tgagaagaga	agaaagaagc	aagaaaaaaa	gactttcaat	tgtataaaat	240
tcacaaacca	gtaaagtata	aagacaccat	ggagaaatgg	ttaactctgc	cccaaacc	300
caacagcaaa	caaaaccaga	atgaataagc	ctttggcaga	caattttaga	aatttgaatg	360
ttacatttct	caataattca	caaacaatat	atttatatgg	atatttatat	taaatattgg	420
gaaaccaatg	ttgtaaattt	gatgcttata	atgctttagc	caatgagagc	acaatgatat	480
caatcaagct	aaatgaatgc	tgggtgtatc	acaacagtgc	tcatttatga	aacaa	535

&lt;210&gt; 228

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 228

aaacaataaa	caccatcaac	cttattgact	ttattgtccc	tcaaattata	ttgactgttg	60
tgattccatc	aagtttgtac	actcttttct	ctccctgttt	tgacgaaca	aattgcgaag	120
tgcttttgtt	tgtttgtttt	cgtttggtta	aagcttattg	ccatgctggg	gcggctatgg	180
agactgtctg	gaaggcttgg	aatggtttat	tgcttatggg	aaaatttgcc	tgatttctta	240
caggcagcgt	ttggaaacct	ttatttatat	agttgtttac	atacttataa	gtctatcatt	300
t						301

&lt;210&gt; 229

&lt;211&gt; 420

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 229

aaagttgctt	tgctggaagt	ttttataagg	aatctcagat	taaaccttta	gaagtttaat	60
tgacactag	aagccaaacc	aaggctgact	tcagactttg	ttttagtagc	ctgtgggttt	120
attacctatg	ggtttatatc	ctcaaatacg	acattctagt	caaagtcttg	gtaatataac	180
caatgttttc	aaatgtattc	tgatcataca	agagcagatt	tttattgaac	ttgtgcaata	240
actatattac	catacaatat	aaatattcat	gaatagtttc	ccaagtctgg	agcgaccaca	300
tagggagaaa	atgcaaatgt	ctcaattttt	gttcacaaaa	gtatatttta	tcaaattgct	360
gtaagctgtg	gatagcttaa	aagaaaaaaa	gtttcctgaa	atctgggaaa	caagacattt	420

<210> 230  
 <211> 419  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230  
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 gacagatagc accttcagca ctctgcttgt ggtccacagt agtttttcgt aagtataggt 120  
 cctcattata ttctactaaag cttgggggtcc accactagcc agtatgatga gcttgctttc 180  
 ttgggttgcca taagctaaaa ttgaaggca gtctgtcgta atagccaaga atttaacatt 240  
 tgttttgttg agcaaggcaa ccattttctg cagcccacca gctaaacgca ctgccatttt 300  
 agctccttct tgatgtaata aaagggtgtg gagagttgta atggcataaa acaacacaga 360  
 atccactggt gaaccaagca ttttcaccag ggcaggaatg cctccagact taaagatgg 419

<210> 231  
 <211> 389  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231  
 ttgttcagag ccctgggtgga tcttgcaatc cagtgcctta caaaggctag aacactacag 60  
 gggatgaatt cttcaaatag gagccgatgg atctgtggtc ctttgggact catcaaagcc 120  
 ttgggttagc attttgtcag ttttatcttc agaaattctc tgcgattaag aagataattt 180  
 attaaagggt gtccttccta cctctgtggg gtgtgtcgcg cacacagctt agaagtgcata 240  
 taaaaaagga aagagctcca aattgaatca cctttataat ttaccattt ctatacaaca 300  
 ggcagtggaa gcagtttcag agaacttttt gcattgcttat ggttgatcag ttaaaaaaga 360  
 atgttacagt aacaaataaa gtgcagttt 399

<210> 232  
 <211> 397  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232  
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 cacagtggaa ctgaaggaag gctctacagc ccagcttata ataaacactg agaaaactgt 120  
 gattggctct gttctgctgc gggaactgaa gcctgtcctg tctcaggggt aacctgctta 180  
 catctggact ttagaatctg gcacacaaca aaagtgcctg gcattccacta ctgctgcctt 240  
 tcatttataa taatagccct tccatctggc agtgggggaa gaatacactc ttgacattct 300  
 tgtctcctgc tttagaatgc tagtgtgtat ctatcatgta tgcaatactt tccccctttt 360  
 tgctttgcta accaaagagc atatatttta ctgtcag 397

<210> 233  
 <211> 508  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233  
 cgaggagtgc cttaagtgcg aggacctcaa agtgggacaa tatatttgta aagatccaaa 60  
 aataaatgac gctacgcaag aaccagttaa ctgtacaaac tacacagctc atgtttcctg 120  
 ttttcagca cccaacataa cttgtaagga ttccagtggc aatgaaacac attttactgg 180  
 gaacgaagt gggtttttca agcccatatc ttgccgaat gtaaatggct attcctacaa 240  
 agtggcagtc gcattgtctc tttttcttgg atgggtggga gcagatcgat ttacacttgg 300  
 ataccctgct ttgggtttgt taaagttttg cactgtaggg ttttgaggaa ttgggagcct 360  
 aattgatctt attcttattt caatgcagat tgttggacct tcagatggaa gtagttacat 420

tatagattac tatggaacca gacttacaag actgagtatt actaatgaaa catttagaaa	480
aacgcaatta tatccataaa tattttttt	508

&lt;210&gt; 234

&lt;211&gt; 358

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 234

aaatgttggg attcaaaacc aaagatataa cggaaaggaa aaacagatga gacataaaat	60
gatttgcaag atgggaaata tagtagttta tgaatgtaa ttaaattcca gttataatag	120
tggtacaca ctctcactac acacacagac cccacagtc tatatgccac aaacacattt	180
ccataacttg aaaatgagta ttttgcata ctcagttcag gatatgtttt ttacaagtta	240
atcctaaagt cataaagcaa gaagctattc atagtacaag attttatttg ctaagcttta	300
caaattaaac tctaaaaaat tattacaatg atactgaaag atattttatt ggccctttt	358

&lt;210&gt; 235

&lt;211&gt; 482

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 235

gaagaaagtt agatttacgc cgatgaatat gatagtgaat tggatttttg cgtagggttg	60
gtctagggtg tagcctgaga ataggggaaa tcagtgaatg aagcctccta tgatggcaaa	120
tacagctcct attgatagga catagtggaa gtgagctaca acgtagtacg tgcgtgtag	180
tacgatgtct agtgatgagt ttgctaatac aatgccagtc aggccacctt cgggaaaaag	240
aaagatgaat cctagggtct agagcactgc agcagatcat ttcataattgc ttccgtggag	300
tgtggcgagt cagctaaata ctttgacgcc ggtggggata gcgatgatta tggtagcgga	360
ggtgaaatat gtcgtgtgt ctacgtctat tcctactgta aatatatggt gtgctcacac	420
gataaacctt aggaagccaa ttgatatcat agctcagacc atacctatgt atccaaatgg	480
tt	482

&lt;210&gt; 236

&lt;211&gt; 149

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 236

cctcttcatt gttcacatgt cacaggagga ggctctgagc aaaggccact ggcaagttag	60
ggcaacacca agaaggctct gcggagagac tcctgtggg ttggggcctg gcaggaacgg	120
tgctgtgga ctgtttatgg tctgtccag	149

&lt;210&gt; 237

&lt;211&gt; 391

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 237

gaagctaaat ccaaagaaat atgaaggtag ccgtgaatta agtgatttta ttagctatct	60
acaaagagaa gctacaaacc cccctgtaat tcaagaagaa aaaccacaaga agaagaagaa	120
ggcacaggag gatctctaaa gcagtagcca aacaccactt tgtaaaagga ctcttccatc	180
agagatggga aaaccatttg ggaggactag gacccatatt ggaattatta cctctcaggg	240
ccgagaggac agaattggata taatctgaat cctgttaaat tttctctaaa ctgttcttta	300
gctgactgt ttatggaaat accaggacca gtttatgttt gtggtttttg gaaaaattat	360
ttgtgttggg ggaaatgttg tgggggtggg g	391

<210> 238  
 <211> 374  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238  
 aaaaaa caaa acaatgtaag taaaggatat ttctgaatct taaaattcat cccatgtgtg 60  
 atcataaact cataaaaaata attttaagat gccggaaaag gatactttga ttataaaaaa 120  
 acactcatgg atagttaaaa actgtcaaga ttaaaattta atagtttcat ttatttggtta 180  
 ttttatttgt aagaaatagt gatgaacaaa gatccttttt catactgata cctgggttgta 240  
 tattatttgg tgcaacagtt ttctgaaatg atatttcaaa ttgcatcaag aaattaaaaat 300  
 catctatctg agtagtcaaa atacaagtaa aggagagcaa ataaacaaca ttgggaaaaa 360  
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 374

<210> 239  
 <211> 200  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 239  
 aaagatgtct ttgaccgcat atgtactgga aatttcaaac gtggatcttc ccaggttgta 60  
 gtctttgtgt tatgatcaat gaagaagggc cggccgtttg gcgctatcct catttcccag 120  
 ccgggtggca agaagctctg tgtgactttg tgtgtgggtt tgggggagtt gtaaggatgat 180  
 ggctgtgggg actgtgggtt 200

<210> 240  
 <211> 314  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(314)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 240  
 ctggtaaaact gtccaaaaaca aggttccaaa taacacctct tactgattta ccctacccat 60  
 acatatncca natagnnttt gatcaaaaac atgaaatana tccacctgct tattttaagc 120  
 atattaaaaa ggaaactaat tggaccattt tctatttgct tattttatac aaaaaggcta 180  
 cacaattgat acactctatt cagataacaa tcaattagag tgantatgaa ttactggcga 240  
 caccatcact caattcttaa aaattagaaa ttgctgtagc agtattcact ataacttaac 300  
 actaccgaga gact 314

<210> 241  
 <211> 375  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(375)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 241

```

ccaagtcctt ggagttatag gatattcatt acttcctctc attgtaatag cccctgtact      60
tttggtggtt ggatcatttg aagtgggtgc tacacttata aaactgtttg gtgtgttttg      120
ggctgcctac agtgcctgct cattgttagt ggggtgaagaa ttcaagacca aaaagcctct      180
tctgatttat ccaatctttt tattatacat ttatcttttg tcgttatata ctggtgtgtg      240
atccaagtta tacatgaata gaaaaagatg gtgttaaatt tgtgtgtagg ctgggaattc      300
tngctaaggg aatggnaaaa aacctgtntt tgnaaaattn acntgtccca aagnnaagga      360
anctaaacgc tttttt                                     375

```

```

<210> 242
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 242
aaagggcattc tctgattttac atgagaattg agaâactgag atgtatgatt tgtctgttag      60
tcaatttcac accctttcat tctcataagc cccaaatttt gctcagttaa ggagcttgct      120
ttagggccac ctatgtaagt ctgttatact agctaattgtg cccatttgaa tagttcaagg      180
gtcagctaatt gctctgagct tcatggctcc agtataaaga acaaatttaa caaaattaag      240
ctgttactgt agccgagtta cccttctgct ccacacatat gtagtgggat cttgcaggat      300
ttccatagtg ccaattatca aaggccttga ctacttagca ttgctgtatt acagatgtgc      360
aaactgagggc actgaaaagt caaattt                                     387

```

```

<210> 243
<211> 536
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(536)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 243
aaacccaaag gacgaagaaa aaacactttt aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaga aaaacccaaac      60
catattttgc cacatgtgag agtacggtca agcagtattt acaaaaagggt taacggaaca      120
acactctgac acatgctctg agaatactgg gactgctgtt tcaaaaaaaa aggttcaaac      180
ttattgtcac agcatcatca caaaatagag gatcaccatt ggtttgcttg gcttttcttt      240
ttttttttcc cccaagttag gacctaaact caaataatac aatagaatat gcaaattatc      300
ttcacatcaa gagtacccca agaaaaacga aatccatggc acanacactg tacaaggggtg      360
cagggcaggg ctctgagggg cccaaacccc attttgcaa ctcgattttc tagcattgaa      420
gggagcaagg ggctaggcat atgatggaga tgatactgaa atgattttat caaaatccat      480
gcaaatcaag ttctttggat agagggtgaan aacttggaca tggctgtttc aggcag      536

```

```

<210> 244
<211> 397
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 244
ccaggataat atacacaggt ttgcagctaa aactgtgcac agtgggtcat tgatgctagt      60
cacagtggaa ctgaaggaag gctctacagc ccagcttata ataaacactg agaaaactgt      120
gattggctct gttctgctgc gggaactgaa gcctgtcctg tctcaggggt aacctgctta      180
catctggact ttagaatctg gcacacaaca aaagtgcctg gcatccacta ctgctgcctt      240
tcatttataa taatagccct tccatctggc agtgggggaa gaatacactc ttgacattct      300
tgtctcctgc tttagaatgc tagtgtgtat ctatcatgta tgcaataact tccccctttt      360

```

tgcttttgcta accaaagagc atatatttta ctgtcag

397

<210> 245

<211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

cgaggagtcg	cttaagtgcg	aggacctcaa	agtgggacaa	tatatttgta	aagatccaaa	60
aataaatgac	gctacgcaag	aaccagttaa	ctgtacaaac	tacacagctc	atgtttcctg	120
ttttccagca	cccaacataa	cttctaagga	ttccagtggc	aatgaaacac	atcttactgg	180
gaacgaagtt	ggttttttca	agcccatatc	ttgccgaaat	gtaaatggct	attcctacaa	240
agtggcagtc	gcattgtctc	tttttcttgg	atggttggga	gcagatcgat	tttaccttgg	300
ataccctgct	ttgggtttgt	taaagttttg	cactgtaggg	ttttgtggaa	ttgggagcct	360
aattgatttc	attcttattt	caatgcagat	tggtggacct	tcagatggaa	gtagttacat	420
tatagattac	tatggaacca	gacttacaag	actgagtatt	actaatgaaa	catttagaaa	480
aacgcaatta	tatccataaa	tatttttt				508

<210> 246

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

aaatgttgg	attcaaaacc	aaagatatata	ccgaaaggaa	aaacagatga	gacataaaat	60
gatttgcaag	atgggaaata	tagtagttta	tgaatgtaaa	ttaaattcca	gttataatag	120
tggctacaca	ctctcactac	acacacagac	cccacagtcc	tatatgccac	aaacacattt	180
ccataacttg	aaaatgagta	ttttgcatat	ctcagttcag	gatatgtttt	ttacaagtta	240
atcctaaagt	cataaagcaa	gaagctattc	atagtacaag	atcttatttg	ctaagcttta	300
caaattaaac	tctaaaaaat	tattacaatg	atactgaaag	atattttatt	ggcctttt	358

<210> 247

<211> 673

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(673)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 247

gaagaaagtt	agattttacgc	cgatgaatat	gatagtgaag	tggatttttg	cgtaggtttg	60
gtctaggggtg	tagcctgaga	ataggggaaa	tcagtgaatg	aagcctccta	tgatggcaaa	120
tacagctcct	attgatagga	catagtggaa	gtgagctaca	acgtagtacg	tgctgtgtag	180
tacgatgtct	agtgatgagt	ttgctaatac	aatgccagtc	aggccaccta	cggtgaaaag	240
aaagatgaat	cctaggggctc	agagcactgc	agcagatcat	ttcatattgc	ttccgtggag	300
tgtggcgagt	cagctaaata	ctttgacgcc	gggtggggata	gcgatgatta	tggtagcgga	360
ggtgaaatat	gctcgtgtgt	ctacgtctat	tcctactgta	aatatatggt	gtgctcacac	420
gataaaccct	aggaagccaa	ttgatatcat	agctcagacc	atacctatgt	atccaaatgg	480
ttcttttttt	ccggagttagt	aagttacaat	atgggagatt	attccgaagc	ctggtaggat	540
aagaatataa	acttcagggt	gaccgaaaaa	tcagaatagg	tggttggtata	gaatggggtc	600
tcctnctccg	cggggtcnaa	gaaggtggtg	ttgangttgc	cggnctgtta	ntagtatagn	660
gatgccanca	gct					673

<210> 248  
<211> 149  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 248  
cctcttcatt gttcacatgt cacaggagga ggctctgagc aaaggccact ggcaagttag 60  
ggcaacacca agaaggctct gcggagagac tcctgtgagg ttggggcctg gcaggaacgg 120  
tgctgtgga ctgtttatgg tctgtccag 149

<210> 249  
<211> 458  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(458)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 249  
gaagctaaat ccaagaaat atgaagggtg ccgtgaatta agtgatttta ttagctatct 60  
acaaagagaa gctacaaacc cccctgtaat tcaagaagaa aaacccaaga agaagaagaa 120  
ggcacaggag gatctctaaa gragtagcca aacaccactt tgtaaaagga ctcttccatc 180  
agagatggga aaaccattgg ggaggagtag gaccatattg ggaattatta cctctcaggg 240  
ccgagaggac agaattgata taatctgaat cctgttaaat tttctctaaa ctgtttctta 300  
gctgcaactgt ttatggaaat accaggacca gtttatgttt gtggttttgg gaaaaattat 360  
ttgtgttggg ggaaatgttg tgggggtggg gttgagttgg ggtatcttc taattttttt 420  
tgtacatttg gaacagtgc aataaatgan accccttt 458

<210> 250  
<211> 374  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 250  
aaaaaacaac acaatgtaag taaaggatat ttctgaatct taaaattcat cccatgtgtg 60  
atcataaact cataaaaaata attttaagat gccggaaaag gatactttga ttaataaaaa 120  
acactcatgg atatgtaaaa actgtcaaga ttaaaattta atagtttcat ttatttgta 180  
ttttatttgt aagaaatagt gatgaacaaa gatccttttt cactatgata cctggttgta 240  
tattatttga tgcaacagtt ttctgaaatg atatttcaaa ttgcatcaag aaattaaaat 300  
catctatctg agtagtcaaa atacaagtaa aggagagcaa ataaacaaca tttggaaaaa 360  
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 374

<210> 251  
<211> 356  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 251  
aaagatcttc tctaacaagc tatgggaatt tggcttcata ctctttcttt gcaacagcag 60  
tgttctgggt gataattttg aattgatacc tgttcctttt tctgggtttt gttggctttt 120  
tgaaaaattg tctttcctta tcattggtgg gaggcttggg agcaaagtaa catttttttg 180  
aaaagaggac agaaaaattg aactacagct tgagaacgta ttcttttttt cctactttgt 240  
tattgcaaat tgaggaatca cttttaactg ttttaggtgt gtgtgtccag agtgagcaag 300

gattatgttt ttggattgtc aaagaggatg cttagtctta aaataaaaat aaattt 356

<210> 252  
<211> 484  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252  
ctggtaaact gtccaaaaca aggttccaaa taacacctct tactgattta ccctacccat 60  
acatatccca aatagttttt gatcaaaaac atgaaataga tccacctgct tattttaagc 120  
atattaaaaa ggaaactaat tggaccattt tctatttgtc tattttatac aaaaaggcta 180  
cacaattggt acactttatt cagattacaa ttaattagag tgattatgaa ttagtggtct 240  
acaccattac tcaattctta aaaattagaa attgctgtag cagtattcac tataacttaa 300  
cactacgaga gacttaaaaa acagtactg caaaaaaaaa aaagagctac ttcaaagcaa 360  
gcgaagtcag taccattaca gatattctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaatttaac aagcaaggct 420  
agggtttgat aaattccatc ttgtgatcca ttcttgtgca ttcttcactt cttgagtcac 480  
tccc 484

<210> 253  
<211> 379  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253  
aaaaagcgct tagacttccc ttccatctg gaacatgtaa aattttgcag caacaggttt 60  
tctccaattc cttcagcaag aattcccagc ctacacacaa atttaacacc atctttttct 120  
attcatgtat aacttggatc acacaccagt atataacgac aaaagataaa tgtataataa 180  
aaagattgga taaatcagaa gaggtttttt ggtcttgaat tcttcaccca ctaacaatga 240  
agcagcactg taggcagccc aaaacacacc aaacagtttt ataagtgtag acaccacttc 300  
aatgatcca accacaaaa gtacaggggc tattacaatg agagggaagta atgaatatcc 360  
tataactcca aggacttgg 379

<210> 254  
<211> 387  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)... (387)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 254  
aaatttgact ttctcagtgc tcagtttgca catctgtaat acagcaatgc taagtagtca 60  
aggccnttga taattggcac tatggaaatc ctgcaagatc ccactacata tgtgtggagc 120  
agaagggtaa ctcggttaca gtaacagctt aattttgtta aatttgttct ttatactgga 180  
gccatgaagc tcagagcatt agctgaccct tgaactattc aaatgggcac attagctagt 240  
ataacagact tacataggtg ggcctaaagc aagctcctta actgagcaaa atttggggct 300  
tatgagaatg aaaggggtgtg aaattgacta acagacaaat catacatctc agtttctcaa 360  
ttctcatgta aatcagagaa tgccttt 387

<210> 255  
<211> 225  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien



<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(225)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 255  
aaatgtcttg tttcccagat ttcaggaaan tttttttctt ttaagctatc cacagcttac 60  
agcacctttg ataaaatata cttttgtgaa caaaaattga gacatttaca ttttctccct 120  
atgtggtcgc tccagacttg ggaaactatt catgaatatt tatattgtat ggtaatatag 180  
ttattgcaca agttcaataa aaatctgctc tttgtatgac agaatt 225

<210> 256  
<211> 544  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(544)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256  
ccttgcttaa agcccagaag tggtttaggc ntttggaana tctggttcac atcataaaga 60  
acttgatttg aaatgttttc tatagaaaca agtgctaagt gtaccgtatt atacttgatg 120  
ttggtcattt ctcagtccta tttctcagtt ctattatttl agaacctagt cagttcttta 180  
agattataac tggctctaca ttaaaataat gcttctcgat gtcagatttt acctgtttgc 240  
tgctgagaac atctctgcct aatttaccaa agccagacct tcagttcaac atgcttccct 300  
agcttttcat agttgtctga catttccatg aaaacaaagg aaccaacttt gttttaacca 360  
aactttggtt gggttacagtt ttcaggggag cgtttcttcc atgacacaca gcaacatccc 420  
aaagaaataa acaagtgtga caaanaaaaa aacaaaccta aatgctactg ttccaaagag 480  
caacttgatg gtttttttta atactgagtg caaaaggnca cccaaattcc tatgatgaaa 540  
tttt 544

<210> 257  
<211> 420  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257  
aaatgtcttg tttcccagat ttcaggaaac tttttttctt ttaagctatc cacagcttac 60  
agcaatttga taaaatatac ttttgtgaac aaaaattgag acatttacat tttctcccta 120  
tgtggtcgtc ccagacttgg gaaactattc atgaatattt atattgtatg gtaatatagt 180  
tattgcacaa gttcaataaa aatctgctct ttgtatgaca gaatacattt gaaaacattg 240  
gttatattac caagactttg actagaatgt cgtatttgag gatataaacc cataggtaat 300  
aaacccacag gtactacaaa caaagtctga agtcagcctt ggtttggtt cctagtgtca 360  
attaaacttc taaaagttta atctgagatt ccttataaaa acctccagca aagcaacttt 420

<210> 258  
<211> 736  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 258  
aaacaaaatg ctaaacctaa aaacattggt ctgtcagttc ccaaattaaa tctacttaga 60

```

acaaaaacaa aaatttatag ctcggtcaca tactacttaa ataattattgt tcaggcatct 120
ctaaaatcct ccatgttttc aagtatggaa atagaactca aatattccac aatacagtac 180
taaacagatg gagtatttag gaaagacttt gttgtcatat ggcacaatat taatattttg 240
ttgcttcaat acgttttgaa ataaatatca gatttttggt tttttttcct aaaagaccaa 300
aattataatc tacattaaga taattctgac tgtggttaag acttaagagt gtaaaatata 360
acatcaatat tttatcacaa aagtaaagct ggtaacaaat tataaaagga gccagtactc 420
tactgagaca ggctcggaga ttaaagctca tcatgataga aatagtcatc atggagctgt 480
ctgccataat ctgtggcttc actggtgaga aacaagtccg ggttttccag aatctcttct 540
tcagagagct ttttgtcacc attcaaacc atttcatcaa ttagatgaag cgcctcctct 600
tgtgcaatgc cctgattatt aggtctaccc aaggtaacag ctcttgggga tcaagcctgc 660
catcgttatc tttgtcataa tcattcaccg aatctgtctt tctcacaagt atcccattct 720
ggatcttcat ttgcag 736

```

&lt;210&gt; 259

&lt;211&gt; 437

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(437)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 259

```

aaaaccatac tgaaatcatt taccaaataa cnaagatctt aatctaaaag atagtgaata 60
catcatcatc atgaaatctg gttttatgtg ctctatgaag tacttggaga attgcttttt 120
tatttttctt ttgctttatt aggtcacaca aaacagaatg aattagcaga aaaatgtatg 180
ttataaaaca gcatctacta cttcaattta atttttttta ctaacaattg tggacctttt 240
tgatgacact tatgtatgtt tttataaat tatgtactta ttagtactta atgagccctt 300
cctgcctcaa tataaaatta ctaaaacttg agaattacag attttattgt aggcctgat 360
gttagtcact ttggagaagc taaaaatttg gaaatgatgt aattcccact gtaatagcat 420
agggattttg gaagcag 437

```

&lt;210&gt; 260

&lt;211&gt; 592

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 260

```

tttttttttt gaaaaatata aaattttaat aaaggctaca tctcttaatt acaataatta 60
ttgtaccaag taattttcct faaatgaact ctttataatg cataatttac agtataagta 120
gaacaaaatg tcatgacaaa agtcattgag tacaagactt gtaataaaaaa ggcataaaat 180
atattttatac ataaaccctt ttcaaaaaaac aagggaagc ttgagccctc aatatagggc 240
gacacacgga gcgggtgacc gtgcaggtag aggtactgta ctgatttaaa gtcaagcact 300
agagatagtg gattaatact cttttgccgt acactatata cagatgtata gtacaagtaa 360
caatggcaaa cagaatgtac agattaactt aacacaaaaa cccgaacatc aaaatgaagg 420
tgtgtggagg aaagggtgctg ctgggtctcc ctacaactgt tcatttcttt gtggggcagg 480
gggtagttcc tgaatggctg tgggtccaatg actaatgtaa aacaaaaaca gaaacaaaaa 540
aaacaaggaa ctgtcatttc cacgaaagca cagcggcagt gattctagca gg 592

```

&lt;210&gt; 261

&lt;211&gt; 450

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

```

<400> 261
gtggcagggc ccagccccga accagacaag ggacccctca aggagcttca ttctagcatg      60
agaaaattga gaagtaaacc agaaagtac agaatgtctg aaggggacag tgtgggagaa      120
tccgtccatg ggaaaccttc ggtggtgtac agatttttca caagacttgg acagatttat      180
cagtcctggc tagacaagtc cacaccctac acggctgtgc gatgggtcgt gacactgggc      240
ctgagctttg tctacatgat tcgagtttac ctgctgcagg gttggtacat tgtgacctat      300
gccttgggga tctaccatct aaatcttttc atagcttttc tttctcccaa agtggatcct      360
tccttaatgg aagactcaga tgacggtcct tcgctaccca ccaaacagaa cgaggaattc      420
cgcccccttc ttcgaaggct cccagagttt      450

```

```

<210> 262
<211> 239
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (239)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 262
taactttgat gacaaaatct aaaattaaag anttagtctt aaaagcctat agtgacttgt      60
ttacttgcac aaataatatt ttcacttagt acaggctatt aatataagta atgagaattt      120
aagtattaac tcaaaaaaag atagaggctc caaacttttc taagaaatta atgcattttc      180
aaagtaataa tataatcaat ctgtaagtca aaagtaattt catattcatt gccaaattt      239

```

```

<210> 263
<211> 376
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (376)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 263
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaatt ccttgtngtt tnttagagga aaaaaagaaa aaccccaact      60
tttancactg atactacata ttgctctgtt aaagaatttt ctctgccaaa aaaaagaaaa      120
aacaaaaaaa cgcttaaagc tggagtttga cattctgctt tcagatgctg tctttttatt      180
agtgagtgat gatggtttgc taataatcaa taggtaataa ttttttgtaa tcccatcaag      240
tggctccata tgtttctgct ctctcgtgac tgtgttaatg tttaactgtt gtaccttaaa      300
gccgaaatca gtaactatgc atactgtaac caaggatttg ggcttacaga gttgtttggt      360
gnataaagaa aattttt      376

```

```

<210> 264
<211> 207
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 264
aaattagcat tccacaaata tacaggtaat ttaataatta ttgtgcatga atacatacac      60
aatgcttata tatacaaatt ccagtttggt ttcattgtgt ggcaagggat ttgtatacaa      120
tcaaaagctg tgttcatatt ggtcccatg aatattcaca atacaaaagc aaaaaagaac      180
cattgattta caaaaggaaa tctattt      207

```

<210> 265  
 <211> 388  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(388)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 265  
 naactgcact ttatttggtta ctgtaacatt nttttttaac tgatcaacca taagcatgca 60  
 aaagncncct gaaactgctt ccactgcctg ttgtatagaa atgggtaaata tataaagggtg 120  
 attcaatttg gagtccttcc cttttttata gcacttctaa gctgtgtgctg cgacacacac 180  
 cacagaggta ggaaggacca cttttaataa attatcttct taatcgcaga gaatttctga 240  
 agataaaaact gacaaaatgc taaaccaagg ctttgatgag tcccaaagga ccacagatcc 300  
 atcggctcct atttgaagaa ttcacccct gtagtggtct agcctttgta gggcactgga 360  
 ttacaagatc caccagggtc ctgaacaa 388

<210> 266  
 <211> 616  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(616)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 266  
 aaatacagag tcaaaagatg atttataaaa tntaaaacat tttctgcttg gccgtatttg 60  
 aagacaagct gaatacatat ctatgttctg aataagtcca ctatggatat atataggaag 120  
 agatatacat atatccatcc acagatacac acacacatat atatttctgc atgtatatat 180  
 acataattct ttctatagtt acaggaaata cttcttctat aattctgatt ttgactcca 240  
 tcctccacca ttactcacc cactcattac ctaaatcttg gctttcttcc ctatattgta 300  
 aataatccat ccaaacttct agccagtaact gtcaggagggt ttcttgctcg agtgagctgt 360  
 taatactatt ttccactgac aacttctgca catcgaggac acagtgtatc tgaagactcc 420  
 gctgtatact tccaacaacg ggggcatttt tctttcgtag tcggcatgac aattacttta 480  
 taggaagact cttcacgaat atcaccacct tctaagttga tgaggaattt ccctttaagc 540  
 tcgattacat ctgcagtcac ctctcgtggt tcctgaccag taaagttgac tcagaagcca 600  
 tcattaattc attcaa 616

<210> 267  
 <211> 341  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 267  
 ccattatgta tgtattttct tgaaaaatac ttatttcagc tacttatttt taatagttac 60  
 ttattcttgt tgtattgtca tttgagtttt gtatatattt ttgatattaa ccccttgcca 120  
 catgtataat ttgcaaatat tttctccctt tttttagttg tcacattctg ttcatgtat 180  
 cagattctgt gcagcagctt ttaatttga agtgatctga ctgacttggt cttccttttg 240  
 tgtcctggga ttttaggtt aaatcaaaaa acttgctgcc cagaccaatg ttatggggct 300  
 ttcactctat tttttggtag tagtagttta agagtttttag g 341

<210> 268  
<211> 367  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(367)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 268  
ttgtagattg gaatagcaaa agtgaatgct ntgaccaaaa tttttgccct cctaaataaa 60  
gacgtntcct tctagagagc aaatctatca taaaatgtca aaactagaag agaataaaat 120  
gaaaggaaaa aacctagaaa aatatcctaa aatatcaaat gcagtcattt ctaaataataa 180  
gccataatta tagctttacc tattgttctt attgttccta tgctgcttct acaatgttac 240  
atcaactata cttagcttta ctctcccaa atcttggtga tgaagccttc tgagtgtgct 300  
ttccaatgtg ccagaaccag aagggcattc caaggcttcc ccacatttcc tccattttacg 360  
gagacag 367

<210> 269  
<211> 270  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(270)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 269  
caaatctctc cctcactaga cgtaagccnt ttntcactc tctcaatctt atgcatcata 60  
gnaangcngn tgaggtggat taaaccaaac ccagctacgc aaaatcttag catactcctc 120  
aattacccac ataggatgaa taatagcagt tctaccgtac aaccctaaca taaccattct 180  
taatttaact atttatatta tcctaactac taccgcatcc ctactactca acttaaactc 240  
cagcaccacg accctactac tatntcgac 270

<210> 270  
<211> 368  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(368)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 270  
ctgaatcatg aataacacta tataatagag tntaaggaac acaagcatta gatgtgatcc 60  
ttgccccata cccttagatt atgtcagact aaagctgaca attctgccag gctctgaacc 120  
cctagtgcc ccaacccaaa tcttggaagc aaagaatatg ccctgtcata caactttgta 180  
caagttgtag taaaacaaag cttaagtttt ctcatctttc tacagcaaat ggtcagttat 240  
ttaataaaca ctaaaatgct cctaagaatc cattttgagt ttgtttacca aacacattgt 300  
gcaagaactg actacacaaa aagttccttt gaaatttggt ccacaaattc acttaagggt 360  
ggaaattt 368

<210> 271  
<211> 313  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(313)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271  
aaatttatat aaaactctgt acatgttcac tttattattg cataaacagc ataactctca 60  
agacaanngt ttgcaaacac atgtccaatt caggaaaaaa aatttcacgt ttctcgtctg 120  
gcttttttct tcttttttat ttgtttggga gattcccagc tagtttcaga ctgggtctgt 180  
gaaggaggca cactattttg cttgggtattt gacttggatt tatctgtctc ttgtagtatt 240  
ggcggcactt gggaagagct cttgtcagaa tcactttttg ataagattac agatggctcg 300  
gtagaagtag cag 313

<210> 272  
<211> 462  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(462)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 272  
aaaaaacatt tattttaata agactattgc naacacatta aaaaaactaa atagtaatat 60  
tacaaaatct atatacttgc acatttagta tttgtcaatg tgccagaggt tttcttcatg 120  
aaatttgact tctttgaagt gaaggctttt ttctatcatc tcttatagct ctgactgaat 180  
aagtcttaat gctttcttca tgttttctat caataggggt aaatcccag gctcatatgt 240  
gtacaatctg ttagagtatc ttccagctat gtcagctcta actgttaaag aagggtctac 300  
aaacatgatt ctaggcacat attgcccatc aggtgataaa ttcttatcag tggtttcatg 360  
cataaggttt agcatgatga acttattctg agccatttct tgtatttctt cattttgggc 420  
aaatactttc tttagtgtt gagagtattg acaatcctcc ag 462

<210> 273  
<211> 282  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(282)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273  
ctgatcaaag catgggatat tttaatagtn ttatacataa tattttttaca tagaaaactt 60  
tacatnncat ttcatttat ataattctgc ttattctttc aaaaatttat acatccattg 120  
ggcaaggaaat ggttttcatt aaattaccaa tattaaatgc acttaatcat tgggtatagg 180  
ttaaaccaaa gtaactatta actaactttt aggcatttta aggaggtaaa acatacattt 240  
tacacataag tatttgatgc aaatatgcag ataaaatttt tt 282

<210> 274  
<211> 125  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(125)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274  
cagccctaga cctcaactac ctaaccaacn ttnccttaaaa taaaatcccc actatgcaca 60  
ttnaatcnct ccaacatact cggattctac cctagcatca cacaccgcac aatccccctat 120  
ctagg 125

<210> 275  
<211> 528  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(528)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275  
aaagctgtgg aaaagcttta ttatagattt ttntacagaa ttaaaaaagt tcaaacaata 60  
ataagccngg aaccacaaat aattaaaagg aaacacagca atcccataaa caagcattct 120  
ggcatctgtt agaaattttc cctcaaatta tgaaatgtag ctctccatgc ttccaatga 180  
ttgttataat acccacaat atctgtgatt tcagtggaaat actttaacaa aagttttctt 240  
tttaaggcat gatcctgatt cattttttct tcaatatctc agtcatttca ggaactacct 300  
taaataaatc tgcaactatt ccataatctg ccacttggaa aattggagct tctgggtctt 360  
tattaattgc cacaattgtc ttgctgtctt tcacccagc taaatgttgg atggctccag 420  
atattccaac agcaatataa agttctggtg ctactatttt tcccgtctgn ccaacttgca 480  
tgtcattggg aacaaagcca gcatcaacag cagcacggga agcaccaa 528

<210> 276  
<211> 420  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(420)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 276  
aaatgtcttg tttcccagat ttcaggaaan tttttttctt ttaagctatc cacagcttac 60  
agaaacctga taaaatatac ttttgtgaac aaaaattgag acattttacat tttctcccta 120  
tgtggtcgct ccagacttgg gaaactattc atgaatattt atattgtatg gtaatatagt 180  
tattgcacaa gttcaataaa aatctgctct ttgtatgaca gaatacattt gaaaacattg 240  
gttatattac caagactttg actagaatgt cgtatttgag gatataaacc cataggtaat 300  
aaaccacag gtactacaaa caaagtctga agtcagcctt ggtttggtt cctagtgtca 360  
attaaacttc taaaagttaa atctgagatt ccttataaaa acttccagca aagcaacttt 420

<210> 277  
 <211> 668  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(668)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277  
 ccagggtggc tctgatatag cagccctggg ntattttcga tatttcagga agactggcag 60  
 atngcaccag accctgaatt cttctagctc ctccaatccc attttatccc atggaaccac 120  
 taaaaacaag gtctgtctctg ctctgaage cctatatgct ggagatggac aactcaatga 180  
 aaattttaaag ggaaaaccct caggcctgag gtgtgtgcca ctacagagact tcacctaact 240  
 agagacaggc aaactgcaaa ccatggtgag aaattgacga cttcacacta tggacagctt 300  
 ttcccaagat gtcaaaaaca gactcctcat catgataagg ctcttaccac cttttaattt 360  
 gtcccttgctt atgcctgcct ctttcgcttg gcaggatgat gctgtcatta gtatttcaca 420  
 agaagtagct tcagagggta acttaacaga gtatcagatc tatcttgtca atcccaacgt 480  
 ttacataaaa ataagagatc ctttagtgca cccagtgact gacattagca gcattctttaa 540  
 cacagccgtg tgttcaaatg tacagnggtc cttttcagag ttggacttct agactcacct 600  
 gttctcactc cctgttttaa ttcaaccag ccatgcaatg ccaaataata gaaattgctc 660  
 cctaccag 668

<210> 278  
 <211> 202  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(202)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278  
 aaattggtat cgacggcaac caggggaagn tnctaaactc ctaatctatt ctggatccaa 60  
 ttngcnaagt ggggtcccat caagggttcag tggcagtgga tctgggacag atttcactct 120  
 cagatcagc agtctgcaac ccgaagattt tgcaacttac tactgtcaac agagttacat 180  
 gtccccgtac acttttggac cc 202

<210> 279  
 <211> 694  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(694)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279  
 ctgtacttgg acaaaataag ttaattctat ttggttgccc attaaagttt tatgtggcta 60  
 tgnaccact ggagctaaaa attggctttt aactgtttcc aaatcagaac tagcagagga 120  
 gagaagtaaa taaagccaat ggcactccct tcagaggctc aaaatgggta gattttgatg 180



cagatttaac	cttagcgagt	ttcagtcagt	ccatttagat	gacccgtgag	gttcatacaa	240
atacactgaa	ccgttggttt	aacttctctt	ccttcctcaa	agtttatgat	aaagagactc	300
atccctgtat	tgggagtgac	tgacataagt	tcagatctgc	tcagagtggc	tggttaaggaa	360
cacttaaggt	cagtcagaaa	ataatcaaac	agacttctca	tgtaaagcacc	gtgactcaca	420
actaagacac	tggctgctaa	tcctggaata	ccgctgtctg	aattaacttt	agagctgtga	480
ttttttccta	aaggaaatat	ctctgccaaa	gaagtttcca	gacagntgct	tgggagatcc	540
ttggggaaaa	ctgggtctttt	tgatccggtt	ctttcangan	taggtngaca	aaagaaatnc	600
aaaaaagnct	atcccacgcn	ttnttcacct	gggccccagcg	gnnctcctcc	nggggggggn	660
aaacacangg	gactcttccc	ngggctngct	tnng			694

<210> 280  
 <211> 441  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280						
aaaaaacttc	catgcaactt	ctggtttatt	gtttggcaac	tccacatgat	aaaaaaataa	60
aaacagccca	accgagtttc	ggaattaagt	actcttctag	taagtgattc	aaacttgtaa	120
tatttgccac	aggactgact	tatttattta	ctagctagaa	gctcttaagt	tcacttgttt	180
atcagggcat	atacagaagg	gtttgttaaa	actcgatgtt	aactttacaa	ctttctgacc	240
tgggtgcatga	attctcaagt	actgtatttc	actgtgttgg	tgtgtctgat	gsaaatttcg	300
aggtgggtccc	acaaaaatat	tttatgtagt	gtgccttcaa	agagaaccat	ttatttctct	360
tcacttatcg	tcccacaaaag	tcacatttgg	tggtygtcag	ccaagtcgca	tctgggtctag	420
ttttactctt	gtccccaat	tt				441

<210> 281  
 <211> 398  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281						
aaatttggtta	ggtctgaaga	atctaaaact	gttaatttaa	cccttaactt	gtgcctagaa	60
actacagcac	atataaaata	tgtaaacacc	agcctgttgc	tgtacttttc	tgcttatttt	120
acagcctcaa	atattttctca	ttatcttgtc	acttagttct	tcagtgttct	ccttctgact	180
tttaataatg	gtaataggaa	aacaaaaccc	aaagcttttc	agaacttcag	tgtgaggttt	240
cctattttga	caagtttaact	tgtaaatact	caggttttac	gatgtataat	ttacctaata	300
gaccaaacta	actcatggag	atattttgaa	ctattattta	ggtacaaaact	ttataaagaa	360
tgtagtatg	tcataaaata	taacattaca	gcttattt			398

<210> 282  
 <211> 226  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(226)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 282						
aaaacaatat	tctctttttg	aaaatagtat	naacaggcca	tgcataatat	gtacagtgtta	60
ttacnccaat	atgtaaagat	tcttcaaggt	aacaagggtt	tgggttttga	aataaacatc	120
tggatcttat	agaccgttca	tacaatggtt	ttagcaagtt	catagtaaga	caaacaagtc	180
ctatcttttt	ttttggctgg	gggtggggcg	cccaggccga	ggctgg		226

<210> 283  
<211> 358  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283  
aaacaaaaat actcaagatc atttatatatt ttttggagag aaaactgtcc taatttagaa 60  
tttccctcaa atctgagggg cttttaagaa atgctaacag atttttctgg aggaaattta 120  
gacaaaacaa tgtcatttag tagaatattt cagtatttaa gtggaatttc agtatactgt 180  
actatccttt ataagtcatt aaaataatgt ttcacaaat gggttaaagg accactgggt 240  
tcttagagaa atgttttttag gcttaattca ttcaattgtc aagtacactt agtcttaata 300  
cactcaggtt tgaacagatt attctgaata ttaaaattta atccattctt aatatttt 358

<210> 284  
<211> 288  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284  
aaaacttttg ttaagaaaaa ctgccagttt gtgcttttga aatgtctgtt ttgacatcat 60  
agtctagtaa aattttgaca gtgcatatgt actgttacta aaagctttat atgaaattat 120  
taatgtgaag tttttcattt ataattcaag gaaggatttc ctgaaaacat ttcaagggat 180  
ttatgtctac atatttgtgt gtgtgtgtgt gtatataat gtaatatgca tacacagatg 240  
catatgtgta tatataatga aatttatgtt gctgggtatt tgcatttt 288

<210> 285  
<211> 629  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (629)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285  
cctaaaagca gccaccaatt aacaaagcgt ncanntcaa caccactac ctaaaaaatc 60  
ccaaacatat aactgaactc ctcacacca attggacca tctatcacc tatanaagaa 120  
ctaagttag tataagtaac atgaaaacat tctcctctgc ataagcctgc gtcagattaa 180  
aacactgaac tgacaattaa cagcccaata tctacaatca accaacaagt cattattacc 240  
ctcactgtca acccaacaca ggcatgtc taaggaaagg ctaaaaaaag taaaagggaac 300  
tcggcaaata ttaccccgcc tgtttaccaa aaacatcacc tctagcatca ccagtattag 360  
aggcaccgcc tgcccagtga cacatgttta acggccgcgg taccctaacc gtgcaaagggt 420  
agcataatca cttgntcctt aattagggac ctgtatgaat ggcttcacga gggttcagct 480  
gtctcttact ttttaaccagt gaaattgacc tgcccgtgaa gaggcnggca tgacacagca 540  
agacgagaag accctatgga gctttaattt attaattgaa acagnaccta acaaacccca 600  
caggtcctaa acttacccaa accctggca 629

<210> 286  
<211> 485  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 286  
aaatgtactt gctcagctca actgcatttc agttgtatta tagtccagtt cttatcaaca 60

ttaaaaccta	tagcaatcat	ttcaaactcta	ttctgcaaact	tgtataagaa	taaagttaga	120
attaacaatt	ttatttttga	caacagtggga	atcttctgtc	atggataatg	tgcttgagtc	180
cctataatct	atagacatgt	gatagcaaaa	gaaacaaaca	aaagccagga	aaacactcat	240
tttcgccttg	aatatgtaaa	tgggattaat	tttgcctgt	gccttatgtg	gaaaggaact	300
tctttggttt	tccttttttg	ttctgggtgga	agcatgtgca	ggagacatat	catccaaaca	360
taaaccatta	aaatgtttgt	ggtttgcttg	gctgtaattt	tcaaagtagt	taattgagga	420
caaagggtaa	tgcagaagtg	atagctttgg	tttgctgagt	cttggtttta	gtggccttga	480
tattt						485

&lt;210&gt; 287

&lt;211&gt; 340

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 287

cctggagtcc	aataaccacc	ccctcatacc	acaccctgtg	catacaccag	ccaagccttt	60
cctgggtctg	gaagggaaga	gaaaaaagac	gcaggccacc	tgggggttct	gcagtctttg	120
gtcagtccag	ccttctatct	tagctgcctt	tggcttccgc	agtgtaaacc	ttgcctgccc	180
ggaggcagga	ggcccagctg	gacctccgag	ggccatgagc	aggcagcagc	catcttgccc	240
tcaagcttgc	ctttcccttg	agtcctctc	tccctcggc	tctagccaga	ggtgtagcct	300
gcagatctag	gaagagaaga	gctggggagg	aggatgaagg			340

&lt;210&gt; 288

&lt;211&gt; 290

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 288

aaacagtctc	tcctcggtgt	tctccttgtc	aaactgttca	tcccagtttc	ctctgaaata	60
gacagcattc	accagaacca	gccttgtcaa	tggatccact	gagcccggag	agagcaactc	120
cgcaatttta	ccttctgtct	tttcagctac	ccaggtgttt	atgtgttttc	tggacttctc	180
tacggcgctg	ataaagtcaa	gctcctccat	ctctgcttgg	tagaattttt	ggcaggaatc	240
tctaaaagat	gagaggaaat	cacaagactt	ttccccaag	agcctgttgg		290

&lt;210&gt; 289

&lt;211&gt; 404

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 289

ccaccacgc	ttaggttccc	atcacactga	tgactccggg	tttggcgagc	acaggagcgc	60
aaaccttttc	acattctttc	tgtgatccaa	atctgttttc	gtttccacca	caacctccat	120
accagaatct	tgcacagctt	ttggtgtttg	gatcatagta	ccattttaat	atgaaatccc	180
tgcaagtcc	ttcgtctttc	ggcaacttgc	atatactgt	ttcagtgaga	gccaatgggt	240
ctgtgtcac	cattagattg	atggttgaa	tagaagctga	ccttgctggc	tgtggaggtg	300
ggggctgaga	tttctttgta	ctgaaacttc	cgtggtaggt	ggctctgacc	tgagacctca	360
ggtagcagac	cacagccaca	tggatgtct	gcccagcgag	cagg		404

&lt;210&gt; 290

&lt;211&gt; 384

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (384)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 290

ccaggcgctc	cttgtcggca	tcagggaggg	tggccttgaa	ctgctcatgg	gctgtgggtca	60
gtccctggat	ctcctcaatg	gtgtgcacaa	tgaagggtgc	ctgcagggtcc	tccatggccc	120
cctccatcca	gttgttgaag	gggtgcagccc	gcttggcata	ctccaagtac	agctgggtcaa	180
tgggtctccag	cagtttctcg	gtccgctcca	gagcttccct	tcgcttctga	gttagggccc	240
ccagattgtc	ccactgggtca	cagatctttt	ggcaacgggc	gttgacactg	ggtaggtcat	300
aatantccag	ctcattgagc	tcctgtgcga	tggcggcaat	ctgctccaca	cggctctggg	360
gggcagccag	gccactctcg	aagg				384

&lt;210&gt; 291

&lt;211&gt; 278

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 291

aaagtttatt	tttactatatt	ctttatcact	ttattgtatc	atcaccattg	gtttcataat	60
gtaaatacta	tatgttgaac	aaattaaatg	tcaaaatttt	ttattaccat	agtccatgtt	120
aatagtgggg	ctttcaggtg	tttagagatt	ttttttgttg	ttgttaacat	tcattgcaaa	180
agtactagat	ggtgtataac	tctagagttg	aattttaagy	gattccctaa	tatgtatact	240
atctttttat	ctgaagtaat	aaataaacia	tgatcttg			278

&lt;210&gt; 292

&lt;211&gt; 177

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 292

ccttggcccc	gtcattcttg	tccagtttga	taggttcagy	aaattcggtg	tacagctcca	60
cctccgtttc	ctgcttaagt	gcattccgtg	caatcgctcg	gaacgcctgc	tccacgttga	120
tggcctcctt	ggcactgggtc	tcaaagtagg	gaatgttggt	tttgctgtag	caccagg	177

&lt;210&gt; 293

&lt;211&gt; 403

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 293

aaaaagaagg	acttaggggtg	tcgttttcac	atatgacaat	gttgcattha	tgatgcagtt	60
tcaagtacca	aaacgttgaa	ttgatgatgc	agttttcata	tatcgagatg	ttcgctcgtg	120
cagtactgtt	ggttaaatga	caatttatgt	ggattttgca	tgtaatacac	agtgagacac	180
agtaatttta	tctaaattac	agtgcagttt	agttaatcta	ttaatactga	ctcagtgctt	240
gccttttaaat	ataaatgata	tgttgaaaac	ttaaggaagc	aaatgctaca	tatatgcaat	300
ataaaatagt	aatgtgatgc	tgatgctgtt	aaccaaaagg	cagaataaat	aagcaaaatg	360
ccaaaagggg	tcttaattga	aatgaaaatt	taattttgtt	ttt		403

&lt;210&gt; 294

&lt;211&gt; 305

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294

aaagcaatct ggcattggtgt cctgtagtga agcagaggat cataacataa gtaaaactctc	60
tatgggtgga agttggagag aaggacattt tggctttgta catgaaaaga ctctccagat	120
agaaacagat tctgcccata agtgaaataa aatgctttgt gggggtaatg agtgacttat	180
agtattcagg cagatgttac ataactgcta attaagtttc cctggattga ntttanncaa	240
anaattgaaa gtngattttg gtcangtgtc agnaaactac tgcctataaa cccatatcnt	300
accca	305

<210> 295

<211> 397

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(397)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 295

cctatctggt tggccttttt gaagacacca acctgtgtgc tatccatgcc aaacgtgtaa	60
caattatgcc aaaagacatc cagctagcac gctgcatacg tggagaacgt gcttaagaat	120
ccactatgat gggaaacatt tcattcccaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaat t!ctcttctt	180
cctgttattg gtagttctga acgttagata ttttttttcc atgggggtcaa aaggtacctt	240
agtatatgat tgccgagtgg aaaaataggg gacagaaatc aggtattggc agtttttcca	300
tttncatttg tgggngaatt tttaatataa atgcggagac gtaaagcatt aatgcnagtt	360
aaaatgtttc agtgaacaag tttcagcggg tcaactt	397

<210> 296

<211> 447

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296

ccatcctcga tgttgaagtt gtcgtggggc ccgaagacgt tgggtggggat gacagcgggtg	60
aagggtgcagc cgtactgctg gaagtaggcc ctgttctgca cgtcgatcat cctcttggca	120
tacgagtacc caaaattgct gttgtgggga ggcccattgt ggatcatggt ctcactatc	180
gggtaggctcg tcttgtcagg gaagatacag gtggacaggc aggacaccac cttgcgggag	240
cccacctcga aggccgagtg caggacgttg tcgttcatgt gcacgttttt cctccagaag	300
tccaaattgt atttgatatt ccggaacagg cccccacca ttgcagcaag atggatgacg	360
tgtgtgagtt ggaccttctc aaacaggggc cggggtctgt ctgtatccgt gagatcggcg	420
tctttagagg agacaaacac ccagtc	447

<210> 297

<211> 681

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(681)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 297

aaataacagc	atgtaaaata	ttaaaatata	agctttcaaa	aataaatata	taaataagta	60
gaaccctcgt	aagaaatagt	caaacacatt	aagtcctttc	cagctgtccc	tagaaagctg	120
ctgttctctt	tttcattttc	agctctggta	agggcaggga	ccaccctgca	ggaagtgtca	180
atgatacgct	gataagcttc	ttacttctct	cctgtcagtt	ggtgctcccc	ctgtgatgag	240
aaaaggggta	ctgttgccagg	tgctaaggaa	ggctgctctt	ctgtcactct	gaagttgctt	300
ggagggatgt	ccccatgcag	actctctccc	agccctccac	tcaggggaagg	tctgtctgta	360
cccactgcct	tctatagcag	aaaacttgca	ctcctgaatg	cttttttttt	ttttcaagaa	420
agaagnggct	gnggactcaa	ctagattctt	ggtttgaaaa	agccaaaaca	tattgggtcac	480
tgattgtcac	attgggttag	aatgtccat	tcatgatctc	ccttaagctg	cacacaaccc	540
tatgaaataa	ctaccattat	ctaccctatt	ttgctaaagc	tcaaagagat	taaataatgt	600
tgacagggat	cttagccttg	aactcactga	aggngttact	gcaaagttct	gctcttcacc	660
aagaaggnlt	acaggccaaa	g				681

&lt;210&gt; 298

&lt;211&gt; 353

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(353)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 298

cctggcttaa	gaccagacat	ctgaagaagg	ctccaggcag	ggaaaggaaa	ggagaggcca	60
gccccacnct	gnccccctcc	tgccccacag	tctccagcaa	cacaaggcgg	ccagtggacc	120
gtgaaccatt	tatttccaaa	ctataaagaa	acctgctctc	tgagaaaana	cactgcccag	180
gngatgaagc	tccagccctt	ggaggtccaa	aaccagtcct	aaactcagtc	cctttagaaa	240
gctgctgtgc	cttggaatg	annntcggnt	gtcanagcct	gggaagtggg	gggaagaacc	300
agccctactcc	cctctcctgc	tgcgattcca	gcgcncgttg	ggncagatc	tgg	353

&lt;210&gt; 299

&lt;211&gt; 560

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 299

aaagttcaag	gactaacctt	atattatttg	gaaaggggag	gaggaaggaa	atgatatggg	60
acccagacac	tgggctaggc	tgcaacttta	tctcatTTaa	tactcccagc	tgtcatgtga	120
gaaagaaagc	aggctaggca	tgtgaaatca	ctttcatgga	ttattaatgg	atttaagagg	180
gcataaatca	gctcaactca	agatttcata	atcattttta	gtatttagat	tgtgcctcaa	240
agttgtagta	cctcacaata	cctccactgg	tttctgttg	taaaaacctt	cagtgaagttt	300
gaccattgtg	ctcttggtct	ttgggctgga	gtaccgtggg	gagggagtaa	acactagaag	360
tcttttagtac	aaaactgctc	tagggacacc	tggtgattcc	tacacaagtg	atgtttatat	420
ttctcataaa	gagtcttccc	tatccaagg	tcttcatgat	gccagtagcc	atatatgata	480
aattatgttc	agtgataact	tagttatcag	aatcagctc	agtggctctt	cccgccatga	540
ttcacatttg	atgagttttt					560

&lt;210&gt; 300

&lt;211&gt; 165

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(165)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 300  
aaaaactaca taggggtgtg tgtgtgtgtg tatgtttatt ttatacacac atatttgtat 60  
attctaatat attactaagg caattttaat gaattaccat gtatataaaa aaatatctgn 120  
cacttggcac acagggttgt atgtatgtgt atatatatat gtatg 165

<210> 301  
<211> 438  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301  
aaaatatatg tatttaaaaa caaaaagcaa cagtaatcta tgtgtttctg taacaaattg 60  
ggatctgtct tggcattaaa ccacatcatg gaccaaattg gccatactaa tgaatgagcat 120  
ttagcacaat ttgagactga aatttagtac actatgttct aggtcagtct aacagtttgc 180  
ctgctgtatt tatagtaacc attttccttt ggactgttca agcaaaaaag gtaactaact 240  
gcttcattct cttttgcgct tatttggaaa ttttagttat agtgtttaac tggcatggat 300  
taatagagtt ggagttttat ttttaagaaa aattcacaag ctaactcca ctaatccatt 360  
atccttttatt ttattgaaat gtataattaa cttactgaa gaaaagggtc ttcttgggag 420  
tatgttgtca taacattt 438

<210> 302  
<211> 172  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302  
ccaaaacagg agtcttgggt gatatcatca tgagaccag ctgtgctcct ggatgggttt 60  
accacaagtc caattgctat ggtaacttca ggaagctgag gaactgggtc gatgccgagc 120  
tcgagtgtca gtcttacgga aacggagccc acctggcatc tatcctgagt tt 172

<210> 303  
<211> 552  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303  
ccagcctggt gcaggctgct tcgtagcggg cgtcggctgc ggacttcctt tcccgggtct 60  
ggatcttttc atcctaccag atgagaaagg gaatgagtga atggagtgc cccgcaccct 120  
gtcactttcc tgagacatga ctgccaggaa gaagagctgc tctggtctcc atcagggtg 180  
gcaggacaaa ctgaccagtg agtcagtagg cagagttcac actgaaaaag ggcacaaggg 240  
ctgtcccaca atgggaggaa atgggtctc agaacttcta cttctctgaa aactaagaca 300  
caattgggac aaccaccacc cccgtgtgag atttctcacc tcgagacagg acaagatgaa 360  
gttcacggct tcttctgggg taaagacctt gaagagccca tcacaggcca acaaaatgaa 420  
cctacaacac caggagagaa tataaacggg ttttaggccc aaccaaaaaa taaaaaataa 480  
aaaaagggcc tggagatgga gataaaataa atatttgtcc aactattcaa aggctaagg 540  
ttttttttct tt 552

<210> 304  
<211> 601  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 304

cctttgattc	ttggtagtag	attgcatgta	aaatgtttat	aagaagctac	ttttccttca	60
tgggaagaaa	ttcccacatg	agattcataa	attcttagac	tccgtggctt	ctttgggtccg	120
gaatgcttaa	actcatatga	gtgttctgga	tcccagtgta	tccaatcata	attcacatta	180
tcaccttcac	gaaccacata	ctttgcccac	ggtgaaatac	gatacaagat	ctctccgctt	240
ttactagtaa	taactacctt	taatttggat	ccatgaggca	cgagtacaga	tttattctgc	300
tttgggtggga	tatacagctc	ccattttcca	taatccagtt	ttttgtatgg	gtacgaaaat	360
ggattccaac	cattaaaatc	tccagtaaga	aaaactcctt	ctgctcccgg	ggcccattct	420
ttgcagtata	aaccaccatc	agcacatctg	tggacgccaa	atgattcata	gcctctggaa	480
aacttatcaa	taccaccttc	attttctcca	atgttcttca	aaatttggct	aaactgctta	540
tacctgcgct	ggaagtccac	ggcgtagggc	ttcaagtacc	ggtcgatctc	caggagtctg	600
g						601

## &lt;210&gt; 305

## &lt;211&gt; 401

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 305

aaataacagc	atgtaaaata	ttaaaatata	agctttcaaa	aataaatata	taaataagta	60
gaaccctcgt	aagaaatagt	caaacacatt	aagtcctttc	cagctgtccc	tagaaagctg	120
ctgttctctt	tttcattttc	agctctggta	agggcagggg	ccaccctgca	ggaagtgtca	180
atgatacgct	gataagcttc	ttacttctct	cctgtcagtt	gggtgctccc	ctgtgatgag	240
aaaaggggta	ctgttgcagg	tgctaaggaa	ggctgctctt	ctgtcactct	gaagtgtgct	300
ggaggggatgt	ccccatgcag	actctctccc	agccctccac	tcagggaagg	tctgtctgta	360
cccactgcct	tctatagcag	aaaacttgca	ctcctgaatg	c		401

## &lt;210&gt; 306

## &lt;211&gt; 313

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien.

## &lt;400&gt; 306

aaactgacta	tggattcctt	gaaggctctg	cagttgttga	tgatggcgat	catgtactga	60
acgtagcagt	gaggggtgctg	ccgattcctc	aggtgctctt	ctttatacag	ctgcgccttca	120
tctttatata	tgaggacaga	caggcttcgg	tcagacagca	ctaagggcaa	catggagctg	180
tttcaaatac	cacgctgacg	tcacgcctgg	cctgaaatth	cacatcacta	acatctgacc	240
ggatgagcct	ctaaaaataa	aacaatcttt	agacgatcca	gactaatgga	aggacagaga	300
ggttgattac	ttt					313

## &lt;210&gt; 307

## &lt;211&gt; 366

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;220&gt;

## &lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

## &lt;222&gt; (1)...(366)

## &lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

## &lt;400&gt; 307

aaagatgctg	ntaatgaaca	ttacggacaa	ttcatgggtg	ggctagttgg	taacacttca	60
gctgattttt	cttatgagat	ggaaaaaaaa	aatcagccaa	gtaagggcac	atcttcactt	120
catttataag	tcagcatcca	aggtaaaaaga	attctctggt	ggacttgaca	tcactcccat	180



```

cctctgatac tcgcctactc tcttctcaaa gaagttagnt ctttccttcc antgaaatat    240
tctcataaaa gtcaaatggg ttctctactc tgaaaacctt gctaaaaccc aattccagca    300
taagtttgtc tgnccaaaac ncaatgnatt gcttcattaa antgcaattc atcccaatga    360
gcttcc                                         366

```

<210> 308

<211> 534

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(534)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

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ccagctatca gctgatcgtc ttctgtctgg acgctcgtec tgcttctgac atcaaaatct    60
tctgtctcaa agtcagagtc atccaactcc tcaggggtcc ttatcatcag cactgctttc    120
ctgatgtccc ggatgccatc atataccagg cggaagcat cgataaactc attctcatcc    180
atgggctggg caggggtccga gctgagggct tccacggctg cttctacttg ctcagtaaaa    240
cgtggcatga ctgtgttgga gagcagctta gtggcttcca gaaccttctc tgtgtagact    300
cctggctcat agtcgtccat ctctgagggtg actacgtgaa tgaccggggc tgcccggcct    360
cgaattgcac cagctgtgcg gccaggccat ccacatcctt ctcttgagga gcaatgacac    420
atttggtcac atcttccaaa atgtgattct ctgagacagc caagaagtca tcaatggaag    480
taatgncatc gacagcatct gtgagaacac cgacttggtt ttccattgnt cttt          534

```

<210> 309

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

```

catactcctt acactattcc tcatcaccca actaaaaata ttaaacacaa actaccacct    60
acctccctca ccaaagccca taaaaataaa aaattataac aaaccctgag aacccaaatg    120
aacgaaaatc tgttcgcttc attcattgcc ccacaaatcc tagg                    164

```

<210> 310

<211> 131

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 310

```

aaaaatcatt tatctttcgg tgcttcaaca tgatgccaaa caaaaatcta ctgaataaaa    60
atagcaagga agggaaatcaa acatttataa gatatattta ttatttttct gaccaaagtg    120
caatgatttt t                                                         131

```

<210> 311

<211> 626

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 311

```

cctatgtgcg ccagtttcag gtcacgcaca accagaacct cctcttcgag ctctcctaca    60
agctggaggc aaacagtcag tgagagtggg ggctccagtc agaccgcga gatccttggg    120
cacctggcac tcaagcatt tgcacgatgt ctcaaccaac atctgacatc tttcccgtgg    180

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agcaacttcc	tgctccacgg	gaaagaggtc	gatggattta	cccctggacc	cataagtctg	240
ttcatcctgc	tgaagtcccc	tccccattgc	tccttcaagc	caaaactaca	ctttgctggt	300
tcctgtcccc	tctgagaaa	gggatagaaa	gctccttcct	ctatgtcctc	ccatcgagat	360
ctgttctggg	gatggagctt	ccaacttcct	cttgccagcag	gaaagaatgc	tgctcacctc	420
tctgtcttgc	agagtgggat	tgtgggaggg	attggcagcc	ttcttctcca	ccacctgtcc	480
agcttctctc	tggtcagggc	tgggaccccc	aggaatatta	tgttgccgtg	tgtgtgtgtg	540
tgtgtgtgtg	tcttctttta	gggagcagga	gtgcatctgg	taattgaggg	tagatgttgt	600
gtgtgctggg	gaggggtcct	tctgtt				626

&lt;210&gt; 312

&lt;211&gt; 616

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 312

aaaccaaaga	aattaagaaa	aaagacttca	ttgcttgaat	gacgcgaaca	gctgtctgag	60
tcacctagac	tttaacacca	cctggggccc	tgggaatgac	gctgacgaga	gatctgcaca	120
tagtaggcgt	gggctccaaa	tgtgctcatc	agctgacttc	acatcctcac	aagtcagcct	180
cagatatgac	ccaaggata	cgtaccatct	cttcttga	cagcgtgtca	aattatatat	240
atgtatgcaa	aaaagagtaa	tgtactaagc	aaaccaagtt	tcgtcttttt	cttctgaatc	300
tggttttaat	gtgacctgtc	atccccatct	ttcgaattta	tgagctccat	cttctctaga	360
ctgttaactt	cttgaggaaa	acatgctatt	ttaccacctt	tcactgctga	atccctagcc	420
cttaagcaca	gtctctggca	cagaataaat	acgaaatgaa	tgagtgaatg	aatggatgga	480
tgggtgaaga	gaaaaggcaa	tgcacaagat	ttacctatca	aaatccacca	atggtcctta	540
aaaatggttt	tgtcagtaga	gatgctgaat	atattcatat	aatacattta	tttcataact	600
attaagaatt	ctagtg					616

&lt;210&gt; 313

&lt;211&gt; 553

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 313

aaaaaatggc	agcattgtac	ttgaatcaga	aagcttactg	ggatttcctc	atcgaaagta	60
gagattgcag	ctaactcctag	taccttttgt	tagtaattac	ttaaggcaca	gtgcaaagtt	120
gaaggactgt	tttggtaaca	actcaagcca	gctacatgta	tgcttgccct	ggtatccttg	180
ctagagcaca	tgcgggtata	ataccgtatt	atacacaaca	aggccaccct	ggtgtatctg	240
tgttacaatt	aaacatcagt	cccagaaagt	gaaccctagt	catttattat	aggtgccac	300
ctctgacttg	gaacaaaatg	ccactccatt	catgttcatt	tttgcctggg	agaggattta	360
tttcctaaaa	gattctgaaa	gccaacaaat	caatgtagtt	cttcatagag	aacttaagag	420
taaggctcaa	aatggcctca	aaatgggctt	cttgatgac	ttccaacagt	gactggcctt	480
ctcaacactg	cagatgtctg	agcactacca	taacctaacg	aagtgaggaa	ggaggaggca	540
aattggtatt	ttt					553

&lt;210&gt; 314

&lt;211&gt; 330

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 314

ccagcgactc	cagcgggtggc	agcaggcagt	gcacgtactc	tgggcctccc	accagggtag	60
tgaagggttc	cagctgttct	gccagggccca	ggaggacctc	atcttcatca	tagatgggat	120
ctgtaaggaa	aggcagaagc	tcacttcggg	tcctttcaac	cccaagggcc	aaggcgatgg	180
tggacagctt	cttgatgctg	ttgaggcgaa	gctgaacgtc	ctcattgcgg	agttcgtcta	240
tgagcaccgc	gatgggggtac	agcgagtcgt	cgccgtcggc	cgccgccatc	ttggctccgt	300

ccctttcctg tcagactgcg gccagcgctg

330

&lt;210&gt; 315

&lt;211&gt; 380

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 315

aaaaatgaca ttgcgttttag cttattgtaa gaggttgaac ttttgtattt tgtaactatc	60
tttaagccct tcagtttata attcatataa aatgcctttt gtatttataa taatcctatt	120
ttaatcagtg catgaaattt gcttttttaa agttcatttg aatgattatt ccttcctctt	180
aaagaaatga ttttggtaat gttgagaggt accttaccac aaatcctaac tgtaagtgtg	240
ttcatgggta ttttcaaaag aattatgact cttcccaaaa agaatcctaa aaaacttgta	300
ataaacctat aaagctgatt tgcataattt caaaattttg aatagcaaat ataggcaact	360
catatatgta tataattttt	380

&lt;210&gt; 316

&lt;211&gt; 222

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 316

aaactacaga gggttttcca gctattattt cctttagttt craaaaagtaa cgacttatat	60
taatgtttta taaaagatag tgatgaaaaa aaggtaatgc tgaaataaag gcgcttttag	120
aaatatttta ggacaacata aggtattaat attggaaaaa aactgtacat attttcaagc	180
acaacactga aatattgcag cagtgtttta ctgaattgtt tt	222

&lt;210&gt; 317

&lt;211&gt; 490

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 317

ccttgaatga gcgtggagag cgattaggcc gagcagagga gaagacagaa gacctgaaga	60
acagcgccca gcagtttgca gaaactgcgc acaagcttgc catgaagcac aaatgttgag	120
aaactgccta tcctgggtgac tcttcttaag agaaactgaa gagtttggtc agcagttttt	180
acaagaattc gggacctccg cttgcttctt tttttccaat atttggaacac ttagagtggg	240
ttttgttttt tcttttcaga tgtaaatgtg aaagaaaggg tgttgcatth ttacatttcc	300
ctaagatct tgctaataaa tgctacaata gcacgcgctt cattttgggt ttttgcctcc	360
tcccactgtg tgtatgtgtg tatatgtatg ttttgaatat gttttcttta ttaaaaaata	420
ttttttgtag tttgaatatg aaatttggac caaatgataa actgcgctga gtctaaactg	480
gcaacatgta	490

&lt;210&gt; 318

&lt;211&gt; 340

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 318

cctggagtc aataaccacc cctcatacc acaccctgtg catacaccag ccaagccttt	60
cctggctctg gaagggaaga gaaaaaagac gcaggccacc tgggggttct gcagctcttg	120
gtcagtcag ctttctatct tagctgcctt tggcttccgc agtgtaaacc ttgcctgccc	180
ggaggcagga ggcccagctg gacctccgag ggccatgagc aggcagcagc catcttggcc	240
tcaagcttgc ctttcccttg agtccctctc tcccctcggc tctagccaga ggtgtagcct	300
gcagatctag gaagagaaga gctggggagg aggatgaagg	340

<210> 319  
 <211> 373  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 319  
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 tccataaagt caaatgggtt ctctactctg aaaaccttgc taaaaccag ttccagcata 300  
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 ttcacaggca agg 373

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 <211> 509  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 320  
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 tttgcttctt taagttttca acatatactt tatatttaaa ggcagacact gagtcagtat 180  
 taatagatta actaaactgc actgtaattt agataaaatt actgtgtctc actgtgtatt 240  
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 ataattcata taaaatgcct tttgtattt 509

<210> 321  
 <211> 617  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 321  
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 cccttttagca gctgacggcc ccacgttcta ctccatgctt ggcttccttt ccaactagct 540  
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 cttaaactta aattttt 617

<210> 322  
 <211> 403  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 322

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cagtactggt gggttaaata caatttatgt ggattttgca tgaatacac agtgagacac      180
agtaatttta tctaaattac agtgcagttt agttaatcta ttaatactga ctcagtgtct      240
gccttttaat ataatgata tgttgaaaac ttaaggaagc aaatgctaca tatatgcaat      300
ataaaatagt aatgtgatgc tgatgctgtt aaccaaaggc cagaataaat aagcaaatg      360
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<210> 323

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien .

<400> 323

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gaaaacctac catctcagtg agcaccagct gccttccaaa ggaggggcag ccgtgcttat      180
atttttatgg ttacaatggc acaaaattat tatcaacctt actaaaacat tctttttctc      240
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<210> 324

<211> 78

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 324

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ataaaccatt gtgtacat                                     78

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<210> 325

<211> 174

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

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```

<210> 326

<211> 679

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (679)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 326

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cctattcttt ggacataact atgaattttg tatacaatgc acttcatgaa aagttgtggc      180
tccccagat tgcccacaag tgtgatcttg aagtcctaaa catttgtcca tgtaagcttc      240
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gtggttggga	ttgactggcc	taccttggtc	atctcttaat	ctactaaaaa	tatcatgata	540
aaggtcatgc	agtttctggt	tcattatggt	aatagctttg	gtacattgtg	cttgctctct	600
cttaanagtt	tccttctttg	cttgcaagtt	acatacatca	tcttctaaat	tcaaaaattat	660
gtccattttg	gcgtttacc					679

&lt;210&gt; 327

&lt;211&gt; 619

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(619)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 327

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cagttaccaa	agcctanata	cgcgttagat	gcgccttttc	cggcctgtgc	gtctgctctg	180
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ggttttgcca	aatccacatc	tggaaaccgcg	tcacacccat	ttgcaaggat	gtttgttctt	360
tgatgaaact	gcattctctac	tgcacatgag	ggctttcatt	gtaggacaag	aggagagttc	420
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ctatgcctgn	agncttctaa	tctctcctta	ctaaaacatt	acttcaaatt	tgaattgacc	540
cttggttata	atttatttag	ccgggatttg	tgtgtcattg	tagagcaact	ctaattcaag	600
aatagtgaca	actttttaag					619

&lt;210&gt; 328

&lt;211&gt; 132

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 328

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agcatatgaa	tc					132

&lt;210&gt; 329

&lt;211&gt; 854

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(854)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 329

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aataaaaatta	actccgttac	aatcagcatt	catttcctcc	aattaaaatt	aagcataaac	180

cctaggtagt	aaccttctgc	acatatgtat	agctccgaat	ttcctcactg	ttcgtctggt	240
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tatacaatag	acaagacagg	actatataga	taatggacag	acttaaatgc	ccgcattttt	360
aaggtggaga	aaatgatgaa	tctatgcatc	cccgagaaca	cttaaaattt	ttttttattt	420
cactgggaaa	ttcttacagc	tactttacaa	tcataggtta	acagcctagt	tatacagaag	480
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catcacagtt	gtgcattata	aaaaagggag	tttctttcct	ttggttttta	gtcaggaaca	780
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natattccnt	tcac					854

&lt;210&gt; 330

&lt;211&gt; 299

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 330

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tgccctcacc	agcttggtga	ttttcacaaa	aacgctcccg	atcatctcgg	caagcaaat	180
ataaatgccg	gtctaagtga	aagtcatccg	atgacagctc	agccaccggg	agaatggctt	240
tcttgagag	ttcagaaaat	tgaatcttgg	gttctctttc	ttctgcttct	ttcaccagg	299

&lt;210&gt; 331

&lt;211&gt; 573

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 331

aaagatatga	acagcttaat	tttccgtgtg	attatcta	taaaaaagaa	aaacaaaaca	60
agcaaaatgt	tcaagttaaa	aaaaaaacat	accgggtgag	caatgcacta	aaattatcca	120
catgaaaaca	aatgggtctg	aatcttataa	accaacatag	catttcactg	tcaacaatgt	180
gaaaatttaa	tatcttctca	aacaggcata	agatgaagaa	gtgctatatt	ttaattgtaa	240
aaggaactta	tgtaatgtaa	aattacatta	taatttttca	ttccgaattg	acaaatgatt	300
tcaaaaacaa	ggatcaaagt	ttgactgcaa	atagtaatgc	aatataattt	cataaaaatc	360
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aaaacagccg	ttcataaatg	caaaaaaatt	ctgatttata	tatgaaataa	tttctagatc	540
aattcaacat	atgtgatgac	atgtgttgag	ttt			573

&lt;210&gt; 332

&lt;211&gt; 555

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 332

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agtaagttaa	agacttgctg	agtttggcat	agatagtgcg	ctcattta	ctgtgcctct	180
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gaatttccca	gatatttatg	tttgaacata	atggctcaga	atacatattt	gaacatcata	540
gttgatatata	ttttt					555

&lt;210&gt; 333

&lt;211&gt; 460

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 333

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aaggaatggt	ggttctcttg	taaaattcag	agatctcttt			460

&lt;210&gt; 334

&lt;211&gt; 190

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 334

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ctgccaaacc	tgagatcagc	tgtgccagct	tggaagagct	cctgtccacc	ctccaaaagc	180
ggccccaagg						190

&lt;210&gt; 335

&lt;211&gt; 394

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 335

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acacacccag	aatgatataa	ccagatattt	ttcagtttct	aaattaaggc	atattcaaaa	180
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tcacagatga	attactctca	gtttaactat	atgcaacaac	catgccata	acttttcttc	300
taaattttgc	ataataatgg	ttaaaaaaag	tggtagttta	actatcatgt	tcacaattgt	360
catttttcaa	ggcagtagaa	gaccaagaca	tttt			394

&lt;210&gt; 336

&lt;211&gt; 429

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 336

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ttccacttta	gagattctat	gtaaagttta	tataactata	cttgtcaaat	agcacctatc	420
tatgcattt						429

&lt;210&gt; 337

&lt;211&gt; 373

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 337

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atrtagaagt	cagcatccaa	ggtaaaagaa	ttctctgttg	gacttgacat	cactcccatc	180
ctctgatact	cgctactctt	cttctcaaa	aagttagtct	ttccttccag	tgaaatattc	240
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agtctgtctg	ccacaaactc	aatgtattgc	ttcatcagag	tgcaattcat	cccaatgagt	360
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&lt;210&gt; 338

&lt;211&gt; 366

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 338

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ctgtcgccct	aatccaagcc	tacgttttca	cacttctagt	aagcctctac	ctgracgaca	360
acacat						366

&lt;210&gt; 339

&lt;211&gt; 319

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 339

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cgtaaatgtt	tgtgatttt					319

&lt;210&gt; 340

&lt;211&gt; 278

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (278)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 340

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ttcctagcca	tgcactactn	accagacncc	tcaacngcct	tttnatcaat	nggncacatn	180
actcganacn	taaatnatgg	ctgaatcatc	cgctacctnc	acgccaatgg	cagcctcaat	240
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&lt;210&gt; 341

&lt;211&gt; 400

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 341

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tattcaaagt	gtgggtccag	gctttcaagg	tggaagggtg			400

&lt;210&gt; 342

&lt;211&gt; 536

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 342

aaagaacaat	gggaaaaaca	agtcctgtgt	ctcacagatg	ctgtcgatga	cattacttcc	60
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cgggcagccc	gggtcattca	cgtagtcacc	tcagagatgg	acaactatga	gccaggagtc	240
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gcagtgtga	tgataaggac	ccctgaggag	ttggatgact	ctgactttga	gacagaagat	480
tttgatgtca	gaagcaggac	gagcgtccag	acagaagacg	atcagctgat	agctgg	536

&lt;210&gt; 343

&lt;211&gt; 646

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 343

aaaacttcta	ttcatcaaaa	gacataaaga	aaacagtcaa	gccacagact	aggtgtaata	60
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ccaattatag	ctatcaggga	tatacaaat	aaaacaaaa	tgaaacatca	ctacacaccg	180
attggaatgg	ttaaaaagga	aaaatactga	caacaccaat	atgtgtaaag	acaggaggta	240
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cttctaaagt	atcccatgtt	ctatccaatg	tcataccact	atcataattt	aagtgttcat	540
aactctctat	aatatttcaa	taatctaact	ggcttcaatg	cctgtagtag	aaattgcaga	600
ttgggctccc	caatttctgt	tccctaggaa	ggctgagaaa	gctttt		646

<210> 344  
 <211> 383  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 344  
 cctgcacccc agtataaggg cctccccagc tgagtaagaa gctgcttccc ctctctcat 60  
 aggccaagcc tattgtgtga aaccatctca tggctcttgg gacgtagacc atttttgaaa 120  
 ccgtctcatg gtcttggtga cgtagaccgt ttgcttcttt aactccagcc gcggaatgac 180  
 attagtggaa ccgggctagg gaactgctgg aagttcagga tgcaccacc ttgaacacct 240  
 aggccaggga tccccacat gtcccgggtt tctttcttcg agagtataga accgttcatt 300  
 cttgctttgt gtcccattec atctcttgaa aaaatgtagt ctttgaatgt gtgaaaatct 360  
 agggacattc aatctagtct ttt 383

<210> 345  
 <211> 263  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 345  
 cctccccctc ccctttgctg gtgggaggag ctctgtgtct ccttggccgc ttactggaag 60  
 ggcgtttttc agagctgcag ggacagggtg agcagctgaa gggctaggag ggaagccggc 120  
 ccccgctctg cagaagctgc atttcagctg aatctgtgtt tcagcctcag ttggttgcac 180  
 cgtttagccc tctcctcccg gatggctcat tttttgtcac attagagaat aaacagccac 240  
 acacacattt ttttttttcc ttt 263

<210> 346  
 <211> 132  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 346  
 aaatccaaat acaaaagcat agtctctgca agattttggt ctttgaattt cttgatattg 60  
 taattgatta ttgataactg tcatcatgaa attatctctc aataataaga taaataaact 120  
 agcatatgaa tc 132

<210> 347  
 <211> 564  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(564)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347  
 cctgggtatc caggagggt ctgcagccct gctgaagggc cctaactaga gtcttagagt 60  
 ttctgattct gtttctcagt agtcctttta gaggcttgct atacttggtc tgcttcaagg 120  
 aggtcgcacct tctaagtgtat gaagaatggg atgcatttga tctcaagacc aaagacagat 180  
 gtcagtgggc tgctctggcc ctggtgtgca cggctgtggc agctgttgat gccagtgtcc 240  
 tctaactcat gctgtccttg tgattaaaca cctctatctc ccttgggaat aagcacatac 300  
 aggcttaagc tctaagatag ataggtgttt gtccctttac catcgagcta cttcccataa 360  
 taaccacttt gcatccaaca ctcttcaccc acctcccata cgcaagggga tgtggatact 420  
 tggcccaaag taactggtgg taggaatctt agaaacaaga ccacttatac tgtctgtctg 480

aggnagaaga taacagcagc atctcgacca gcctctgcct taaaggaaat ctttattaat 540  
 cacgtatggt tcacaagata attc 564

<210> 348  
 <211> 321  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(321)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 348  
 gcncatgaac anggagcaac ganaagagat gtcgggctaa gggcccgga cgggcggcac 60  
 ccatcctgcn acggaacacn ttcgggttnt ggttttgatt ngttcacctc tgtttatatg 120  
 canctatttg ntccctctcc cccaccccag nccccaaactt catgcttntc ttccgcnctc 180  
 agccnccctg ccttgctctc gcggtgagtc antgaccacn gnttcccctg cangagccgc 240  
 cgggcgtgag acnngaccc tcnntgcata caccaggccg ggcccnngct ggctccccc 300  
 gnggcctgt gaaanagctg g 321

<210> 349  
 <211> 255  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349  
 ccatgacagt gaaggggctg ttaggaatat caacaccacc gaagcgcaca tagatcacat. 60  
 atgtgcccgg cttggcagct gtgtagaaga tgtcataggt tccatcttca ttctcaatga 120  
 catcggcctc ggcctcagtg ccatctgggg tcagaaccgt gcaggtcact ttacccttcc 180  
 cggcagtcctt ggcatacaacc acaaagccta ctctctcgcc agttttcaca gtggaggcga 240  
 ttccaggacc cgtag 255

<210> 350  
 <211> 496  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(496)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 350  
 gggcttattn gtcacaaaa tcattcnctt ttggaactat ggccaattga agctacacac 60  
 tgaatttatt aatacagcat taagtttctt tgtgtnaaaa aatctttgtn cncagtaata 120  
 aaaaaagata aggcaagatg cattaacat gaaaccttct ggctcttttc ctctgcgttt 180  
 ttacagagcc actgatgact atctgcaaca aaagagttaa gtttctgatt ttccgtatca 240  
 agcatcttat gcctttgctg tggtagaagt tctggccaag caccctgaag gacagatgct 300  
 ggtgatggnc tttggcactt atgctggcaa actgagcttc ttcccttga gtacttttgn 360  
 aatgtacaag tagaagaagt cacaagtata ggatggctctg gactacgccg gccaccacag 420  
 caatgaggtc aaagaagccc tcaaagnaga agcgnccaga tccagttgac aagatacaaa 480  
 gcacgataga ggcca 496

<210> 351

<211> 109  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(109)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 351  
 ccatagtga gcttgggaat gagtgttact gcagcatctg ggctgccanc cacaggggaag .60  
 ggccaagccc catgtagccc cagtcacccct gccagagccc gcctcctgg 109

<210> 352  
 <211> 384  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 352  
 ccttcgagag tgacctggct gccaccagg accgtgtgga gcagattgcc gccatcgcac 60  
 aggagctcaa tgagctggac tattatgact caccagtggt caacgcccgt tgccaaaaga 120  
 tctgtgacca gtgggacaat ctgggggccc taactcagaa gcgaaggga gctctggagc 180  
 ggaccgagaa actgctggag accattgacc agctgtactt ggagtatgcc aagcgggctg 240  
 cacccttcaa caactggatg gagggggcca tggaggacct gcaggacacc ttcattgtgc 300  
 acaccattga ggagatccag ggactgacca cagcccatga gcagttcaag gccaccctcc 360  
 ctgatgccga caaggagcgc ctgg 384

<210> 353  
 <211> 345  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(345)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 353  
 ccttggctcag gatgaagtng gctgacacac cttagcttgg ntttgcttat tcaaaagana 60  
 aaataactac acatggaaat gaaactagct gaagcctttt cttgttttan caactgaaaa 120  
 ttgnacttgg ncacttttgt gcttgaggag gccattttc tgctggcag ggggcaggta 180  
 tgtgccctcc cgctgactcc tgctgtgtcc tgaggtgcat ttcctgttgn ncacacaang 240  
 gccangntcc attctccctc ccttttcacc agngccacan cctnntctgg aaaaangacc 300  
 agnggtcccc gaggaaccca tttngctctt gcttggacag canag 345

<210> 354  
 <211> 712  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 354  
 ccatctacaa tagcatcaat ggtgccatca ccagttctc ttgcaacatc tcccacctca 60  
 gcagcctgat cgctcagcta gaagagaagc agcagcagcc caccaggag ctctgcagg 120  
 acattgggga cacattgagc agggctgaaa gaatcaggat tcctgaacct tggatcacac 180  
 ctccagattt gcaagagaaa atccacattt ttgccccaaa atgtctattt ttgacggaga 240

gtctaaagca	gttcacagaa	aaaatgcagt	cagatatgga	gaaaatccaa	gaattaagag	300
aggctcagtt	atactcagtg	gacgtgactc	tggaaccaga	cacggcctac	cccagcctga	360
tccctctctga	taatctgcgg	caagtgcggg	acagttacct	ccaacaggac	ctgcctgaca	420
accccgagag	gttcaatctg	tttccctgtg	tcttgggctc	tccatgcttc	atcgccggga	480
gacattattg	ggaggtagag	gtgggagata	aagccaagtg	gaccataggt	gtctgtgaag	540
actcagtggtg	cagaaaagg	ggagtaacct	cagcccccca	gaatggattc	tgggcagtgt	600
ctttgtggta	tgggaaagaa	tattgggctc	ttacctccca	atgactgcc	taccctgcg	660
gaccccgctc	cagcgggtgg	gggattttct	tggaactatga	tgctggggga	gg	712

&lt;210&gt; 355

&lt;211&gt; 385

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 355

cctcatagcc	gcttagcaca	gttacagaat	gtctgaaggg	gacagtgtgg	gagaatccgt	60
ccatgggaaa	ccttcgggtg	tgtacagatt	tttcacaaga	cttggacaga	tttatcagtc	120
ctggctagac	aagtccacac	cctacacggc	tgtgcgattg	gtcgtgacac	tgggcctgag	180
ctttgtctac	atgattcgag	tttacctgct	gcagggttgg	tacattgtga	cctatgcctt	240
ggggatctac	catctaaatc	ttttcatagc	ttttctttct	cccaaagtgg	atccttcctt	300
aatggaagac	tcagatgacg	gtccttcgct	accacacaaa	cagAACgagg	aattccgccc	360
cttcattcga	aggctcccag	agttt				385

&lt;210&gt; 356

&lt;211&gt; 347

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 356

aaatgagata	aagaaagtct	ccttttgttt	ttagatggaa	aagaaagcac	aagttttttc	60
tacctgtgaa	tgaactttgg	tgacctatat	gtgccattca	tgacgatttc	ttgttcatat	120
tggcttagaa	ttcagtgcat	gaatatcatt	acattcttat	atctaacatt	cctagtttagc	180
tttgattcaa	aatatacaaa	atctgatata	tgaatacttt	gctagattaa	tgacttgatc	240
atctttggaa	tgagtaggca	agacgatttt	tacctattat	ttctatgttg	tgggtaattg	300
taaaactaaa	tacagatgat	aataattgct	atttcacagt	gatgttt		347

&lt;210&gt; 357

&lt;211&gt; 313

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 357

aaagtaatca	acctctctgt	ccttccatta	gtctggatcg	tctaaagatt	gttttatttt	60
tagaggctca	tccggtcaga	tgtagtgat	gtgaaatttc	aggccaggcg	tgacgtcagc	120
gtggcatttg	aaacagctcc	atgttgccct	tagtgctgtc	tgaccgaagc	ctgtctgtcc	180
tcagatataa	agatgaagcg	cagctgtata	aagaagagca	cctgaggaat	cggcagcacc	240
ctcactgcta	cgttcagtac	atgatcgcca	tcatacaaa	ctgccagacc	ttcaaggaat	300
ccatagtcag	ttt					313

&lt;210&gt; 358

&lt;211&gt; 403

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 358

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aaaaagaagg acttaggggtg tcgtttttcac atatgacaat gttgcattta tgatgcagtt      60
tcaagtacca aaacggttgaa ttgatgatgc agttttcata ttcgagatg ttcgctcgtg      120
cagtactggt gggttaaatga caatttatgt ggattttgca tgaatacac agtgagacac      180
agtaatttta tctaaattac agtgcagttt agttaatcta ttaatactga ctcagtgtct      240
gccttttaat ataatgata tgttgaaaac ttaaggaagc aaatgctaca tatatgcaat      300
ataaaatagt aatgtgatgc tgatgctgtt aaccaaaggg cagaataaat aagcaaaatg      360
ccaaaagggg tcttaattga aatgaaaatt taattttgtt ttt                               403

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<210> 359
<211> 411
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 359
aaataaatac ttagaacacg acttggctcc tacaagcatc tggactctag gtctcagtac      60
tggagtgtct caccatggg cccacgcag ggacgccacg gtccctccc acccgtgat      120
caagacacgg aatcggtgc cgatggttg atcgcaatgc gcccttttc tagagccttc      180
cccgcccatc tacaggcagg atgcccgtgg gaaaaagaca actggaattt ctggaagggt      240
gatggtccgc acggttgagg attctacgtg gttctcttgg tcccttgggt gtgtgtgtgt      300
gtggaggagg ccgcccctc tagatcacct tcttgagctc gtcgtacagg accagcacga      360
aggcgcctcc catgcccgc aggcgttgg accacgcacc cttgaagaag g                               411

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<210> 360
<211> 378
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(378)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 360
cctcttcagg ggcccagacc agggacaggg ccttggtttc cttctccctg gcttctgcct      60
cagctctgtc cctctcatcc gcgtatttgg aagagatgtt tttctcctcg gctaacaact      120
gatcaaatct cctctgttcc tttccagggt tggacacgag ttgccgtgg ttgtccaat
180caacaaccag gtcgtccagc tctgctgaa gcctgttctt ggtcttttcc agtttatcat
240
aagcggccgc cttctcctcg tactgtgagg tgagntctc gatctccttc tggaaacctct      300
tcttcccttc ttccagagct tccacgngc tggcaaagtc ctgcagcttc ttcttcgagt      360
cggagagctg gatgttga                               378

```

```

<210> 361
<211> 372
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 361
aaatactggg ggccattaag agtggatgta gctaagagct tagctaacat tgccttttca      60
ctctattttt ctcagatatt gtaagcattc tgtttttcaa tattgtagtt aattttttgg      120
ctttcaacag cagccctagt aatggtggag ttgttaatta atgtgtatat tgtactgaat      180
ttctgtcagt taaggggttc actgcttttg tggaaattgg tggaaattgc tagcaggttc      240
cacgatgttt atttttttct ccatgttgta tatcattacc atttcacata cgcgtttcta      300
tttttcttcc tctcctcctg atctccttaa aaatgaatct agagtgggtg gctttttccc      360
cctcctcttt gg                               372

```

<210> 362  
 <211> 544  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 362  
 cctgagtcac ctagcatagg gttgcagcaa gccctggatt cagagtgtta aacagaggct 60  
 tgccctcttc aggacaacag ttccaattcc aaggagccta cctgagggtcc ctactctcac 120  
 tgggggtcccc aggatgaaaa cgacaatgtg ccttttttatt attattttatt tgggtggtcct 180  
 gtgttatatta agagatcaaa tgtataacca cctagctctt ttcacctgac ttagtaataa 240  
 ctcataactaa ctgggtttgga tgcctggggt gtgactttcta ctgaccgcta gataaacgtg 300  
 tgccctgtccc ccagggtgggt ggaataattt acaatctgtc caaccagaaa agaattgtgtg 360  
 tgtttgagca gcattgacac atatctactt tgataagaga ctccctgatt ctctagggtcg 420  
 gttcgtgggt atcccattgt ggaaattcat cttgaatccc attgtccctat agtccttagca 480  
 ataagagaaa tttcctcaag ttccatgtg cggttctcct agctgcagca atactttgac 540  
 attt 544

<210> 363  
 <211> 328  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 363  
 aaactgggta tgacaaaagc ctttagttgt gtttcttgaa ctataaagaa aacaaatttt 60  
 ggcagtcctt aagtatatat agcttaaaat ataattttta gcatttggca ccatatgtat 120  
 gccattatat ttgattttgc attactgttt cacaatgaag ctttctttaa ggctttgatt 180  
 tttatgatta tgaaagaaat aaggcacaaac cacagttttt ctttctttaa tttcatcact 240  
 gttgatgtgg ttctttttgt ttaaaaaaaaa aaagtgcac tatcaaaact aaaaaattat 300  
 agagtaatat tgccgttctg ctgatttt 328

<210> 364  
 <211> 569  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 364  
 cctgggcacc tctttgcttg aaatatggca agacttggaa aaatgtttgc ccttagaatc 60  
 tatctcacta ctttagttag ttgtctcctt tgggcctggg cacagtctctg gccctgatct 120  
 ggaacagact cctttttcta aaactgaact tgaccacatc aaaagtttgt aaaacaatct 180  
 ccatggtaat taaacttgca ttcaacacca tatggtaaca gaagatggca aaggataaga 240  
 ttcagatctt agatctttcc aagttagggca tgtagatga tagaaggatt agttgcaagc 300  
 tggatctgag ctacaggctt ggcatgaagg aaactgtctc ccatgtgggt tggaaagagt 360  
 aggggctccc tgagctctat tgtgaactat acgggtttca tccaaggaat ggtatgatgt 420  
 gggcataaaa ccattcttca gacaactgaa gatgggtccc ttctgtagcc agaaacacta 480  
 gctgtcctgc attgtccatt tccttttagcc ccaggcggtc ctgtgtgtac agggaggtct 540  
 cctgtaaggg aatgggtttc ttggcttgg 569

<210> 365  
 <211> 151  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 365  
 aaaaaaaaa atccttttat tatggaattt gtcaaacaca cacacaagca taacaaaccc 60



ctaggtaccc atctccaagt tttagacccct attataatct catcttcagt gttttattat 120  
ccacttcctc tctctctatc tttagtattt t 151

<210> 366

<211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(508)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 366

agtataaaga tatattccat aaaagagttt ggcagtcacg ganaagcatc gcacttcgga 60  
aaaacacaag cattcttctc ctagtctaca gagaattgng taaaaaaaaa aaaaaatcat 120  
catcaacagc cncantnta cncacacta gaatgtacac tccggcaagt aaattaagg 180  
tgcagtccat ccctgaacga tganaagngg tctgagctat gycaaaagngt tanaaagtag 240  
cccagctana caaatgcccc agctatcccc aggggagtta ttcagtactt aanacttcat 300  
ttccaananc agccccgga aagccctgac aggaaggggg gaccagngat caccgatntc 360  
ccattagggg cggncaccaa aaacaaaatg cctggagctt ntgagcagct gcagcctggg 420  
gttggtggcta ggcncngggg gnggttgcaa aaaaacggct gtntccgggg agaggcaaat 480  
ggcaggccag ccagccctgg gtacatgg 508

<210> 367

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

cctgagcggc tagtctttaa gatgcgcttc tctggtttgc tgcaaatccg agcagaagcc 60  
ctcctggcgg caggcagcca tgtgatcatt ctgggtgacc tgaatacagc ccaccgcccc 120  
attgaccact gggatgcagt caacctggaa tgctttgaag aggaccagc ggcgaagtgg 180  
atggacagct tgctcagtaa cttgggggtgc cagtctgctt ctcatgtagg gcccttcac 240  
gatagctacc gctgcttcca accaaagcag gagggggccc tcacctgctg gtcagcagtc 300  
actggcgccc gccatctcaa ctatggctcc cggcttgact atgtgctggg ggacaggacc 360  
ctggtcatag acacctttca gg 382

<210> 368

<211> 174

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

ccttctccct ctttgacaag gatggagatg gcactatcac caccaaggag ttggggacag 60  
tgatgagatc cctgggacag aacccactg aagcagagct gcaggatatg atcaatgagg 120  
tgatgacaga tgggaacggg accattgact tccggaggtt cctgaccatg atgg 174

<210> 369

<211> 216

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

aaatctcatg ggttctatta aaaaaatata tatatagggc cccaatccat tgccatcaaa 60

```

ttgcccttgg acttttccaa ggtatattat ggggttttat gcaaaattcc aagctaccat 120
gtaacttttt ttaaccattt aacaaggagg gggaactgtt tcctaccttc tttacatgtt 180
gtgcattgtt gtggtccaga aatgccaaac cttttt 216

```

```

<210> 370
<211> 344
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 370
ccttggtcag gatgaagttg gctgacacag cttagcttgg ttttgcttat tcaaaagaga 60
aaataactac acatggaaat gaaactagct gaagcctttt cttgttttag caactgaaaa 120
ttgtacttgg tcacttttgt gcttgaggag gccatttttc tgctggcag ggggcaggtc 180
tgtgccctcc cgctgactcc tgctgtgtcc tgaggtgcat ttctgttgt acacacaagg 240
gccaggctcc atttccctcc cctttccacc agtggcacag cctctgtctg aaaaaggacc 300
aggggtcccg gaggaaccca tttgtgctct gcttggacag cagg 344

```

```

<210> 371
<211> 741
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(741)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 371
aaattacata tctaattgtg tgatttggtta aatgccatt ttttcatcta agtgctaagt 60
gctaagtgtg gcagtttgtt ccctgctaca ctccaaggca caaaggagtt caaggaaatgt 120
gcaatggaaa tcagtttagat gaatgtgtta ggaaccttcc ctttaataaa gctggatccc 180
acactagccc ctacaccctc tcatcaccaa atattcctgc ttctctcac ctgcacttgc 240
tgttctctcc tctgccacac aaatctacct ctcaagccta ggtcccacct gcttcatgac 300
aactttccag actattccag aacctttaac catctctgac ctctcatcag atctatgttg 360
tacataacac caattaatga gatcattact gctttatgct ctaattgctt cctgtattca 420
aaatcttctc tccaaccaca taatgactcc ctaaaacttct cttgtatttt ccaatgcctt 480
gtacaagcac agaactggtc aatcaataaa tactcactgg ttatttgagg aaaaaatgtt 540
gccaaagcacc atctttatca gaaaataaat caattcttct aaacttggag aaatcacctt 600
attcctagta tgtgatctta attagaacaa ttcagattga gaangngaca gcatgctggc 660
agtctcaga gccctcgctt gctctcggnn cctccctgcc tgggctccca ctttgggtggc 720
atttgaggag cccttcagcc t 741

```

```

<210> 372
<211> 218
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(218)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 372
ccgccagtgt gctggaattc gcccttggcc gcccgggcag gtaccacaac agcaggncctg 60

```

```

agtgagaaat ctaccacctt ctacagtagc cccagatcac cggacacaac actctcacct 120
gccagcacga caagctcagg cgtcagtga gaatccacca cctccacag cgcaccaggc 180
tcaacgcaca caacagcatt ccctggcagt accttggn 218

```

<210> 373

<211> 168

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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actgctaggg aatgctgttg tgtgcattga gcctggtcgg ctgtgggagg tgggtggattc 60
ttcactgacg cctgagcttg tcgtgctggc aggtgagagt gttgtgtccg gtgatctggg 120
gctactgtag aaggtggtag atttctcact caggcctgct gttgtggt 168

```

<210> 374

<211> 154

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(154)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 374

```

tgagaaatct accaccttct acagngagcc ccanatcacc ggacacaaca ctctcacctg 60
ccagcacgac aagctcaggc gtcagtgaag aatccaccac ctccacagc cgaccaggct 120
caacgcacac aacagcattc cctggcagta cctc 154

```

<210> 375

<211> 275

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

```

actgccaggg gacagtgctg tgtcagttga acctgggctg ctgtgggaag ttgttgattc 60
ctgactgggg cctgaggttg tgggtctggc aggtaacagt gttgtatccg ttgagcctgg 120
ctgctgtggt gaagttgtag aatgccgact gaggcctggc gtgggtggtgc tgtcagggaa 180
tgctgttggt tgcgttgagc ctggtcggct gtgggaggtg gtggattctt cactgacgcc 240
tgagcttgct gtgctggcag gtgagagtgt tgtgg 275

```

<210> 376

<211> 191

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(191)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 376

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actgccaggg gacagtgctg tgtcagttga acctgagctg ctgtgggaag ttgttgattc 60
ctgactggag cctgaggttg tgggtctggc aggtaacagt gttgtatccg ttgagcctgg 120
gctgctgttg gaagttgtag aatgccgact gaggcctgcc gtgggtggtgc tgntagggaa 180

```

tgctgctagc g

191

&lt;210&gt; 377

&lt;211&gt; 476

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 377

ccgccagtgt	gctggaattc	gcccttggcc	gcccgggcag	gtacatttcc	ttgtagactc	60
tgtaatttcc	ctgcagctcc	tggttggttc	tggagcagat	gatctcaatg	agagagtcct	120
cgtcggttcc	cagccccctc	atggaagctt	ttagctcaga	agcgtcatac	tgagcaggtg	180
tcttcaatag	gccccaaaatc	accgtctcca	ggtggccaga	taaggctgac	ttcagtgctg	240
atgcaagttc	cttttttggtc	cttctctggt	aggcgaaggc	aatatcctgt	ctctgtgcat	300
tgctgcggtt	ggtcaaaatg	ttgacaatgg	tgacctcacc	cacacctttg	gtcttgatgg	360
ctgtttcaat	gttcaaagca	tcccgcacag	catcaaagtt	agtataggct	ttgacagacc	420
catatgcact	tggggggtgta	gagtgatcac	cctccaagcc	gagcttgcac	aggatt	476

&lt;210&gt; 378

&lt;211&gt; 455

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(455)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 378

agtgtgctgg	aattcgccct	tggccgcccg	ggcaggtaca	catcccatct	tcaaatttaa	60
aatcatattg	tcagttgtcc	aaagcagctt	gaattttaaag	tttgtgctat	aaaattgtgc	120
aaatatgtta	aggattgaga	cccaccaatg	cactactgta	ataattcgct	tcttaaattt	180
cttccacctt	cagataatag	acaacaagtc	tgagaaacta	aggctaacca	aacttagata	240
taaatcctac	caataaaaatt	tttcagtttt	aagttttaca	gtttgattta	aaaacaaaac	300
agaaacaaat	ttcaaaaataa	atcacatctt	ctcttaaaac	ttggcaaacc	cttcctaacc	360
tgccaagtn	tgagcataca	ctgccactgg	ctttagatac	tccaattaaa	tgcactactc	420
tttactgggt	ctgaatgaag	tatggtgaaa	caagc			455

&lt;210&gt; 379

&lt;211&gt; 297

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(297)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 379

agctcggatc	cctagnacgg	ccgccagtgt	gctggaattc	gcccttagcg	gcggccccggg	60
caggtacaaa	gaatccttag	acgccatact	gagttttaag	ttccttaatt	cctaatttaa	120
ggcttctagt	gaagcctcct	cacagtaggc	ttcactaggc	ccacagtgcc	cctagacctc	180
tgacaatccc	accctagaca	gactttattg	caaaatgcgc	ctgaagaggc	agatgattcc	240
caagagaact	caccaaataca	agacaaatgt	cctagatctc	tagtgtggna	gaactat	297

&lt;210&gt; 380

<211> 144  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(144)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 380  
 actttgctga aaattctttt tcccagggtc tataaaacat taatttggtt ttatatattta 60  
 ctattttttt gngttttttt gtttttaaat caataagtaa tctaggacta gcattatgtt 120  
 tgctagacct ggcatttgct cggc 144

<210> 381  
 <211> 424  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381  
 actcttgaat acaagtttct gataccactg cactgtctga gaatttcctaa aactttaatg 60  
 aactaactga cagcttcatg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120  
 catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180  
 tgattcttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt taagctatcc 240  
 acagcttaca gcaatttgat aaaatatact tttgtgaaca aaaattgaga catttacatt 300  
 ttctccctat gtggtcgctc cagacttggg aaactattca tgaatattta tattgtatgg 360  
 taatatagtt attgcacaag ttcaataaaa atctgctctt tgtataacag aatacatttg 420  
 aaaa 424

<210> 382  
 <211> 408  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 382  
 actcttgaat acaagtttct gataccactg cactgtctga gaatttcctaa aactttaatg 60  
 aactaactga cagcttcatg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120  
 catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180  
 tgattcttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt taagctatcc 240  
 acagcttaca gcaatttgat aaaatatact tttgtgaaca aaaattgaga catttacatt 300  
 ttctccctat gtggtcgctc cagacttggg aaactattca tgaatattta tattgtatgg 360  
 taatatagtt attgcacaag ttcaataaaa atctgctctt tgtatgac 408

<210> 383  
 <211> 455  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(455)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 383  
 actcttgaat acaagtttct gataccactg cactgtctga gaatttcctaa aactttaatg 60

```

aactaactgn cnncttcacg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120
catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180
tganncttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt taagctatcc 240
acagcttata gcaatttgat aaaatatact tttgtgaaca aaaattgaga catttacatt 300
ttctccctat gtggtcgctc cagacttggg aaactattca tgaatattta tattgtatgg 360
taatatagtt attgcacaag ttcaataaaa atctgctctt tgtataacag aatacatttg 420
aaaacattgg ttatattacc aagactttga ctaga 455

```

&lt;210&gt; 384

&lt;211&gt; 376

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (376)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 384

```

actcttgaat acaaggttct gatatcactg cactgtctga gaatttccaa aactttaatg 60
aactaactga cagcttcacg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120
catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180
tgattcttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt ttaagctatc 240
cacagcttac agcaatttga taaaatatac ttttngaac aaaaattgag acatttacat 300
tttctcccta tgtgggcgct ccagacttgg gaaactattc atgaatattt atattgnatg 360
ggaatatagc attgcc 376

```

&lt;210&gt; 385

&lt;211&gt; 422

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 385

```

acctgtgggt ttattaccta tgggtttata tcttcaaata cgacattcta gtcaaagtct 60
tggtaatata accaatgttt tcaaagtgtat tctgtcatat aaagagcaga tttttattga 120
acttgtgcaa taactatatt accatacaat ataaatattc atgaatagtt tccaagtctt 180
ggagcgacca cataggaga aaatgtaaaat gtctcaattt ttgttcacaa aagtatatatt 240
tatcaaatg ctgtaagctg tggatagctt aaaagaaaaa aagtttcctg aaatctggga 300
aacaagacat ttaaagaatc agcaaaattt caaataaaaa attatgaaaa tattatcctc 360
attagttcat ttagtcccat gaaattaatt attttctctg cttgatcttg gtggacagtt 420
tc 422

```

&lt;210&gt; 386

&lt;211&gt; 313

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 386

```

caagtaggtc tacaagacgc tacttcccct atcatagaag agcttatcac ctttcatgat 60
cacgcctca taatcatttt ctttatctgc ttcctagtc tgtatgccct ttccctaaca 120
ctcacaacaa aactaactaa tactaacatc tcagacgctc aggaaataga aaccgtctga 180
actatcctgc ccgccatcat cctagtcttc atcgccctcc catccctacg catcctttac 240
ataacagacg aggtcaacga tccctcccct accatcaaat caattggcca ccaatggtac 300
tgaacctacg agt 313

```

<210> 387  
 <211> 236  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 387  
 cgccctcata atcattttcc ttatctgctt cctagtcctg tatgcccttt tcttaacact 60  
 cacaacaaaa ctaactaata ctaacatctc agacgctcag gaaatagaaa ccgtctgaac 120  
 tatcctgccc gccatcatcc tagtcctcat cgccctcca tccctacgca tccctttacat 180  
 aacagacgag gtcaacgata cctcccttac catcaaatca attggccacc aatggt 236

<210> 388  
 <211> 195  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 388  
 acgccctttt cctaacaactc acaacaaaaa taactaatac taacatctca gagctcagg 60  
 aaatagaaac cgtctgaact atcctgcccg ccacatcctc agtcctcatc gccctcccat 120  
 ccctacgcat cctttacata acagacgagg tcaacgatcc ctcccttacc atcaaatcaa 180  
 ttggccacca atggt 195

<210> 389  
 <211> 183  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(183)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 389  
 taacaactcac aacaaaaacta actaatacta nnatctcaga cgctcaggaa atagaaaccn 60  
 cctgaactat cctgcccgcc atcatcctag tctcctcgc cctcccatcc ctacncatcc 120  
 tttacataac agacgaggtc aacgatccct cccttaccat caaatcaatt ggccaccaat 180  
 ggt 183

<210> 390  
 <211> 473  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 390  
 acaaagcagc aactgcaata ctcaaggtta aaacattaga aaagcatttg tgtgacaggt 60  
 atattacagt attatcaaaa tattacattt tcagacttac ttagcagata atcatccacc 120  
 agagcttaaa tcttttaaatt atttccatag tcttaaaaaa tatgtaatgt cagaatgcat 180  
 ataaaaagaa tgtaaaagga aacctaataa acaaatggaa taatgtaaca aataaatatt 240  
 tgatttcagt aactgttaat aatcagctca acaccaccat tctctctaaa ctcaatttaa 300  
 ttcttatagg aataatgaac tgtcaaatgc catggcataa ttatttattt ccaagctatc 360  
 atcaatgatt agaactaaaa aaaatttggc ataaaaaaat cacaattcag cataaataaa 420  
 gctattttta gcttcaacac tagctagcat ctctaagaat tggtgaaata agt 473

<210> 391  
 <211> 216

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(216)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 391

atttgtattt taggtttcct tttacattct ttttatatgc nntctgacat tacatatttt	60
ttaagactat ggaaataatt taaagattta agctctggtg gatgattatc tgctaagtaa	120
gtctgaaaat gtaatatattt gataatactg taatatacct gtcacacaaa tgcttttcta	180
atgttttaac cttgagtatt gcagttgctg ctttgt	216

&lt;210&gt; 392

&lt;211&gt; 98

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 392

acttattttca acaattctta gagatgctag ctagtgttga agctaaaaat agctttattt	60
atgctgaatt gtgatttttt tatgccaaat ttttttaa	98

&lt;210&gt; 393

&lt;211&gt; 397

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 393

tgccgatata ctctagatga agttttacat tgttgagcta ttgctgttct cttgggaact	60
gaactcactt tcctcctgag gctttggatt tgacattgca tttgacctt tatgtagtaa	120
ttgacatgtg ccaggggcaat gatgaatgag aatctacccc cagatccaag catcctgagc	180
aactcttgat tatccatatt gagtcaaatg gtaggcattt cctatcacct gtttccattc	240
aacaagagca ctacattcat ttagctaaac ggattccaaa gagtagaatt gcattgaccg	300
cgactaattt caaaatgctt tttattatta ttatttttta gacagtctca ctttgtcgcc	360
caggccggag tgcagtgggt cgatctcaga tcagtgt	397

&lt;210&gt; 394

&lt;211&gt; 373

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(373)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 394

ttacattggt gagctattgc tgttctcttg ggaactgaac tcactttcct cctgaggctt	60
tggatttgac attgcatttg accttttatg tagtaattga catgtgccag ggcaatgatg	120
aatgagaatc tacccccaga tccaagcatc ctgagcaact cttgattatc catattgagt	180
caaatggtag gcatttccta tcacctgttt ccattcaaca agagcactac attcatttag	240
ctaaacggat tccaaagagt agaattgcat tgaccacgac tantttcaaa atgcttttta	300
ttattattat tttttagaca gtctcacttt gtcgcccagg ccggagtgca gtggtgcgat	360
ctcagatcag tgt	373



<210> 395  
<211> 411  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(411)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 395  
actgatcatt ctatttcccc ctctattgat cccacacctc aaatatctca tcaacaaccg 60  
actaatcacc acccaacaat gactaatcaa actaacctca aaacaaatga taaccatata 120  
caacactaaa ggacgaacct gatctcttat actagtatcc ttaatcattt ttattgccac 180  
aactaacctc ctcggaactc tgctcactc atttacacca accaccaat tatctataaa 240  
cctagccatg gccatcccct tatgagcggg cgcagtgatt ataggctttc gctctaagat 300  
taaaaatgcc ctagcccact tcttacngca aggcacacct acaccctta tccccatact 360  
agttattatc gaaaccatca gcctactcat tcaaccaata gccctggccg t 411

<210> 396  
<211> 411  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 396  
actgatcatt ctatttcccc ctctattgat cccacacctc aaatatctca tcaacaaccg 60  
actaattacc acccaacaat gactaatcaa actaacctca aaacaaatga tagccatata 120  
caacactaaa ggacgaacct gatctcttat actagtatcc ttaatcattt ttattgccac 180  
aactaacctc ctcggaactc tgctcactc atttacacca accaccaac tatctataaa 240  
cctagccatg gccatcccct tatgagcggg cgcagtgatt ataggctttc gctctaagat 300  
taaaaatgcc ctagcccact tcttaccaca aggcacacct acaccctta tccccatact 360  
agttattatc gaaaccatca gcctactcat tcaaccaata gccctggccg t 411

<210> 397  
<211> 351  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(351)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397  
ngccgangta caaaaaaaag cacattccta gaaaaaggta ttggcaaata gtaaaaatgg 60  
gagggtcaaaa ncaaaaaaaa aaaaaacaaa acnaaaaaaa gaaaaaacca acaattcttc 120  
aattcagtg gcaaacatta tataaaaaata gaaatactaa ctctacaggc agtatttcct 180  
gataaattat ttaaatagca tatctacnca atctgagata tctattccaa tggcaatgag 240  
aaaataattt ataaaaataa agcaatggta taccanatga tagaaaaaaa cataactttc 300  
agaaattgta tttaacattt caatgctatt tccttattgn gaatncttct c 351

<210> 398  
<211> 363  
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 398

acaaaaaaaa	gcacattcct	agaaaaaggt	attggcaaat	agtaaaaatg	ggagggtcaaa	60
agcaaaaaaa	aaaaaaacaa	aacaaaaaaa	agaaaaaacc	aacaattctt	caattcagtg	120
tgcaaacatt	atataaaaaat	agaaatacta	actctacagg	cagtatttcc	tgataaatta	180
tttaaatagc	atatctacac	aatctgagat	atctattcca	atggcaatga	gaaaataatt	240
tataaaaaata	aagcaatggt	ataccagatg	atagaaaaaa	acataacttt	cagaaattgt	300
atttaacatt	tcaatgctat	ttccttattg	ggaatacttc	tctgcagagt	ttttatgcta	360
tgt						363

<210> 399

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 399

actgtttcct	cgtgggttcag	gggtgtgcat	gaaggctctt	aggagagcaa	acacctgttc	60
ctattctgta	tgtccctccc	tcatttcaaa	tgagagtaac	caattgagta	aaataaccaa	120
ataaccattg	ccccaccatg	aacatggggc	ttgggaagac	agtcctacaa	tcttcatcat	180
atatttaggt	ttttaggcca	gccagctctt	tttttccaaa	gctttctttt	gaataccgcg	240
ccgggcggcc	cctaaggggc	aattctgcag	atatccatca	cactggcggc	cgctcgagca	300
tgcattctaga	gggcccaatt	cgccctatag	tgagtcgtat	tacaattcac	tggccgtcgt	360

<210> 400

<211> 87

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(87)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 400

ctgcacatat	cnattacact	ggcggccgct	cgagcatgca	tgnagagggc	ccaattctcc	60
ctatattgag	tgaattaca	atncnct				87

<210> 401

<211> 328

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(328)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401

accaggggac	acaaacactc	tgcctaggaa	aaccagagac	ctttgttcac	ttgtttatct	60
gctgaccttc	cttcactat	tgtcctatga	ccctgccaaa	tccccctctg	cgagaaacac	120
ccaagaatga	tcaataaaaa	ataaaataaa	attaaattaa	aaaaaaaaaa	agagaggaac	180
ccacaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaag	aaagtntata	aaataaaata	ttgaagtcct	ttcccattaa	240
aaaaaaaaaa	aagaaaaagc	acggactctt	tcatccagtt	ctgatgtgat	tatctctgga	300
aggcattttc	tcctcctctt	ccctcccc				328

<210> 402  
 <211> 268  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(268)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402  
 nacataatga caacatcttc actagactga gtgttcaagg atttgagatg attcgctatt 60  
 catcacaccc cgaagattga gatccactgt atttacacaa agcaaagcca tgtcagcaag 120  
 ggactgtcaa cctgattctg agaacataaa cattcaaaat ttattttcca gtgttctttt 180  
 ttggaaacca acaacacatc tttaatacct acacacacac acatctntac ctttaaaaaa 240  
 aaaaaaaaag tгнаacttca cagatagt 268

<210> 403  
 <211> 538  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 403  
 acagtqatag ctccccctgg gcaatacaat acaagaacag tgggttttgt caaattggaa 60  
 caaggaaaca gaaccacaga aataaataca ttggttaaca tcagattagt tcaggttact 120  
 tttttgtaaa agttaagta gaggggactt ctgtattatg ctaactcaag tagactggaa 180  
 tctcctgtgt tctttttttt tttaaattgg ttttaatttt ttttaattgg atctatcttc 240  
 ttctttaaca tttcagttgg agtatgtagc atttagcacc actggctcaa tgcgctcacc 300  
 taggtgagag tgtgaccaa tcttaaagca ttagtgctat tatcagttac caccatttgg 360  
 ggctttttatc ctccatgggt tatgatgttc tcctgatgac acatttctct gagttttgta 420  
 attccagcca aagagagacc attcactatt tgatggctgg ctgcatgcag acatttaaaag 480  
 ctttttagaga atacactaca ccagggagta tgactactag tatgactatt aggaggggt 538

<210> 404  
 <211> 310  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 404  
 tttttttata gatacaattg gctttttatt gtgattcatg agtcagggca gtttccattc 60  
 tgcaaaatat agtgatagct cctactgggc aatacaacag tagaacagtg ggttttgtaa 120  
 aatgggaatc caggaacaga agaataataa taaattgatt taaataaact gattgggttaa 180  
 tttcagaata ctccatatta cttttttcta agagttaaag cagaaaggac tttcttactg 240  
 tgctgactca gacagcctgg actctcatgt ttttaggaaa attttgtctg ttctgggac 300  
 tacctgcttc 310

<210> 405  
 <211> 559  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 405  
 acaaatcaca attattaact cactggtagg gcagtgatga tcaaaccaat tgcattcatc 60  
 catgctgtaa tgttctctct tggcactaaa ggctgactgc agccggcaaa aaagaatgta 120

```

agtatgaatt tataaaaaaca ttttagatgg ctgacaacgg atcttatttt taaagaatat 180
gtctaattca gaggatcgac aactaatcca ttccaataaa acaatgggga attttttatt 240
gaataaaaaat gtaatatgca taaaaactca agaaggcttt ttaaaaatac ttctcccca 300
atcattatcc catacttcat gctaattttt aaaagaatct tgaaatcttg aaaacaagat 360
gaagagaatc ttgttttaag tgacaagtta acattattcc tatattaaat gtcaaactgc 420
tattaatgag tagaagtagg aacaaacccg gatcttagga tcctgtccag ggctcattcc 480
ataactccta tatcacaaag acaagatctg gaaccagaaa acagtcatca tccaatgtgc 540
atcagccttg cggaacag
559

```

```

<210> 406
<211> 427
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 406
acaacagaat atctcgggaa tggactcaga agtatgccat gtgatgctac cttaaagtca 60
gaataacctg cattatagct ggaataaact ttaaattact gttccttttt tgattttctt 120
atccggctgc tcccctatca gacctcatct tttttaattt tattttttgt ttacctccct 180
ccattcattc acatgctcat ctgagaagac ttaagttctt ccagcttttg acaataactg 240
cttttagaaa ctgtaaagta gttacaagag aacagttgcc caagactcag aatttttaae 300
aaaaaaaaat gagcatgtgt attatgtggc caatgtcttc actctaactt ggttatgaga 360
ctaaaaccat tcctcactgc tctaacatgc tgaagaaatc atctgagggg gagggagatg 420
gatgctc
427

```

```

<210> 407
<211> 419
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 407
acaatttgta gttgtttcca ggtttgctta ataatcattc cttaacctag aattcagatg 60
atcctggaat taaggcaggc cagaggactg taatgataga attaaattag tgtcactaaa 120
aactgtccca aagtgtctgt tcctaataagg aattcattaa cctaaaacaa gatgttacta 180
ttatatcgat agactatgaa tgctatttct agaaaaagtc tagtgccaaa tttgtcttat 240
taaataaaaa caatgtagga gcagcttttc ttctagtttg atgtcattta agaattacta 300
acacagtggc agtggttaaat gaagatgctg tctacaaggc agataatata ctgtttgata 360
ctcaaaacat ttttcatttt gtttaaagta gaagttacat aattctatat ttttaagtct 419

```

```

<210> 408
<211> 523
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(523)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 408
acatttgatg ttatgtgaat gttgagtttt tttcttctaa ttttcacttc agcagtgttt 60
agggctttca gatgccttat tccagtgtga acagaaaaag ttcatatttt atgtgggttaa 120
tgctttgatg tgtcacataa agagtgttt gtagaaaaat ttggcacaat ttttaacttct 180
tagtggcttg tgacattata tattatatat atatgtatat atatctttat aacattcctg 240
tgtttagtag tgtaaatgtt ctgggcaagt tttaatattt tgaatgcctt tggatattcc 300
agcaataaag gcatcatgtt ctgcaatagg atttcttact catttaccta ttttaacact 360

```

```

aaaatagacc acaactgagc acaaattcct tttataaatg ttatagaagc agggaagaat    420
aataaacaca tttgtgaatt gtggttcagt ttatttatct ttagggaagg ctgatcattt    480
atcttatagc acataacccc agcctcttat tcattatggn taa                      523

```

<210> 409

<211> 191

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(191)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

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accccgtagt gatgagcact gactggttca ctggccacat tttagttctt cataataata    60
ggccacaaaa gggctctgtg gtttgccctcc atgtgcactg gcccctcccc acccctaggg    120
ggcactcagt agctgctgag aaggcctgtc cacgangctg ttggaacccc ttcaataaat    180
acttagaagn a                      191

```

<210> 410

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

```

acactggcca gtgtgttttt ggcgattaaa cataatcctg tgaatcagat taattcactt    60
gctgagtggt catttgccgc atccctctgt tgggtcttgg gggccctcca cgacctcgtg    120
gggctccccg tggteccactc tgcccagagc ctgccttgaa attctgctga tatccatccc    180
gttgatagcc agagtaatcc cggggagcac tgaactgaga ctgtgtataa ccactgtttg    240
gagtgttaga gaatgaaggg cggttaacat catatcctcc tctgaatcca ttggcagggc    300
cccggtatcc attcatcaag cctctagcac cacgggagcc tccacgagac acaccacgac    360
tattgtaata gggctgattg ctacgtggaa atccagtgn tctg                      403

```

<210> 411

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 411

```

acgtgaaatc ataacaacat gttctcttgt gtttggcttc tcttgctcag catgatattt    60
ttacggttca cccatattgc atgtatcagg aatataatcc tttttattat tgagtagtgt    120
tctattgtat gtatatacca cagtttattt ctcccttcac cctttgctag attttggggg    180
tttttcacat tgcgctattc aagtataaac ctgctctcaa cattcatgtg caagtctttg    240
agtggacata tatttgccgt ttctcttgag tgaatgcacc ttgttgggtc acgtggctta    300
atttaaaaaa attttaatca ctgtggtgca tatgtagtga ttattagtga ttatctcata    360
attttatttt cttgatgact aatg                      384

```

<210> 412

<211> 315

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (315)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 412

acaatatttc	tcctttgaga	agataggata	tatgattttc	ccaaaaatca	caactttgaa	60
ggaagactta	nttgctgact	tcaattatat	cctggaactg	gcaacttggt	cccttccttt	120
gcttcaaaaa	aagtgttaaga	aagagtgata	agatcaactt	taatcattct	tggatcttca	180
gcaaattcag	gatcaatgta	gaaaaacact	ggcatatcta	cttcctcttg	gggattaagc	240
ctttgttctt	caaaacagaa	gcactgtatt	ttattgaaat	actgtccacc	ttcaaattgga	300
acaatattgt	atgna					315

&lt;210&gt; 413

&lt;211&gt; 554

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (554)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 413

acaggtttca	ctatracaaa	tatatgatgt	taaactaaca	aacctatgac	cttcaaagat	60
gtcttcgtcc	cacgcacaca	catttgtaat	ttgtgtccat	ttgctatttc	cctttcttcta	120
taatcttcaa	attatatagt	tatgcattga	gttccttatg	catctcacc	atctccttta	180
tctcagcctt	ctcatacttt	gccattctct	tctttctgga	aataaccagc	acaacaattc	240
cagcaacaac	tgctatcacc	acaaccacaa	taacagcaat	aaccaccagct	tttagaccct	300
gcattgagaa	ttcaggtgct	ttttcatcaa	cataataaat	taaagtttga	ccaggatcca	360
gatccagttg	ttccccattt	actgtcaggt	gccattttct	tagaatgaaa	caaggattca	420
cctttaacat	ctttttcaaa	ataataagcc	acatcagcta	tgtccacatc	attctgagnt	480
ttttgagaag	aattttgaac	cagatcaata	gtgataacat	tattctcata	caaaatactc	540
gngataaatt	ntgg					554

&lt;210&gt; 414

&lt;211&gt; 267

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 414

accagaaagg	cacacgattt	tacaatattt	gttggaatta	ccttactttt	taacctcctc	60
atagcagttt	tggtttgagt	atattgatga	aagccaaagt	ctgggtatcta	aaacttgggc	120
caatgtttcc	caactggtat	atgtcaggct	ttcccaatag	cttaactgtg	accctatacg	180
gatggctttt	tagatagttc	tatactgctg	tattgtgtta	gcacttttct	ttgtcattaa	240
caacacactt	taaatgacat	ttggtga				267

&lt;210&gt; 415

&lt;211&gt; 454

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 415

accggaacct	gcagaaacag	tgtgagaaat	taagtcctgg	ttcactgcgc	agtagcaaag	60
atggtcaagg	ccatggaaaa	agcagaaatt	taccaagaaa	gctgataccc	atgtatagtt	120
cccactcatc	tcaaatacat	ctgctatctt	tttaagctaa	gtcctagaca	tatcggggat	180
aacatggggg	ttgattagtg	accacagtta	tcagaagcag	agaaatgtaa	ttccatattt	240
tatttgaaac	ttattccata	ttttaattgg	atattgagtg	attgggttat	caaacaccca	300
caaactttaa	ttttgttaaa	tttatatggc	tttgaaatag	aagtataagt	tgctaccatt	360
ttttgataac	attgaaagat	agtattttac	catctttaat	catcttggaa	aatacaagtc	420
ctgtgaacaa	ccactctttc	acctagcagt	atga			454

&lt;210&gt; 416

&lt;211&gt; 370

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 416

ccgacacggt	gccagcgccc	tgctgcgtgc	ccgccagcta	caatcccatg	gtgctcatte	60
aaaagaccga	taccgggggtg	tcgctccaga	cctatgatga	cttgtttagcc	aaagactgcc	120
actgcatatg	agcagtcctg	gtccttcac	tgtgcacctg	cgcgaggagac	gcgacctcag	180
ttgtcctgcc	ctgtggaatg	ggctcaaggt	tcctgagaca	cccgattcct	gccccaaacag	240
ctgtatttat	ataagtctgt	tatttattat	taatttattg	gggtgacctt	cttgggggact	300
cgggggctgg	tctgatggaa	ctgtgtattt	atttaaaact	ctggtgataa	aaataaagct	360
gtctgaactg						370

&lt;210&gt; 417

&lt;211&gt; 463

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 417

acactttata	tattccaaat	tgatcagata	tatggtttgc	aaattcatct	caatctgtag	60
cttatctttt	cctcttctta	aatcacaagt	ttttaaat	tgaagaagtc	caatatatca	120
gattttgtct	tttatggatg	tgctttcggg	gcaaagtcca	agaacttgct	acctagccca	180
agatcctgaa	gatttttctc	ctgtggcctt	tttcaaagtt	atctagtttt	atgtatcaca	240
tttaagtccg	ttatacat	tgagttaaat	tttatataag	acgtgaggtt	taagtagagg	300
ttcttttttc	tcctcgccat	gggtgtctaa	ttgctctagc	ataatttgct	agaaaggcta	360
ttcttctctc	attgaattgc	tttttcaact	tttcaaaatc	agctgagcat	atttatatgg	420
gtttatttct	gggttctctc	atctgttcca	ttgacgtatg	tgt		463

&lt;210&gt; 418

&lt;211&gt; 334

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 418

ttagcatttg	cttttat	tttactttga	tgccttttca	aattggcatg	tctttaaagt	60
atttttcttc	ctgattaaaa	atgtgtgtgt	atgtgtgtgt	gtgtgtgtat	atatatat	120
ttttaaatca	cattaatttt	accaagtga	accaagccat	actgtttttg	agccaattaa	180
gaaaattgcc	attttttaaag	tgtagcattt	cagggtaaaag	acccatgaaa	tggcttgatg	240
tattctagac	tactgaaaga	aaaccacttc	aaagattttg	ttgaaagttt	tagtgtgtgc	300
tgaaatgcaa	gagggaaggt	gattggtagt	gagt			334

&lt;210&gt; 419

&lt;211&gt; 297

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 419

acttctttga ccaaggaata ccacagacac cctaccgata gaacagtggc tcagatctta	60
cttgctcctg cttacgaagt attcccaatc actggtcacg tgaccctact tgaacactcc	120
tgaacagtca tgttttttaa aatcttcctt tatatcaagt cagagagtat acttctataa	180
atttactca tggatgttag gaaatctagt catcttcctt gtgattgccc tgttaagtat	240
ttaaccatag ctatcatgtg tttcccaaat cttctctaga ttaaataatct tcagtta	297

&lt;210&gt; 420

&lt;211&gt; 418

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 420

acgagaggaa ccgcaggttc agacatttgg tgtatgtcct atcaatagga gctgtatttg	60
ccatcatagg aggcctcatt cactgatttc cctattcttc aggctacacc ctagacccaa	120
cctacgccaa aatccatttc gctatcatat tcatcggcgt aaatctaact ttcttccac	180
aacactttct cggcctatcc ggaatgcccc gacgttactc ggactacccc gatacataca	240
ccacatgaaa tctctatca tctgtaggct cattcatttc tctaacagca gtaatattaa	300
taattttcat gatttgagaa gccttcgctt cgaagcgaaa agtcccaata gtagaagaac	360
cctccataaa cctggagtga ctatatggat gccccccacc ctaccacaca ttcgaaga	418

&lt;210&gt; 421

&lt;211&gt; 304

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 421

acgcctggac ccctgtgact tgcagcctat ctttgatgac atgctccact ttctaaatcc	60
tgaggagctg cgggtgattg aagagattcc ccaggctgag gacaaactag accggctatt	120
cgaatattat ggagtcaaga gccaggaagc cagccagacc ctccctggact ctgtttatag	180
ccatcttctt gacctgctgt agaacatagg gatactgcat tctggaaatt actcaattta	240
gtggcagggg ggttttttaa tttcttctg tttctgattt ttgttgtttg ggggtgtgtg	300
gtgt	304

&lt;210&gt; 422

&lt;211&gt; 578

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 422

actgtgcagg cagattcaca ggggtggtgt aaagcatcca caatggctct ggcagcatca	60
ggatcacact tgaaggggct ctcagacaaa gttgtattca tgcaactgat tccttttcca	120
ttcgttttct tagtcaactaa tgctttccaa tggatcatgag tgcttttaaat aatatcaatg	180
gcaaagtcct tatctttaaa ttctgcatta aacgcaaact cattttctgg ttttccatca	240
ggaaccttat accttctaaa ccagtccaca gtagcttcta agtagccagg ttccagccgt	300
ttgacatcat tgatattcatt ataattggct gcatcaggat catccacatt aatggcaatg	360
actttccagt cggtttcccc ttcgtcaatc atagccaata tgcctagaac tttcaattat	420
ttatttcacc tcttgacat accttgcttc caatttcaca cacatcaatt gggtcattgt	480
caccacaaca gccagtatgt ttatcattgt gccctgggtc ttcccaagtc tgagggatgg	540
caccatagtt ccagatatat cctttatagc ggaacaaa	578

&lt;210&gt; 423

&lt;211&gt; 327



<212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(327)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423  
 acagtatatt tttagaaact catttttcta ctaaaacaaa cacagtttac tttagagaga 60  
 ctgcaataga atcaaaatct gaaactgaaa tctttgttta aaagggttaa gttgaggcaa 120  
 gaggaagcc ctttctctct cttataaaaa ggcacaacct cattggggag ctaagctagg 180  
 tcattgtcat ggtgaagaag agaagcatcg tttttatatt taggaaattt taaaagatga 240  
 tggaaagcac atttagcttg gtctgaggca gggtctgttg gggcagtggt aatggaaagg 300  
 gctcactgnt gntactacta gaaaaat 327

<210> 424  
 <211> 384  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 424  
 acgaaaaata aatctcctta aaaactaaat aaaatgcact gtattcttac agttaatgtt 60  
 tataactata gtaaaaaatt aatatatctc ctattacata aatgttatct cttagggtgtt 120  
 ccattaagaa gagcaataga ataatgctaa aaaataatgc ctataaatct tcagagtata 180  
 aagacatcca ttcagaaaca aaaattagca ctaaattttt tataaaatag accagatgac 240  
 aaaatttatt ttatttttaa acagtgggtt tgacacaaat tatgttattg aaaagcatta 300  
 ttaatgttta atttatttaa aattttggaa tttgccattt ctacagagaat gatcaggcct 360  
 taggaaatta atacagtagt agta 384

<210> 425  
 <211> 255  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 425  
 actatcaggc tttgtgctga tttcctgaac aaactgcatt atattatgaa aacaaaagga 60  
 aaagaagaaa taataaaaac tatactccca tatttcactt acagtgtttg agttcctgga 120  
 aggacctata taatggaggc agcattcaaa caagaaatta tgccaatcaa ctgtcaaatt 180  
 ttcactataa ttttcttaaa aaggcgtttt tcccccaata tctattaatc tcaaagaaac 240  
 ataagttgtg aatgt 255

<210> 426  
 <211> 196  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(196)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 426  
 acatgaantn nccaggccca cacagccaga cagcaacaga accaagacct agggctcttc 60  
 actcctgtta catcacacca tggcaatgat ttacattct ccaactgatt caaatcatat 120

ggcagctagg gatttggggg ctccatgttt tatttcaatt gcaagttcaa gatttctttt 180  
tatctttgtg ggctga 196

<210> 427  
<211> 163  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 427  
acagaagatc catggaggca agtgctgtca ggaaggacac tgcctccctc caccctccca 60  
aatgtcacca ccaagttcct tcaggtgaga cctcacacaa tgtcaagtgc tttctaggaa 120  
atactaagat caggttgaga gattctgctt ggtctagtca atc 163

<210> 428  
<211> 315  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(315)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428  
nactgagtan agatgctggg gaatgtgcaa tatgccttga agaattgcag cagggagata 60  
ctatagcacg actgccttgt ctatgcatat atcataaagg ctgcatagat gaatggtttg 120  
aagtaaatag atcttgccct gagcacctt cagattaagc gtcagcttcc tgttttatag 180  
gttttcttgt cttgacaaga tgcttgaaaa accaagagga tatgaaaatc tgtctctgga 240  
gaaacaaaga cgcaggcata ctccagccaga aatctgagtt ttgtgagact tggtaatata 300  
gagatggaca atcgt 315

<210> 429  
<211> 131  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(131)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 429  
acagttaggn actagaacat ttgttaagcc tcccaaagta gngtgcattg aagattctag 60  
agtgtccagc tcttgacta caaatgtaat aataacagaa taaatacact taccctgatg 120  
atattgaggg t 131

<210> 430  
<211> 503  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 430  
actgattttt aataaaaagaa ataaggttca aagtttagca caacaacaca gcaataagaa 60  
gctgacaact tggataaaaa tacaagaaag taacacagag cccagggtac ccattattta 120  
ctgtgtgcat acaggaatgc tatacttcag atgtataaat tagagactga ttttaagtta 180

```

ttaatttaac tactttttgt ccactgtgct aaactaaatt ttataactaat gtgctactgc      240
gtaaacactt caaagcaatc ttcattaaaa tgctgcaaag aaaaacaaga atacacatca      300
tccaaaacta aggatgtcat tgcagttcac agtttgata ataaataccc tccctttcaa      360
tcaactacta gatcactaca tcctatctac tcatcagcac aaccttgaag caacttatac      420
ttacaaatat tagcaatgca gccaaacatt tgttttttgc aaagcaacta gtaaaaaatca      480
agaattttta ttaagacggt gca                                         503

```

<210> 431

<211> 207

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 431

```

acaagtgtgg cctcatcaag ccctgcccag ccaactactt tgcgtttaa atctgcagtg      60
gggcccggaa cgtcgtgggc cctactatgt gctttgaaga ccgcctgata atgagtcctg      120
tgaaaaacaa tgtgggcaga gccctaaaca tcgccctggt gaatggaacc acgggagctg      180
tgctgggaca gaaggcattt gacatgt                                         207

```

<210> 432

<211> 485

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(485)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

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aaaaaaagta atggaaaaat gggtgcaggt ttaatcncaa aangaactta attttngtng      60
attttgtttt atctgctaaa acactaatat ctataaatat gaactgacag catcgttcta      120
aatttacttc tgaagagctg tcgagacttc aataaaatat aagcaagtta ctggatcata      180
tttatggact gctgaattaa ctacccgaaa agtatcagtt actttcaaag aacacaaaac      240
aaagtgaacg tggaaaaaag ccttctttgc aaaagtcctt ttattagtec tatcctctaa      300
aattccaagc cacagagcct tgatattcct ggattctggt ttaagtaacc ttagttttta      360
atatgacact tgggatatgc acaatgggaa agggtaggat atgtgaacaa aatttaattt      420
cttttttcca aaggnagnca ttttctttaa atncatccta tccacttttg cccacttccc      480
catgt                                         485

```

<210> 433

<211> 280

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 433

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actgtcacta caatattaca ttctgcaaat gttattctgt tgtatcagat acaaaatttt      60
agtgaggtat ctctaaggca catagtagaa aaaaaattg gttattact caagttcctt      120
tcaactgtgat ttggaaatga tttaatcttt atagaatgag aacctttttt ggactagctt      180
ttttattaaa atggctcaat ttgtgttgat aaggattgca ttaatattta atagtgttg      240
cttttctctt gggcacacca ttttgatcat taaccagagt                                         280

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<210> 434

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 434

ctttgctgcg	catcagggtgc	tttaagcttc	ggaacaactg	tgcaggattc	tatttttagta	60
ttctggaagc	atcattgagg	aagtagtcca	gtgaagttag	ctctaaaaaa	actctttact	120
ctaacaatta	aaagaaatat	gccaaaggat	ccataaggga	tgaataaatt	attaaactat	180
taagaagttg	ctataaatat	gcagtgttaa	ttcaataatt	cataacggac	tggt	234

## &lt;210&gt; 435

## &lt;211&gt; 330

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 435

acctcccgtg	tcaccagttc	ccacagaagc	actgcaaaac	tcacatgtc	tgctgagcgt	60
ctgtttgtgt	cttcagggtt	cttctgcaga	gcttcggggg	ctaccaggc	aggtgcatac	120
atgcgaccag	gacattggaa	agagaacttg	acatcagcca	tgctaattcg	ggcagtcag	180
tcctcatcaa	tcattacact	acggctattg	agtgcattgc	gtgggatgag	gggctctagt	240
gtgtgtagga	aagccatgcc	ccttgccatg	tccaaagcaa	acttcacagc	ctggctctgg	300
tcacgacga	aattggtgcc	ttcatgtagt				330

## &lt;210&gt; 436

## &lt;211&gt; 311

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 436

acaactttac	aatggaattg	tatttcaatg	attattttga	tatcagatta	aaccttccaa	60
aaagttacac	ataattcagg	tctatttttt	ctaccagtaa	gagttctgct	aaattacaaa	120
accccataat	cacagtgttc	agtttttaaa	aaattaaaca	cacagtaatc	ctgtcaatgt	180
taatcaaaat	caaaacttcg	gaatgccgtg	gcatttatgt	gaccaatctg	agtttttagat	240
acaaatacca	gctgtttatc	ccatgaacca	tttttcctag	gctgaggctg	tgaaaaatcg	300
aaagtcggcg	t					311

## &lt;210&gt; 437

## &lt;211&gt; 355

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 437

actagtggat	gggggtcagg	gtgtcaactcc	aaggccctct	acagaccag	agaagaggaa	60
agtcaaaaaa	gccagatatg	agactgctga	agtgggtgta	agaaatatag	gcaaggtaaa	120
gggaacaaga	tctgggctcc	ctcctacttg	tgtccctcac	tggaacctag	acacctacc	180
tctaagactg	gttcttagaa	ggctgaacag	taaggagcat	tccaatagct	tctgaaactc	240
ccaaggctgt	ttcaagtagt	cgaaagccat	ccctggactg	ttcaggtgcc	ttttctatct	300
cccacctgag	ctctctgccc	tttcttttag	cctcacaggt	ttccagaatt	acagt	355

## &lt;210&gt; 438

## &lt;211&gt; 431

## &lt;212&gt; DNA

## &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

## &lt;400&gt; 438

acagtaactt	taactttaca	tagagctgag	ataaaaaataa	agctttctta	caaattacat	60
tttttttcca	gtgaattact	tttgagtaa	aaatagctgc	tacataaatc	cctcctgate	120
tctgaaaagg	agttgcatat	ttccaaaaat	aatattctta	ttttaatcac	acagaagaac	180

gtggagcaca	ggaaggaaat	ggctgggtgg	tcagagagag	gtgagctgtc	ggagaaacac	240
agttaaacta	aaaaataaaa	tccatTTTgt	gtataaaactg	acttaaacgc	atgcaaagaa	300
gtggaaaaca	tatgccattt	gtcaagaaaa	atactgcttt	atagctTTta	ctttacaatt	360
aaaggagaaa	gcagaggcca	gatataagcc	cagataataa	catttaagtt	tctcataaaa	420
ctcccaaattg	t					431

&lt;210&gt; 439

&lt;211&gt; 170

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 439

actgtcataa	aaaacagtgg	agctctgtat	tagaaagccc	ctcagaactg	ggaaggccag	60
gtaactctag	ttacacagaa	actgtgacta	aagtctatga	aactgattac	aacagactgt	120
aagaatcaaa	gtcaactgac	atctatgcta	catattatta	tatagtttgt		170

&lt;210&gt; 440

&lt;211&gt; 400

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 440

acgtaaaaag	aacatccctc	ccatcttcaa	ggtcaagatt	gaacgctgac	tcctgcagga	60
agtcttccag	gattcccagg	caggaatgat	ggctccctgt	ccctgtagct	ccaggagttc	120
ttgcttcacg	cacgcctcac	ataccagact	gaatgttygc	aggaggagtg	accaggtrgg	180
tcactctgtg	ccctaccacc	tacaacaygc	cagcaatcta	cccgtgtgtg	tttggtggac	240
agaattaacc	atgatgggcy	gccgagggcg	cctggagcta	tttgggggct	tggagagaac	300
ctcttaggag	agtgctcagg	tctaggccag	tgtcaccaga	ggaggtcagt	ctcagtcctt	360
ggagtgggtg	gatggaaacc	agacgggact	ggcatggtcc			400

&lt;210&gt; 441

&lt;211&gt; 204

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 441

acctagttac	ttcttaagat	cagggtgtata	aaactgtgga	gtggagcggg	atggtatgga	60
atgacttgga	atgtaagctg	tcaggagagaa	aatgttgcta	cacttttgct	aagatctggg	120
ggtttcttca	tattcctgct	gttggaagca	gttgaccaga	aatgcttgcc	agtactgcca	180
aagcactgct	gtgaaatgtg	aagt				204

&lt;210&gt; 442

&lt;211&gt; 649

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 442

acattttaatt	ttttacaaca	ttttctccct	agagatataa	tttagatatt	cctatcttca	60
aagtaaaaat	caaaatagga	aataagcata	gaaacagcct	attggcagtg	gttacacctg	120
catggtatTT	atgagtctcc	aaactattgg	aaatttattt	caaccaaggT	tctcttaagt	180
cttcattact	tgggtgtaac	tcgagagaaa	actaatttat	atcaatttac	agtttagtgg	240
tcatgatcag	gggaaagtga	tactcttcca	ctgactacaa	gtcattgcag	aggcagttta	300
gaacttttcc	tttattccta	atatacagga	caaaccttgc	cgacatctca	ctacctcaaa	360
aatcaaatTT	aaatgaagta	tccaggagta	gcctaaagaa	tgagtgtaat	ctggatggat	420
tttagtctaa	atttatgcct	tgctcttcag	taaagtatag	taactccaga	tatatgttcc	480

acagatgcaa taatttctgt tccttggtcg gtgcagaata taatttatac ttcctgaaat	540
caactttgtc tattcatgaa aatagctgct ttttatttgc ctttgtctca ctttgaatat	600
atatgatcca caggttacag acttttccaa taactacatt tcaacttgt	649

&lt;210&gt; 443

&lt;211&gt; 346

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 443

acgtgggatt gaaatgcaca tacatgtttt tgctaagagc acatacatTT cATTctcctc	60
actttgttca taacctcagc attgtcagat aacctcagtg agttaactca aagcctttta	120
ttatggaaag aactggcaca gttacattcg ccagtggcaa catccttaaa aattaataac	180
tgatgggtca cggacagatt ttgacctag ttcttttttc ttttagagca aaaagaactt	240
ttacctcggc atccagccca acccctaaag actgacaata tctttcaagc tcttttgaaa	300
gcaccctaaa cagccatttc cattttaata gttggatgcg gattgt	346

&lt;210&gt; 444

&lt;211&gt; 425

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 444

accaatttcc ttttacagta aaggggcttt tcttggttgc tgttgaaccg gttcccagct	60
gccattacc accaagccca aaagagtaaa ttcttcttgc tgaagyaaca aaagcagaag	120
tgtgctgccg tccacaagca atctcagtga caatgcttcc cataagttca aaaactttcc	180
ttgggtttat ttcattgactg gtagaattat ggcccaactg accataccct ccagctccaa	240
aagtaaacac tccaccttcc ttgggttagag cagcagtatg atcttctcca caacaaatat	300
aaactatttt ctgagatctt agtgacttta gtaaattagg aacataccta tcattttcat	360
cattaagacc tagctgacca aacttggtgc gtcccatcc aaagatagct ccagaaaggg	420
tgagt	425

&lt;210&gt; 445

&lt;211&gt; 210

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (210)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 445

nactgtccca atataaaaca gtaattattt gacctttgca ctgtttgtct ggctcttttc	60
agtttgattg catataaatg tggaacttga tagatctcta ttttttaaat gcacttgatga	120
taaactggca gcagggttag acattacttt caaagcttga ggtagaccga gtcagcatgc	180
tagacaggct tctctctcta accaaaactg	210

&lt;210&gt; 446

&lt;211&gt; 326

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 446

tcgaaagacc cctgtaaaag agcccaacag tgaaaatgta gatatcagca gtggaggagg	60
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cgtgacaggc	tggaagagca	aatgctgctg	agcattctcc	tgttccatca	gttgccatcc	120
actaccccg	tttctcttct	tgtgcaaaa	taaaccactc	tgcccatttt	taactctaaa	180
cagatatttt	tgtttctcat	cttaactatc	caaggcacct	attttatttg	ttctttcatc	240
tgtgactgct	tgtgactttt	atcataattt	tcttcaaaca	aaaaaatgta	tagaaaaatc	300
atgtctgtga	gttcattttt	aaatgt				326

&lt;210&gt; 447

&lt;211&gt; 304

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(304)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 447

ncntcnaggt	acatgctaga	agtctgatgt	ngtnngtaac	acagaaacat	acacagtctt	60
catattcaaa	gtcttcacng	ggatgtcggt	ctgtaatttc	ctgcgttttg	gtctcttcca	120
gaaacagctt	tagcttcctg	ctccgaaggc	caaacacctt	ggctgcttca	tacagaagac	180
cttggtgggt	gagtccattc	tgcccaagtg	ggttttcaag	caggagagtg	cccactgtcc	240
ccattaaaca	ctcttggtgg	tttgcatcca	ggagctgtag	gttgatatac	tgacaaggaa	300
gagt						304

&lt;210&gt; 448

&lt;211&gt; 203

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 448

acatgaaagc	ggcaatgcgg	taaaaagcga	attcttacct	aaggctagaa	ttttttatta	60
agcgcathtt	cattagttgg	acaaacaacc	ttataaacct	ttatgtcaaa	ccatataatg	120
tgaagaatct	ccatgggaga	gatttttttt	cacccttcag	aattatcttt	ttcccctaag	180
accttcatat	gaatcttctt	tgt				203

&lt;210&gt; 449

&lt;211&gt; 481

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(481)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 449

acttgttcta	taatactctg	atgtttcctt	aaattcctga	acaacattct	gtttactaaa	60
tttcttttct	tcctttattc	acaccaaatt	ccaccctata	atagaagcta	attatttcag	120
aaagcttttt	agtgatcatt	tattactttg	tgtttactag	atattaattc	taagatgaat	180
tccttttagaa	tttttagaaaa	aattattcta	gacaacaatc	aaagtaaagg	atacatccag	240
cattgaaacc	ataagccggc	aagtctccag	gttaaaaagg	ttgtatcctc	cagcaatgcc	300
agactgtgtc	agacatctct	gcaattcatc	agcatctatc	tgcccatcct	gtccagctac	360
agcagcaaag	taaccataca	gcggatcctg	agtttgtccg	ggaaacgcag	gccctccggg	420
agccccctca	tactgcattc	tgagttgaag	tcttatangt	agaagctggg	gataccttaga	480
g						481

<210> 450  
 <211> 296  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 450  
 acatgggttta atacaacaac aaaaaaattt aatcaagtga aacgtaataa actgaacaat 60  
 aaacactcaa aacattttcc attggaaaca tgtaaagaca atatgagggtt ttgttaccat 120  
 cttactgcaa ttttcttatg tgttactagt ctacataccc catgttttct gtaatcatgc 180  
 agatgtgaat ggaagtttga atgattaaat aaatgaaaag tccgtttact gcagggaaatc 240  
 atttcacaag gcagccaaac cgggttttaga gaacaaaact attcaagaaa ttctcc 296

<210> 451  
 <211> 294  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(294)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451  
 acatgntcca aggcacgcgn ctgtgaactt cctctgagtg aaggcatccc ctccagcacc 60  
 tttcagcctg ctagttagga cgacccgcg ccaccctcca ggacctccag cctgcactg 120  
 cctttcctct cttttaaata attcttcatt gatttcta atgtaaaaaa aaagtttact 180  
 gtaaagtttg caaataanga aatttttttt aaaagtcctc agtaattcta ccagtaacaa 240  
 ttgttatggg cacatttgct ttggaagat ttcttttgta tgcattgggat aagt 294

<210> 452  
 <211> 129  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 452  
 acttttagat cacaaatttg cctttaagta acacataata cacttaaggc agatttgcct 60  
 tacaggtggc ctcagcttct aaacaccact acactgcttt atataaaaaa caaaatcac 120  
 atagaagag 129

<210> 453  
 <211> 151  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(151)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453  
 actctcaann tgtatttagg tgccaacaca tttaggatca ttgngnnttc tcagtgaatt 60  
 gaccttttta tgagaataaa atgtctatatt ctgaaatgtc cctatttctg gaaatgttcc 120  
 ttatactaaa gtccaacttg tgtggattan t 151



<210> 454  
<211> 119  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(119)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 454  
tgctgatgna gcatgctttt taaatccttt aaaaacactc accatataaa cttgcatttg 60  
agcttggtgtg ttcttttgtt aatgtgtaga gttctccttt ctcgaaattg ccagtgtgt 119

<210> 455  
<211> 515  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 455  
accttataaa gttccttttc atccttctct gtcttcaact gacattcaag ttgttctctt 60  
tcattgtgtg ccttcttgag tttggccttt aaactgtcta attcggtttc ttttcaatt 120  
gctttatgtg ttactgacac aatatcttcc tcaagctgat gggctttgga tgtagcatca 180  
ctgaacctct tcttaaacctc ttcattttcc atttttaagc tttgtgttac ttcagtaaga 240  
cccttttgtt ctgcttgacg ttggtcacat ctttctttct catggttlaag ttctctttcc 300  
attctcccaa cttgttctcg aagttgtgct gtttcttttt ccagaacggc aattaacttt 360  
aacagtctct ctttttcttt catggttttc tcaattttca actcaagaag gcctgctttt 420  
gtggtcacca ctaacatgtc agaatttctt tcatcttcca tagtaagcag ctcttcaact 480  
ggagaagaag ctcgaaactg gaaaggtgta cctgc 515

<210> 456  
<211> 350  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(350)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 456  
actcccctcc ccaaatagaa acctcaaaga ctgatccatt tcccctaggg cctgggccag 60  
gagtagctca ctgctcactg ctgaggagaa aggcacaaga tataatgtca taagagcagg 120  
acagtggctc agcctacaga gttccctata ggggaaagaa ggcaggaaat aggcgcaggg 180  
tctggctctg tcctgcacc accctgagca gctagtcttg ggaagggatt acaggccctg 240  
ggccatagga tgctcgccat tctgctttcc tctcctgttt ctctccctgt gctgctccct 300  
tttagccagn gctgagaaat gttcancacc tgaggcaaaa ctgccatagt 350

<210> 457  
<211> 293  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 457  
gcagggccaa cagtcacagc agccctgacc agagcattcc tggagctcaa gctcctctac 60

aaagaggtgg	acagagaaga	cagcagagac	catgggaccc	ccctcagccc	ctccctgcag	120
attgcatgtc	ccctggaagg	aggtcctgct	cacagcctca	cttctaacct	tctggaaccc	180
accaccact	gccaagctca	ctattgaatc	cacgccattc	aatgtcgcag	aggggaagga	240
ggttcttcta	ctcgcaccaca	acctgccccca	gaatcgtatt	ggttacagct	ggt	293

&lt;210&gt; 458

&lt;211&gt; 500

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 458

actagactcc	agattaccct	ttcttaataa	atatctcagg	gtaaggaaag	aaagaaactg	60
tatagatata	tttaaaatag	agaatacttt	ccaagcaata	catgatgcct	ttcctaaaag	120
actctaaaag	aaaaagattc	tgtaactctc	ttttagcacc	aaattattgt	ttatcttgct	180
ggatatttta	tatgaacagt	gttaatttag	atgcactaaa	gcaaggtag	gcaaactaca	240
accatgagtc	aaacatggcc	acaccattc	atttgctatt	gtctaagctg	gttttgact	300
acaactgcag	agttgaatag	atgcagcaga	tcctttacag	aaaaagtttt	ctgacctcaa	360
ttctaaagta	attgtagtag	ggagctggag	gactttcttt	ccctttatgg	taattttttg	420
agctacaaaa	agagccttgc	agaaatgggt	gaagggatta	atctttttaa	aataaatgct	480
atatattagg	aaaataaaaa					500

&lt;210&gt; 459

&lt;211&gt; 394

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 459

ggtgaaaaga	cttgattttt	tgaaaggatt	gtttatcaaa	cacaattcta	atctcttctc	60
ttatgtattt	ttgtgactta	ggcgagttg	tytagcagtt	gagtaatgct	ggtagctgt	120
taagggtggcg	tggtgcagtg	cagagtgctt	ggctgtttcc	tgttttctcc	cgattgctcc	180
tgtgtaaaga	tgccttgctg	tgcaaaaaca	aatggctgtc	cagtttatta	aaatgcctga	240
caactgcact	tccagtcacc	cgggccttgc	atataaataa	cggagcatac	agtgagcaca	300
tctagctgat	gataaatata	cctttttttc	cctcttcccc	ctaaaaatgg	taaatctgat	360
catatctaca	tgtatgaact	taacatggaa	aatg			394

&lt;210&gt; 460

&lt;211&gt; 279

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (279)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 460

actnccgatt	gaagccccc	ttcgtataat	aattacatca	caagacgtct	tgcactcatg	60
agctgtcccc	acattaggct	taaaaacaga	tgcaattccc	ggacgtctaa	accaaaccac	120
tttcaccgct	acacgaccgg	gggtatacta	cggtcaatgc	tctgaaatct	gtggagcaaa	180
ccacagtttc	atgccatcg	tcctagaatt	aattccccta	aaaatctttg	aaatagggcc	240
cgtatttacc	ctatagcacc	ccctctagag	caaaaaaaaa			279

&lt;210&gt; 461

&lt;211&gt; 278

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 461

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tttggacact aggaaaaaac cttgtagaga gagtaaaaaa tttaacaccc atagtaggcc      60
taaaagcagc caccaattaa gaaagcggtc aagctcaaca cccactacct aaaaaatccc      120
aaacatataa ctgaactcct cacaccaatc tggaccaatc tatcaccta tagaagaact      180
aatgtagta  taaagtaaca tgaaaacatt ctctccgca taagcctgcg tcagattaaa      240
acactggact gacaattaac agccaatatc tacaatca                               278

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&lt;210&gt; 462

&lt;211&gt; 556

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 462

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aacgtccaag ggggccacat cgatgatggg caggcgggag gtcttggtgg ttttgtattc 60
aatcactgtc ttgccccagg ctccggtgtg actcgtgcag ccatcgacag tgacgctgta 120
ggtgaagcgg ctggtgccct cggcgcggtat ctcgatctcg ttggagccct ggaggagcag 180
ggccttcttg aggttgccag tctgctggtc catgtaggcc acgctgttct tgcagtggta 240
ggtgatgttc tgggaggcct cgggtggacat caggcgcagg aaggtcagct ggatggccac 300
atcggcaggg tcggagccct ggccgccata ctggaactgg aatccatcgg tcatgctctc 360
gccgaacccg acatgcctct tgtccttggg gttcttgctg atgtaccagt tcttctgggc 420
cacactgggc tgagtggggt acacgcaggt ctaccagtc tccatgttgc agaagacttt 480
gatggcatcc aggttgacgc cttggttggg gtcaatccag tactctccac tcttccagtc 540
agagtgccac atcttg                               556

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&lt;210&gt; 463

&lt;211&gt; 659

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 463

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cacactgtgc ctttccagtt gctggcccg taaaaaggcc tgaacctcac cgaggatacc 60
tacaagcccc ggatttacac ctgcccacc tggagtgcct ttgtgacaga cagttcctgg 120
agtgcacgga agtcacaact ggtctatcag tccagacggg ggcttttggc caaatattct 180
tctgattact tccaagcccc ctctgactac agatactacc cctaccagtc cttccagact 240
ccacaacacc ccagcttctt cttccaggac aagagggtgt cctggctcct ggtctacctc 300
cccaccatcc agagctgctg gaactacggc ttctcctgct cctcgacga gctccctgtc 360
ctgggcctca ccaagtcttg cggctcagat cgcaccattg cctacgaaaa caaagccctg 420
atgctctgcg aagggtctct cgtgycagac gtcaccgatt tggagggctg gaaggctgcg 480
attcccagtg ccctggacac caacagctcg aagagcacct cctccttccc ctgcccggca 540
gggcacttca acggttccg cacggtcatc cgcccttctt acctgaccaa ctctcaggt 600
gtggactaga cggcgtggcc caagggtggt gagaaccgga gaacccagc agccctca 659

```

&lt;210&gt; 464

&lt;211&gt; 695

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 464

```

accttcattt gaccccatca gcttcagggc cttctttaca tttccactgg cctgatccat 60
gtatgcaatg ctatttttgc agtgatatgt gatgttctgg gaagctcggc tggagagaag 120
tcgaaggaat gccagctgca catcaaggac atcttcagga agttcaggat tgccgtagct 180
aaactgaaaa ccaccatcca tggactctcc aaaccaaagc tgtttcttct cagcactaga 240
atctgtccac cagtgtttcc gtggaacatt caaaggattg gcacttatgc atgtttcccc 300

```

```

agtttccata ttacagaata ccttgatagc atccaatttg catccttggt taggggtcaac 360
ccagtattct ccactcttga gttcaggatg gcagaatttc aggtctctgc agtttctagc 420
gggggttttta cgagaaccat caggactaat gaggctttct atttgtccat taacagactt 480
gagtgaagtc ataatctcat cggtgttgat tttgaaatcc attgggttcat ctccataata 540
cggggcaaaa ccgccagctt ttccacctcc aatcccagca atggcagcgg ctccaacacc 600
accacagcaa ggaccagggg caccaggagg tccaggaggg cctgggtgcc ctgggtggcc 660
tggggagccc tcagatcttc ttccacctct gttac 695

```

<210> 465

<211> 73

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

```

cagggtccaga gctcccaggt ttccagggtg cagtcctctc agtcccagag ctcccagggt 60
ttcgggtttcc agt 73

```

<210> 466

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 466

```

agcactggca gaggnagcca aatatagtga tgtgcgccag agataagtat tctcctctcc 60
aagcatattg ctatacaaga ctttaaagac ttcataaaag ccaaacttgc agagtccctg 120
catggagtag ccaaggaaag tcggagccca tccttttagc aaaccacgaa caccatcttc 180
tttaagtgtg actgagaatc cgttaaatat gcccttgtac ttttgggggt ccacctgcat 240
acggcatttc actaaatcca ggggaaccac agcagtgtgt gtcagaccac aacttaagac 300
cccaccaaag ccacacagtg cataatactt cgcggagcca aattcacaac tgtactcttc 360
cacgycggcg gctgccaggt tgcgagggcg gcggggctgg cccgtgggccc ctggggagct 420
gctgcggagg tccccgagac catcgtgcac canctgcaga tgtggcgtgt tgaagggggt 480
cgcccgcgcc aggtgcgcca cggacga 507

```

<210> 467

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

```

cctcatgagc taccgggcca gctctgtact gaggctcacc gtctttgtag gggcctacac 60
cttctgagga gcaggagggg gccaccctcc ctgcagctac cctagctgag gaggctgttg 120
tgaggggcag aatgagaaa gcaataaagg gagaaagaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagggcgg 180
ccg 183

```

<210> 468

<211> 129

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(129)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 468

gcggccgcgt cgaccggcgc cgtcggggcnc cgggcccgggc catggagctg tggacgtgtc 60  
tggccgcggc gctgctgttg ntgntgctgn tgggtgcagtt gagccgcncn gccgagttct 120  
acnccaang 129

<210> 469

<211> 243

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(243)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 469

gcggccgcgt cgacnngcca tggagactgt ggcacagtag actgtagtgt gaggctcgcg 60  
ggggcagtggt ccatggaggc cgtgctgaac gagctggtgt ctgtggagga cctgctgaag 120  
tttgaagaaga aatttcagtc tgagaaggca gcaggctcgg tgtccaagag cacgcagttt 180  
gagtagcctt ggtgcctggt gcggagcaag tacaatgatg acatccgtaa aggcacgtgt 240  
ctg 243

<210> 470

<211> 452

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

cctcaagtac gtccggcctg gtggtgggtt cgagcccaac ttcattgctct tcgagaagtg 60  
cgaggtgaac ggtgcggggg cgcacctctt ctgcgccttc ctgcgggagg ccctgccagc 120  
tcccagcgac gacgccaccg cgcttatgac cgaccccaag ctcatcacct ggtctccggt 180  
gtgtcgcaac gatgttgctt ggaactttga gaagtccctg gtgggcccctg acggtgtgcc 240  
cctacgcagc tacagccgcc gcttccagac cattgacatc gagcctgaca tcgaagccct 300  
gctgtctcaa gggctcagct gtgcctaggg cgccctcctt accccggctg cttggcagtt 360  
gcagtgtctg tgtctcgggg gggttttcat ctatgagggt gtttcctcta aacctacgag 420  
ggaggaacac ctgatcttac agaaaatacc ac 452

<210> 471

<211> 168

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(168)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 471

cttctccgct ccttctanga tctccgcctg gttcggncgg cctgcctcca ctctgcctc 60  
taccatgtcc atcagggtga cccagaagtc ctacaagggtg tccacctctg gccccggggc 120  
cttcagcagc cgctcctaca cgagtggggc cggttccgcg atcagctc 168

<210> 472  
<211> 479  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(479)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472  
gccaggcgtc cctctgtctg ccactcagt ggcaacaccc gggagctggt ttgtcctttg 60  
tggagcctca ncagttccct ctttcanaac tcactgccaa gagccctgaa caggagccac 120  
catgcagtgc ttcagcttca ttaagaccat gatgatcctc ttcaatttgc tcatctttct 180  
gngtggcgca gccctggttg cagcgggcat ctgggtgnca atcgatgggg catcctttct 240  
gaagatcttc gggccactgt cgtccactgc catgcagttt gtcaacgngg gctacttcct 300  
catcgcagcc ggcggtgttg tntttgctct tggtttcttg ggctgctatg gtgctaanac 360  
tgagagcaag tgtgccctcg tgacgntctt cttcatcctc ctctctntct tcattgctga 420  
ggntgcagnt gctgaggtcc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagccc ttntctgacn 479

<210> 473  
<211> 69  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 473  
gagcgatgga gcgtgggtag ggaggggtcca cagtgtccac tcgccgtgtg cgaagggtga 60  
ctcggtagt 69

<210> 474  
<211> 155  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 474  
gccgccactg ccgggagagc tcgatgggct tctcctgcgc gccgcccggg gtctggccga 60  
gtccagagag ccgcggcgcc tcgttccgag gagccatcgc cgaagcccga gcccggtcc 120  
cgggttgggg actgcagggg aaggcagcgg tggcg 155

<210> 475  
<211> 282  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 475  
ggcttcgacg ttggccctgt ctgcttccct taaactccct ccatcccaac ctggctccct 60  
cccacccaac caactttccc cccaaccggg aaacagacaa gcaacccaaa ctgaaccccc 120  
tcaaaaagcca aaaaatggga gacaatttca catggacttt ggaaaatatt tttttccttt 180  
gcattcatct ctcaaactta gtttttatct ttgaccaacc gaacatgacc aaaaacccaa 240  
agtgcattca accttaccaa aaaaaaaaaa aaagggcggc cg 282

<210> 476  
<211> 434  
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 476

```
ctccaggaca gcgtccagct tgggtgctgt gaagacgaag tggagcggat ggtttagtaa 60
acgagtgatg gtgctgagcg gcgtgcagtc ttccgggatcc acgaaggcca agtccttgag 120
gtagagcatg tccacgatgt tggagcgctc ctccctcgta accgggatgc gcgtgtggcc 180
gctctgcatg atgctggcca ggacgccgaa gtccagcacg gtgctggcgt ccagcatgaa 240
gcagtcttcg aggggctga gcacgtctc cacggtccgg cagcgagca cgccttgct 300
gagatcgctg taggggtcgc cgccgccg cgccagctcc agcaccgct cccgcagccg 360
cccgggccgc gccgccagct ccagcagctg cccacgggc agcgcgacgg gcagagttag 420
caggacggcc aggc 434
```

<210> 477

<211> 314

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 477

```
ggcgggcgct agctggctcc gggcagctcg gccttggggg cttcggggcc ccgagacgcg 60
gggcgtatga gtggggcggt cgctccacgc ggaagtcgga gcctcctccc ctggataggg 120
tgtacgagat ccctggactg gagcccatca cctttgcggg gaagatgcac ttcgtgccct 180
ggctggcgcg gccgatcttt ccgccttggg accgcggtca caaggaccca aggttctacc 240
gctcgrcccc tcttcacgag catccgctgt acaaagacca ggctgctat atctttcacc 300
accgttgccg cctt 314
```

<210> 478

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 478

```
aacagagtga tcattccagt taagcggggc gaagagaata cagactatgt gaacgcaccc 60
tttattgatg gctaccggca gaaggactcc tatatcgcca gccaggggccc tcttctccac 120
acaattgagg acttctggcg aatgatctgg gagtggaaat cctgctctat cgtgatgcta 180
acagaactgg aggagagagg ccaggagaag tgtgcccagt actggccatc tgatggactg 240
gtgtcctatg gagatattac agtggaaactg aagaaggagg aggaatgtga gagctacacc 300
gtccgagacc tcttgggt 317
```

<210> 479

<211> 171

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 479

```
aggtgctttg ctagatgctg tgacaggtat gccaccaaca ctgctcacag cctttctgag 60
gacaccagtg aaagaagcca cagctcttct tggcgatatt atactcactg agtcttaact 120
tttcaccagg ggtgctcacc tctgccccta ttgggagagg tcataaaatg t 171
```

<210> 480

<211> 65

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 480

```
ccccagtgga aaggctccca ccctggtaga tgaacagccc ctggagaact acctggatat 60
```

ggagt

65

&lt;210&gt; 481

&lt;211&gt; 207

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 481

```
cacagcgtgc tctgcggggt cactcccact ttgttagtga tgtggttatc tcctcagatg 60
gccagtttgc cctctcaggc tcttgggatg gaaccctgcg cctctgggat ctcacaacgg 120
gcaccaccac gaggcgattt gtggggccata ccaaggatgt gctgagtgtg gccttctect 180
ctgacaaccg gcagattgtc tctggat 207
```

&lt;210&gt; 482

&lt;211&gt; 319

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(319)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 482

```
cacactgtgc ccttcagtt gctggcccgg taaaaagccg tgaacctcac cgaggatacc 60
tacaagcccc ggatttacac ctgcgccacc tggagtgcct ttgtgacaga cagttcctgg 120
agtgcacgga agtcacaact ggtctatcag tccagacggg ggccctttggg caaatattct 180
tctgattact tccaagcccc ctctgactac agatactacc cctaccagtg cttccaaact 240
gcacaacacc cnagcttnct cttccagnac aagagggtgt cctggtcctt ggccctacctc 300
cccaccatcc agagctgct 319
```

&lt;210&gt; 483

&lt;211&gt; 233

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(279)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 483

```
acaggccccag tggcgccctag ccttcagctg ctgggctctc ccgagcctgc cttagcccat 60
acaaccactt gatcacgcgg gcattgcgct ccaccaccga cagcccatag ggaacgcgct 120
cccggggcccg ctctcaaca gtcaccgagc tgcggcgggg gcagccccct tcagagctgc 180
ccggggccagc actgggcccct gccagggaca cnatatccga gctggcccgt gcc 233
```

&lt;210&gt; 484

&lt;211&gt; 194

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 484

```
agagcccttg ctgggggggtg cctgggagat ggggtaagaa gagctttcat ttgtctggta 60
gatagatagc atgtaagggg gtggttgctc caggaggcag ctgctgacag gtttgctaca 120
```



cacagccccg gactgtgttg cctgggtgct cattcagaga ggggctatca tctgggagcc 180  
tgtgcccctg ggtc 194

<210> 485

<211> 67

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 485

tccatatcca ggtagttctc caggggctgt tcattctacca gggtagggagc ctcccactgg 60  
gggaagt 67

<210> 486

<211> 70

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 486

taccgagtca accttcgcac acggcgagtg gacactgtgg accctcccta cccacgctcc 60  
atcgctcagt 70